

# The London Gazette.

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From Thursday August 21. to Sunday August 25. 1690.

Whitehal, August 23.

The following Address was brought up and presented to the Queen by Francis Fulford Esq; High Sheriff of Devon, Sir Beuchier Wrey, Sir Arthur Chichester, Sir Walter Yong Barons, Colonel Francis Courtney, and Colonel Hugh Bampsfield, which Her Majesty received very Graciously.

To the QUEEN's most Excellent Majesty,

The Humble Address of the Right Honourable Charles Lord Lansdowne, Earl of the Sacred Roman Empire, and Baron Grauvile of Kilkhampton, at present Executing the Office of Lord Lieutenant of Your Majesties Counties of Devon and Cornwall, and Commanding in Chief the whole Militia in both the said Counties, as well Tinnars as Foreigners; And of the High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Field Officers of the County of Devon, now met in the City of Exeter, the 15th day of August 1690.

After Your Majesties so Gracious Acceptance of our Hearty Endeavours for Your Majesties Service on the late Invasion of the French, We hold it our Duty, both to express our true Sense and Acknowledgment of Your Majesties Great Goodness and Consideration therein, and to return our unfeigned Thanks to Your Majesty for the same; together with our Humble Assurances, that as we were Ready upon this Occasion, to expose our Lives and Fortunes, so we will continue with the like Duty and Forwardness at all times, to show our Zeal and Fidelity to Your Majesty and the present Government, in the support whereof, we are Sensible, that both the Interest and Safety of our Country, our Religion and Liberties Consist.

From the Duke of Savoy's Camp near Carignan, July 31. The Duke of Savoy has Commanded 20000 of the Militia to be in a readiness to march according to the orders he shall send them. The *Vaudois* are possessed of all the Passages of *Lucerne*. Some of our Troops have defeated near *Briegues* one of the Enemies Convoys, which was going to the Fort de *Tour*, whereto they are still Masters. And this Evening a Party brought into our Camp 10 French Soldiers, which they had taken near *Pigneral*; these Prisoners say, there are a great many Sick and Wounded Soldiers at *Pigneral*. We lie within two hours march of the Enemies Camp, and are preparing for some great Action.

Milan, August 9. On the 7th instant Monsieur *Catinat* quitted his Camp at *Brillane*, about Midnight, and retired towards *Cavour*, 6 Miles from *Pigneral*, leaving a great deal of Forage with many Sick Men behind him. The Duke of Savoy being informed thereof, decamped yesterday from the Neighborhood of *Carignan*, and marched to *Pancalier*, and this day he intended to pass through *Villa Franca*, in order to press yet closer upon the Enemy, having at the same time posted 20000 Men of the Militia to defend the passage of the *Po*; and according to this Disposition of Things, we may expect to hear quickly of a Battle. The Duke of Savoy has sent some of his own Troops to reinforce the *Vaudois*, and the French Protestants, who guard the passages to hinder any Succors from coming to Monsieur *Catinat*. On the 7th instant our Governor detached from his Camp 3000 Foot, and 800 German Horse to join the Duke of Savoy's Army. The Regiment of Horse of *Lorraine* is come into this State, and those of *Montcauli* and *Tasse*, with the Dragoons of the Prince of Savoy, are not far behind, being part of the Forces which the Emperor sends to the Duke of Savoy's Assistance.

Zurich, August 14. The Letters come in this day from *Zurich* say, That Monsieur *Catinat* had decamped in the Night, and that so soon as his retreat was known, Prince *Eugene* of Savoy went out with a Detachment, who charged the Enemies Rear, and took several Mules laden with

Baggage. That our Troops found in the Camp, which the Enemy had quitted, a great many Sick Men and some Baggage, which they had left behind them. These Letters add, that the *Vaudois* had taken 60 Mules with some Waggons, laden with Ammunition and Provisions, after having defeated two Troops of Horse that guarded them. And that the *Vaudois* had likewise repulsed a Detachment of Horse which Monsieur *Catinat* sent towards *Lucerne*, to favour the passage of the said Convoys. And the Letters from Geneva of the 11th, tell us, That the French had with 300 Dragoons and 50 Foot attacked the Pass called *Col de Fenestre* not far from *Sales*, which was guarded by 100 Savoyards, and a Detachment of the Regiment that marched lately from *Theonoy* under the Command of Lieutenant Colonel *Julien*, but that they were repulsed with the loss of Ninety of their Men killed upon the place, besides wounded.

Vienna, August 13. The Letters from *Nissa* of the 29th past, confirm the drawing together of the Enemy in the Country of *Cosova*, between *Pristina* and *Veiterna* to the number of about 10 or 12000, where they were to stay till the Grand Viceroy's arrival at *Sophia*. That the Count de *Gabriani* had by order of General *Veterani* lately attacked (with the Regiment under his Command) the Castle of *Ufizza*, which after the throwing in of some Bombs, capitulated, and has now a Garrison in it of Germans and Rascians; whereby the passage from *Belgrade* to *Nissa* and other places is quite opened. From Lieutenant General Count de *Trautmansdorf* we have this Account, That the Turks daily gathering with their Saicks towards *Horetin*, &c. Ravaging the Islands of the *Danube*, he thought it necessary to pass the River *Tomock*, and draw nearer to *Widin*, where he found 60 of the Enemies Barks at Anchor, and taking with him the greatest part of the Cavalry and Dragoons, he passed the *Danube* the 23d of July in the Night, by a Bridge of Boats, in hopes to surprize the Enemy near *Haretin*, but they were decamped, however pursuing them he overtook 300, whom he attacked and drove into their Saicks with some loss; a Prisoner related, that their Forces were Commanded by *Allan Balsa*, and might consist in all of about 3000 Men. The General at his return to *Widin* found 6 great Turkish Saicks at Anchor above the Town, and below it the forementioned Barks, with four large Gallies, and viewing the place, perceived they might be easily battered from the opposite shore; whereupon he caused six pieces of Cannon to be drawn out of the Fort, and to be placed in the Night upon the Shore, which beginning to play about Midnight, all that could escape, cut their Cables and fell down the River. This happened on the Twenty fifth of July; the Twenty sixth the Turkish Barks drew towards *Valachia*, and the Twenty Seventh went towards *Nicopolis*, where *Teckelej* then was. General *Trautmansdorf* having supplied the Garrison of *Widin* with all things necessary, marched towards *Jagodina*, where was appointed the General Rendezvous of the Imperial Army. There is since a Report, That the Grand Viceroy was come to *Sophia*.

Francfort, August 20. The Forces of *Lunenburg* and *Hesse*, making together about 10 or 12000 Men, passed the *Main* yesterday at this place, *Hockst*, *Florsheim*, *Riffelheim*, and *Kostheim*, and will be this day followed by the Imperialists and Bavarians; they all direct their march under the Command of the Elector of *Bavaria* towards *Mentz*. The French at *Montroyal* are very much alarmed thereat, and their Governor the Count de *Montal* is making Preparations for a Siege, and has got a Reinforcement of 900 Men.

Brussels, August 23. Our Army is still encamped near *Hall*; and the Duke of *Luxemburg* lies at *Blatten*, between *Leuse* and *Conde*. The Letters from *Germany* tell us, That the Elector of *Bavaria* march'd with the Army under his Command towards *Mentz*, with a Resolution to pass the *Rhine* there, and so to advance to the *Moselle*. We

have an Account from *Offend*, That one of their Capers had taken and brought into that Port a French Vessel of 3 Guns, bound from *Cork* to *Brest*, on board of which were found divers Irish Officers; who are ordered to be secured in the Cattle of *Ghent*.

*Hague, August 25.* The President *de la Torre* is arrived here in the Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of *Saxony*; and from hence he is to go for *England*. The Confederate Army in *Flanders* continues near *Hall* and *Lombroek*. The Duke of *Luxemburg* had removed his Camp to *Bluzon*. The Letters from *Vienna* say, That the Turks were retired from *Widin*, despairing of taking the place, and that they were routed in their Retreat.

*Edinburgh, Aug. 16.* The Highland Rebels to the number of about 1200 are come into the Country about *Aberdeen*; whereupon General *Mackay* is marching thither with 2000 Foot and some Horse; but it's believed they will upon his approach berake themselves again to their Hills.

From His Majesty's Camp before *Limericke*, August 14. My last was of the 10th instant. The 11th was spent in waiting the several Posts. The 12th in the Morning, Brigadier *Stewart* was sent with a Detachment and four pieces of Cannon to attack *Castle Connell*, of considerable Strength, situated on the *Shannon*, about four Miles from *Limericke*. There were in it about 140 Men, Commanded by Captain *Barnwell*, who had refused to Surrender upon the Summons sent him the Night before, but no sooner saw the Cannon, but submitted at Discretion.

The same day we understood, that *Sarsfield* having with 5 or 600 Horse and Dragoons, passed the *Shannon*, Nine Miles above *Limericke*, had about two that Morning surprized, near a place called *Callon*, Eight pieces of our Cannon of 18 Pound Ball, which were coming with some Wagons laden with Powder and Ball from *Kilcenny*; under the Guard of a Squadron of Horse, and a small Party of Foot. The Enemy killed all they met, Men, Women and Children, in all about 50, (the rest escaping,) blew up the Powder, which burst two of the Guns, the other six, with the Pontons, being left entire and fit for Service, and burnt some of the Carriages; Their hast and disorder was so great, that they could carry nothing away with them, but left behind them several Things of worth, as also the Carriage Horses, which were loost at *Grafs*. Sir *Albert Cunningham*, with part of his Regiment of *Iniskilling* Dragoons that lay not far from thence, being timely alarmed by a Defier, marched immediately towards the Enemy, charged them, killed about 20, with a Major and a Captain, and pursued them as far as 'twas safe. Sir *John Lanier*, who upon the news of *Sarsfield's* march was sent from the Camp with a Detachment of Horse, came within three Miles of them, and being informed of what had happened, struck off to *Kilcullin-Bridge*, to cut off their Retreat, but the Enemy retired as it's believed by *Athlone*.

This Accident will only lose us three or four days, for in that time our Cannon (being 24 Pounders) will arrive from *Waterford*, whither they were brought by Sea, with great quantities of Stores, and the six pieces from *Callon* will be remounted. In the mean time our Batteries are preparing, and all things are put in a posture for a vigorous attack of the Town.

We have an account from *Youghall*, that the Garrison there consisting of 50 Foot, and 36 Dragoons, hearing what mischief the Rapparees did in the Country, and that there was a great number of them at *Castle Martin*, the Officer that Commanded, drew out both the Horse and Foot, and marched to attack them, but the Foot not being able to march so fast as the Dragoons, the latter met near *Castle Martin* 300 Rapparees, Horse and Foot, and immediately routed them, killing 60, and taking 17 Prisoners, and the Foot being come up, they Summoned the Cattle, which Surrendered upon liberty to go to *Cork*, but without their Horses and Arms, which being done the Soldiers took the Horses, and their Arms were given to the Protestant Inhabitants, and so they returned to *Youghall*. While this was doing, Captain *Price* and Captain *Whetstone*, Commanders of the *Wexford* Men of War, who were then at *Youghall*, being informed that there were two Ships in *Cork* Harbor, laden with Hides and Tallow for *France*, they sailed to the Harbours Mouth, and finding in their Boats, brought away the two Ships and carried them to *Waterford*.

We have Letters from Colonel *Wolsely*, dated the 10th instant, in the Camp near *Mulling*, which give an account, that on the 4th instant he parted from Lieutenant General *Douglas* four Miles from *Thurks*, and four Miles from thence had notice of 11 Tories; whereupon he immediately detached a party, who met with them, and after exchanging some shot on both sides, the Tories quitted their Horses, and took the Bag; our Grenadiers followed them, and took a of them: now was a Captain, his Name *Jo. Mag-*

*ler*, a Notorious Ringleader, and the other had done some mischief in the Country; they were carried to *Maryburgh* and there hang'd; after which he left at *Thurks* a Garde of 40 Foot, and 10 Dragoons to secure the Country thereabouts, which is full of Tories; and at *Philipstown*, 10 Foot and 20 Horse; from whence he marched the 5th, and encamped at *Tyrells Park*, but in his way had advice, that a strong Party of the Irish were got together at *Maltinger*; and half an hour after his Scouts brought word, they were within a Mile of the Camp; whereupon he drew his Men to their Arms, and went out with two Squadrons to view the Enemy, (who were advanced within half a Mile of him, with about 120 Horse,) charged and broke them, and pursued them near 2 Miles, where he met another body of 200, and likewise routed them, which so alarmed the rest of their Party, that they betook themselves to flight, our Men having killed about 100, and taken the leaders the chiefest of them. The whole number of the Party was about 1000, headed by *Negent* the late Sheriff of *Plimouth*, August 12. Yesterday Admiral *Kilgrew*, with the English and Dutch Men of War, and Merchant Ships, being in all about 250, Sailed from hence to the Eastward.

*Portsmouth, August 21.* Yesterday was seen on the back of the line of *Wight*, a Fleet of above 200 Sail, which came from *Plimouth*.

*Deal, August 21.* Their Majesties Fleet is come into the Downs, under the Command of Sir *Richard Haadon*, and Sir *John Ashby*, who are on board the *Royal Sovereign*.

#### Advertisements.

\*\*\* A Sermon Preached before the Queen at White-Hall, on the 16th day of July, 1690. Being the Monthly-Fast, by the Right Reverend Father in God, Gilbert Lord Bishop of *Sarum*.

\*\*\* An Account of the Ceremony of Inveiting His Electoral Highness of *Brandenburgh* with the Order of the *Garze* Performed at *Berlin* on the 6th of June, 1690. By James Johnston Esq; His Majesties Envoy Extraordinary to His Electoral Highness, and Principal Commissioner; And Gregory King Esq; The other Commissioner for this Investiture. With the Speeches made on this Solemnity by the said Mr. Johnston, and Monsieur *Fulks*, Minister of State to his Electoral Highness. Both Printed for Richard Chiswell, at the Rose and Crown in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

\*\*\* The Censure and Decree of the University of *Oxford*, Published in Convocation, Aug. 19. 1690. against several Heretical and Impious Propositions, Published in a Book, Intituled, *The Naked Gospel*, Printed at the Theatre in *Oxford*, together with the said Propositions. Sold by Thomas Bennet at the White-Moon in *St. Pauls Church-yard*, London.

\*\*\* A Map of the City of *Limerick* upon the *Shannon* in *Ireland*, with the Names of Churches, Gates, Bridges, Fens, Streets, &c. exactly described by a Person of Quality of the City. Engraven on a Copper Plate. Sold by Randal Taylor near *St. Dunstons Hall*.

The Commissioners Authorized by Vertue of a Commission of Bankrupts issued against *Thomas Gray* of *London*, Esquire, and to meet on Tuesday the 9th day of September next, at the Middle Chamber in *Guildhall London*, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon, in order to make a Dividend of the said *Grays* Estate, already discovered; at which time and place the Creditors are to prove their Debts, and pay their Contribution, least they be excluded the Dividend; Or they may in the meantime, pay their Contribution to Mr. *George Smith* in *Corbets Court* in *Grace Church Street*, a Creditor appointed a receiver the same.

The Contributors for the *Basingstoke Plate* to be run for the first Tuesday in *October*, are desired to enter their Horses on *Fun*, and to pay in their Contribution Money, on or before the Ninth day of *September*, either to Mr. *Ansell* at the *Croft Key Tavern* in *Covent-Garden*, or to the Mayor of *Basingstoke*, the Steward resolving not to lay out more Money for the Plate than shall be then paid in.

Taken from a Gentleman by *Tyburn*, near *London*, the 22d instant, a bright Bay Gelding, above 14 hands, Trot and Gallops, with a Star and Snip, a white Foot on the off side behind, a horn Mane, short dock'd, and some white spots below the Saddle. Whoever secures him, and gives notice to Mr. *William Burgess* at the Castle on *Wind-Mill-Hill* near *Moor-fields*, *London*, shall have 5 Guineas Reward.

Taken away from a Gentleman near *Uxbridge* the 21 Instant, a well-tracked Bay Gelding, about 14 hands, with large Eyes, a Wart on his Buttock, bony Legs, prick'd Eared, short Neck'd, and a Portmanteau with a bag of Keys, two Chequer-Talies, and other things. Whoever gives Notice of the Gelding, or things aforesaid, to Mr. *Danté* at the Crown in *Uxbridge*, or to Mr. *Bright* at the three Cups in *Holborn*, *London*, shall be well rewarded.

Lost from Mrs. *Thorps* in *Aldersgate-street* the 18 Instant, a little Italian white Greyhound, with a Liver-coloured spot on the Back and Head. Whoever brings him to Mrs. *Thorps* aforesaid, shall have 20s. reward.

Printed by *Edm. Jones* in the *Savoy*, 1690.

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