

# The London Gazette.

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Venice, September 2.

Yesterday arrived here Colonel Calligiti in a Felucca from *Napoli di Calabria*, being dispatched by the Captain General *Comaro*, to acquaint the Senate with the Surrender of that strong and important Fortess. The particulars we have of it are as follow. On the 7th of the last Month, the Captain General sent an Officer to the Garison to offer them Terms, which they rejected, pretending they were still in a Condition to make a long Resistance; however, the next day some farther Proposals were sent to them, with an assurance that they should be faithfully made good, whereupon they consented to a Treaty; and on the 10th, the Capitulation was agreed on and Signed, and in pursuance thereof, the Garison marched out the 12th, with such of the Inhabitants as desired it, in all 940 Persons, with their Arms, and what Baggage they could carry with them, and embark on 3 Ships, in which they were to be conducted under a sufficient Convoy to *Candia* in the Kingdom of *Candia*. The Venetians found in the place, (into which the Captain General made his entry the 15th) 133 Christian Slaves who recovered their Liberty, 35 Pieces of Brass Cannon, 37 of Iron, and 2 Mortars, with a good quantity of Ammunition and Provisions. For this good News *Te Deum* has been Sung in the Church of *St. Marke*, and there will be Bonfires 3 Nights together.

*Turin, September 4.* The Duke of *Savoy*, who came hither the last Week, is returned to his Camp near *Montcalier*; where 2000 German Horse and some Foot arrived the 27th past, and the rest of the Succors which the Emperor sends to his Highnesses Assistance, being in all 6000 Men, are expected in few days. So soon as these, and the 4000 Men that are now on their march from *Milan*, have joined our Army, (which will then consist of 24000 Men, besides the Militia, with the *Vaudois* and French Protestants, who guard the Passes towards the French Frontiers) his Highness intends to march towards the Enemy; who since the Battle of *Staffarde* have possessed themselves of several small places which were not in a condition to make any Resistance; and according to our last advice, Monsieur *Carnat* was marched towards *Raconigi*; but his Army lessens daily, as well by Sickness as Desertion: They have above 1500 sick Men at *Saluffes*, *Savullan* and *Pignerol*. There is a Report, That the *Vaudois* have beaten 3000 French, who would have forced one of the Passes, in order to join their Army; and that another of their Parties has taken a great quantity of Corn, which the Enemy were carrying to *Pignerol*.

*Milan, Septemb. 6.* On Sunday last 4000 Men, drawn out of the Troops of this State, began their march towards *Savoy*, under the Command of *Don Louis Palazzo*, Lieutenant General, to join the other Spanish Forces that are now entamped with those of the Duke of *Savoy* near *Montcalier*. Part of the German Succors are already arrived in the Dukes Camp, and the rest are expected this Week.

*Cadix, August 14.* Here are fitting out Twelve Spanish Men of War, which are to go and meet our New Spain Fleet that's expected home in October next.

*Vicna, September 3.* We have received these farther particulars of the late Action near *Cronstadt* in *Transilvania*. On the 21st past, General *Heusser* with 4000 Germans and 6000 *Transilvanians*, was by the Treachery of his Guides, led into such an inconvenient Post, that the Enemy, who were 16000 strong, attackt him both in Front and Rear, and the *Transilvanians* giving way, about 800 of our Men were killed, with two Colonels, the Counts of *Nardurmes* and *Magni*, and General *Heusser* (whose Horse was shot under him) and the Marquis *Doria*, with several other Officers were taken Prisoners; the rest of our Troops forced their way through the Enemy, and 1000

Horse retired in a Body to *Hermanstadt*. Count *Tecki*, who was General and Chief Minister to the late Prince *Albani*, was likewise killed in that Action.

On the 31st past arrived here a Deputy from the States of *Transilvania*, to represent to the Emperor the ill condition of that Country, which now lies open to the Invasion of the Turks and Tartars, under the conduct of Count *Teckley*; and to pray a speedy Assistance from hence. Upon which the Emperor has ordered a strong Reinforcement to be sent to his Troops in *Transilvania*, and accordingly Men are marching thither with all diligence from *Bohemia*, *Silesia* and *Hungary*.

The Letters of the 21st past from the Imperial Camp at *Jagodina* in *Serovia* give an account, that the Turks had formally besieged *Nissa*, having opened their Trenches the 16th, and began to play their Batteries the day following. That the Grand Visier had sent a Chiaus to the Governor, Count *Guido of Staremberg*, offering him Conditions, who returned them with this Answer, That having with him none but Germans, they did not understand the Turkish Language. That 10000 Turks were likewise come before *Widin* on the *Danube*, Commanded by the Seraskier, having with them a great many Saicks and other small Vessels, but that they had not yet made any attempt upon the place.

Yesterday Morning died here *Philip William* Elector *Palatine*, and Duke of *Neubourg*, in the 75th year of his Age; He had the Satisfaction of having with him 4 of his Sons, viz. The present Elector, the Bishop of *Breslaw*, the Great Master of the Teutonick Order, and Prince *Charles*, and his Daughter the Empress.

*Vicna, Sept. 10.* On the 4th Instant we received Letters by an Express from Prince *Louis of Baden* of the 28 past, which give an account, That he arrived the 26 in the Imperial Camp at *Jagodina*; That the 27 the News of General *Heusser's* march into *Transilvania* was brought thither; upon which a Council of War being called, it was resolved that he should immediately march with the Imperial Forces towards *Transilvania*, to stop the Enemies farther progress on that side; That the Count *d'Aspremont* marched the same day with the Foot towards *Semandria*, the Horse being to follow on the 29. And by other Advices we understand, that the Imperial Army arrived the 2d Instant at *Semandria*, that the 3d they passed the *Danube* there, and the 4th continued their march toward *Transilvania*, proposing to be at *Hermanstadt* about the 11 or 12 of this month. In the mean time *Teckley* is entred into *Transilvania*, but is not in a condition to attack any of the fortified places. From *Nissa* we have an account by a Rasckian Deserter, that the Garison made a very brave Defence, and that in two Sallies they had killed above 600 Turks, with the loss of about 20 of their own Men; But that the Enemy had advanced their Approaches to the Palisadoes, and that the Visier being willing to spare his Men, endeavoured to take the Town by Mining. He says likewise, That the Seraskier was with 10000 Men before *Widin*. On the 1st Instant Count *Zichi* marched by the Emperor's Order from *Ratz* with 1200 Heydukes and 600 Huslars to join Prince *Louis*. Count *Nigrelli* has fortified all the Passes between Upper *Hungary* and *Transilvania*.

*Hydelberg, Septemb. 15.* The Electors of *Bavaria* and *Saxony* since their Conjunction on the 25th of the last Month upon the news of the Dauphins having passed the *Rhine* at *Fort Louis*, and his advancing to *Stollhoven* and *Rastat*, have endeavoured all they could to engage the French in a Battle; but the Dauphin, though he has an Army of above 40000 Men, has hitherto avoided it by retiring still as the Germans advance towards him; for being informed, that the Imperialists marched towards him, he retired from *Rastat* towards *Fert Louis*, which occasioned the report of his having repassed the *Rhine*. The Germans followed him within 4 or 5 hours march of his Rear, and he continued his Retreat towards *Strasbourg*, and encamped at *Wiltet* on the River *Knitzig*, and afterwards

wards at Schuttern; from thence he marched to Ros- zingen and Endingen, at which last place, about 2 Leagues from Freiburg, and 3 from Bruck, he was encamped on the 12th instant, being covered by the River Tois, and a Wood on his Right, and a Moras on his Left. The Electors of Saxony and Bavaria marched after the Enemy with all the diligence possible, and having passed the River Kinzig near Offenau, advanced to the River Lohr, which they have in Front, their Right reaching to Kiback, and their Left to Huggsbof, within 3 hours march of the Enemies Camp.

**Cologne, September 19.** The Forces of Hesse and Lunenburg, who lately passed the Meuse at Coblenz, and have since been encamped for several days at Meyen, are now advanced to Ummenborg. At the same time the Troops of Munster and Neuburg are to be up from Enskirken, and are marching to join them, and together they will make above 24000 Men. We are told, that a Body of Brandenburgers, Commanded by General Spaen, with some Dutch Troops from Maastricht, are to join with those of Liege, and that they intend to march into the Country of Lunenburg. The 6000 Swedes are arrived on the Rhine; and will join with the Forces of the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel. The Marquis de Boufflers lies with his flying Camp about Artois.

**Brussels, September 22.** The Confederate Army continues encamped near Wanbeke, not far from the River Dendre. And the Duke of Luxemburg at Lessines. The Elector of Brandenburg has sent a Detachment of 6000 Men towards the Rhin, under the Command of General Spaen, who will join with the Forces of Liege, and march as it's believed, towards the Country of Sedan and Malmedy, while the Forces of Luxemburg, Hesse, Munster and Neuburg give the Enemy a diversion on the Meuse.

**Brigue September 22.** The States General have put out a new Placet, containing a severe prohibition against the bringing any French Commodities into these Countries. We have advice of the safe arrival of our Ships from East India, in Norway, having been met by the 8 Men of War that were sent out to Convoys them. The Letters from Paris of the 19th tell us, that the Count de Tourville was arrived there from Brest, where, and at their other Ports on the Ocean, they had laid up all their Fleet, except about 25 or 30 of their lightest Ships, some of which had been sent out to favour the Return of the Count de Luxembourg with the French Troops from Gallway.

**From the Camp at Tipperary, September 7.** The Army, which is now Commanded by the Count de Solms, is come by short marches to this place, about 20 Miles from Limerick. Lieutenant General Douglas marched this day with several Regiments of Horse and Foot towards the North. Most of the English about Limerick have brought away their Families, Cartel, and Goods; and the Country is so wasted, that the Irish will find it a very difficult thing to subsist this Winter. The Deserters that come daily over to us Report, that the French at Galway are in a miserable Condition, having neither Bread nor Money, and say, they are Shipp'd, in order to their Return to France.

**From the Camp at Tipperary, September 10.** On Monday last Monsieur de la Forest was sent with 600 Horse, 200 Foot, and four pieces of Cannon to Kilmallocke, 13 Miles from hence, in which the Enemy had a Garrison of 200 Men, who submitted upon Condition to march away without their Arms and Baggage. This is a very useful place, for that it intercepts the direct passage between Cork and Limerick.

**Edinburg, September 11.** Yesterday the Parliament passed the Act for preventing the Depredations and Robberies of the Highlanders, and then Adjourned to the 22d of October next. The Rebels, who we told you in our last had appeared about Sterling, are upon the approach of the Forces Commanded by the Earl of Drumlanrig, fled again to their Holes. This Afternoon we had an account of His Majesties safe and happy Return into England, for which here is great Rejoycing this Night, by ringing of Bells, firing of Guns, Bonfires, and all other imaginable Expressions of Joy.

**Plymouth, Sept. 14.** This day sailed from hence about 20 Sail of Vessels laden with Stores and Provisions under the Convoys of several Men of War for Ireland.

**Dunblair, September 14.** This Morning Lieutenant Admiral Evertzen with 17 Dutch Men of War, besides Fire-ships and Tenders, which had layn some time in the Downs Wind bound, Sailed together with several English

Men of War to the Westward. The Eleven Dutch Men of War that came last from the River, continue in the Downs.

**Portsmouth, Sept. 16.** Yesterday the Dutch Squadron Commanded by Lieutenant Admiral Evertzen, with three English Men of War, and about 30 other Vessels, came to an Anchor at Spithead. The whole Fleet, both English and Dutch, are now weighing their Anchors, and the Dutch Squadron is already under sail.

**Dover, September 16.** This Morning arrived here the Packet Boat from Newport, the Master whereof gives an account, that about 14 days ago there were forced ashore by a violent Storm, between Boulogne and Dunkirk, 30 or 40 French Ships laden with Wine and Brandy, bound for Calais and Dunkirk, and that three Men of War (greater Ships) their Convoys, were at the same time driven there between Dunkirk and Graveling; that of all the Vessels that came ashore, none got off, and very few of the men were saved.

**Whitehall, September 14.** The Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, attended His Majesty this day with a Congratulatory Address, upon his safe Return, and happy Success in Ireland.

On Tuesday the 14th of October next, will be Exposed to Sale by Inch of Candle, by the Principal Commissioners for Prizes at Smiths Coffee-house over against the Custom-house, London, at Ten of the Clock in the Morning, the several Ships following, viz. The Golden Lyon, Burthen about 180 Tuns, the St. Peter, Durben about 70 Tuns, both lying in the Port of Liverpool; The St. Jacob, Burthen about 70 Tuns, lying at Milford Haven; The Lark about 35 Tuns, the Francisco Ship about 20 Tuns both lying near the Hermit or Stears in the River of Thames. Their Inventories are to be seen at the place of Sale.

#### Advertisements.

It is desired that all such Persons as have given or subscribed any Monies for Payment of the Fees or Charges in passing either of the Acts intended for Relief and Discharge of poor Prisoners will be pleased to send the Names of the Persons to whom given or subscribed, to Mr. John Philips, near St. George's Church, Southwark, that a due Account may be given thereof against the next Session of Parliament, and what Monies shall be given by any Person for and towards the Charge of obtaining a new Act, they are desired likewise to do accordingly.

At the West end of Exeter Change above Stair, will be Sold by way of Auction, a curious Collection of Original Engravings, and other rare Copies by the best Masters of Europe, on Monday and Tuesday the 22d and 23d instant, beginning exactly at 3 each Afternoon. By Sold hand Veruicke.

The Famous Sale of Paintings of the greatest Masters, viz. Titian, Tintoret, Van Dyke, Possein, Carracci, Estimer, Delux, with a great number more of the most Eminent Masters in Europe, will be held at Mr. Smiths house near Bedford-gate in York-street, Covent-Garden, the 24th of this Month as to be seen the Saturday Monday and Tuesday before the Sale. Catalogues may be had at the place of Sale; and at the principal Coffee Houses. Ten pence may be accepted in, provided they come by to-morrow Night.

Lost from the Right Honourable the Lady Fitz-harding, and white Dog, with a blew Collet about his Neck. Whoever gives notice of him to the Duke of Gloucester's Nursery at Kensington, or at the Dutchess of Portsmouth's Lodgings at Whitehall, shall have two Guineas Reward.

By the Artillery Wall going up to Runhill Fields, and near the naked Sword, at the House lately justice Nightingales, is to be Sold all sorts of Household-Goods, as Compleat Furnitures lined with Silk, wrought Beds, and other Furniture, Rich Tabled-pedestals, Glasses, Tables, Stands, Chest of Drawers, Turkey-work and Cane-Chairs, Pictures, Bedding, and other Household Furniture, and two Coaches, on this present Thursday the 18th instant; and to continue while Sold.

Lost out of a Focker Book the 9th instant, a Bill of 95 L. given by the Commissioners of the Navy Office, payable to St. Tho. Wright at the white Horse at Mile-end. Whoever brings it to Mr. Tho. Wright aforesaid, or to Mr. Roger Hudson, Goldsmith at the Sign of the Exchange in Lombard-street, shall have ten Guineas Reward.

Lost in a Hackney Coach, on Monday the 15th instant, about 3 after Noon, by 4 Gentlewomen, a Flanders Lace Coat, two Pinner's and a Bonnet, pinned up in a Printed Paper. The Coachman took them up next door to the Temple Tavern in Fleet-street, and set the last down in Newport-street near Leicesters Fields. Whoever brings them to Mr. Norbors in a Linnen Dray next the Temple Tavern near St. Dunstons Church in Fleet-street shall have two Guineas Reward.

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