

That, if Her Majesty is pleased to make any arrangement with the Government or Governments of any foreign state or states for mutual protection of inventions, designs and trade marks, or any of them, then any person who has applied for protection for any invention, design, or trade mark in any such state shall be entitled to a patent for his invention, or to registration of his design or trade mark (as the case may be) under the said Act in priority to other applicants; and such patent or registration shall have the same date as the date of the application in such foreign state.

Provided that his application is made in the case of a patent within seven months and in the case of a design or trade mark within four months from his applying for protection in the foreign state with which the arrangement is in force.

Provided that nothing in the aforesaid provision contained shall entitle the patentee or proprietor of the design or trade mark to recover damages for infringements happening prior to the date of the actual acceptance of his complete specification or the actual registration of his design or trade mark in this country as the case may be.

The publication in the United Kingdom or the Isle of Man during the respective periods aforesaid of any description of the invention or the use therein during such periods of the invention or the exhibition or use therein during such periods of the design or the publication therein during such periods of a description or representation of the design or the use therein during such periods of the trade mark shall not invalidate the patent which may be granted for the invention or the registration of the design or trade mark.

The application for the grant of a patent or the registration of a design or the registration of a trade mark under the said provisions must be made in the same manner as an ordinary application under the said Act: Provided that in the case of trade marks any trade mark the registration of which has been duly applied for in the country of origin may be registered under the said Act.

And it is further provided that where it is made to appear to Her Majesty that the legislature of any British possession has made satisfactory provision for the protection of inventions, designs and trade marks patented or registered in this country, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time by Order in Council to apply the provisions first recited, with such variations or additions if any, as to Her Majesty in Council may seem fit, to such British possession.

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the legislature of the Colony of New Zealand has made satisfactory provision for the protection of inventions, designs and trade marks patented or registered in this country.

Now therefore Her Majesty by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said first-mentioned Act, doth declare, and it is hereby declared that the provisions of the said Acts hereinbefore specified shall apply to the Colony of New Zealand.

And it is further ordered and declared that this Order shall take effect so far as regards patents at the expiration of seven months, and so far as regards designs and trade marks at the expiration of four months from the day and date first above written.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,
the 8th day of *February*, 1890.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Coinage Act 1889 it is enacted as follows:—

“ Any gold coin of the realm coined before the reign of Her present Majesty which is below the least current weight as provided by the Coinage Act 1870 may within the time and in the manner from time to time directed by Her Majesty the Queen in Council, be tendered for exchange, and if it has not been illegally dealt with, shall (notwithstanding anything in section seven of the Coinage Act 1870) be exchanged or paid for by or on behalf of the Mint at its nominal value.

“ For the purpose of this Act a gold coin shall be deemed to have been illegally dealt with where the coin has been impaired, diminished or lightened otherwise than by fair wear and tear, or has been defaced by having any name, word, device, or number stamped thereon, whether the coin has or has not been thereby diminished or lightened.”

And whereas by an Order in Council of the thirteenth day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine directions were given as to the time and manner in which coins were to be tendered for exchange in pursuance of the said Act;

And whereas it is expedient to extend the time and vary the manner;

Now therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Her Majesty in this behalf, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. The time within which any coin mentioned in section one of the Coinage Act 1889 may be tendered for exchange shall be the thirty-first day of March next.

2. The manner in which any coin mentioned in the Coinage Act 1889 may be tendered with a view to being exchanged or paid for at its nominal value shall be as follows namely:

The same may be tendered during business hours at the Bank of England in London and shall be there left for such time prior to the exchange or payment as may be reasonably necessary for examination and weighing in order to ascertain whether any coin has been illegally dealt with within the meaning of the said Act.

And the Master of Her Majesty's Royal Mint in England is hereby directed to carry into effect the provisions of the said Act for exchanging or paying for at their nominal value all such coins as are so tendered and have not been illegally dealt with.

C. L. Peel.

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,
the 8th day of *February*, 1890.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT having been represented to Her Majesty in Council by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England in a memorial sealed with the seal of the said Governor and Company and dated the fifth day of December one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine:—

(1.) That between the date of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the fifteenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and the presentation of the said memorial, certain bankers in the said memorial named, who, on the