

awarding the said compensation, shall be guided by the principles which would be applicable in the case of an award of compensation under the provisions of the Superannuation Act, 1859, to a person retiring or removed from the public service, in consequence of the abolition of his office. Provided that no special minute within the meaning of the said Act, stating any special grounds for granting such allowance shall be necessary or be made. Provided nevertheless that if any such officer be so employed by the said Council and discharged by them (otherwise than for misconduct) within two years of the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety, he shall be entitled to compensation in the same manner as if he had not been employed by the said Council. Provided that the term 'officer' shall include only persons employed by the Local Board whose salaries or emoluments are payable at intervals of not less than one month, and no other persons. Provided also that the said Lords Commissioners, or any two or more of them shall be the sole judges as to the right, title, or claim of any officer to any compensation whatever, and as to the amount thereof, and the said Lords Commissioners, or any two or more of them, shall be the only judges upon any question which may arise under this clause, and further, every determination of the said Lords Commissioners upon any such right, title, claim, amount, or question, shall be absolutely final and conclusive, and every such officer shall have such rights only under this clause, as the said Lords Commissioners, or any two or more of them consider just and reasonable, and no other rights. Any determination of the said Lords Commissioners, or any two or more of them may be evidenced by writing under the hands of any two of them.

14. The accounts of the Local Board and its officers shall be (as soon as conveniently may be) audited by the district auditor, in like manner and subject to the like powers, duties, provisions, and right of appeal as if the Charter had not been granted; the provisions of sections two hundred and forty-seven and two hundred and fifty of the Public Health Act, 1875, as amended by the District Auditors Act, 1879, and any regulations duly issued by the Local Government Board, with respect to the audit of accounts of Local Boards, and of their officers, shall apply to such audit; and the provisions of this scheme, with respect to the Local Board, shall be construed so as to admit of such exceptions as may be necessary to enable such audit to be duly made, but such exceptions shall be strictly limited in time, character, and operation, to the purposes of such audit.

Whitehall, October 2, 1890.

THE Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto Lieutenant George Charles Clyde D'Aguilar, 17th Lancers, Her Royal licence and authority that he may accept and wear the Insignia of the Order of the Medjidieh of the Fourth Class, which His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, authorized by His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, has been pleased to confer upon him in recognition of his services whilst actually and entirely employed beyond Her Majesty's Dominions with the Egyptian Army.

Whitehall, September 20, 1890.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto Watson Askew, of Pallinsburn House, Cornhill, in the county of Northumberland, and of Ladykirk, in the county of Berwick, Esquire, in the Commission of the Peace, Deputy Lieutenant and (in 1863) High Sheriff for the said county of Northumberland, and Sarah, his wife (commonly called the Honourable Sarah Askew), elder of the two daughters and coheirs of David Robertson (formerly David Marjoribanks), Baron Marjoribanks of Ladykirk, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that they may take and henceforth use the surname of Robertson in addition to and after that of Askew, that he the said Watson Askew may bear the arms of Robertson quarterly with those of Askew; and that such surname and arms may in like manner be taken, borne, and used by the issue of their marriage:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, September 23, 1890.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto Harriet Dorothea Battye, widow of William Wilberforce Battye, late of Tingrith House, in the parish of Tingrith, in the county of Bedford, Clerk, Rector of Hever, in the county of Kent, Lord of the Manor of Little Hampden, in the county of Buckingham, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that she may take and henceforth use the surname of Trevor in addition to and before that of Battye; and that such surname, and the arms of Trevor quarterly with those of Battye may be taken, borne, and used by the issue of her said late husband:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

(H. 6258.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
London, October 2, 1890.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notice, dated Trieste, September 23, from Her Majesty's Representative at Vienna, directing that, in consequence of the outbreak of cholera at Aleppo, arrivals from the Gulf of Iskanderna from Ras Kansir to Karatch Burun shall be subjected to a quarantine observation of seven days. Personal effects are to be disinfected according to the prescribed rules. This treatment will take place provided they have had a healthy passage, and arrive in normal health, as in any other case the treatment will be decided on by the Marine Board, to whom the case is to be referred.

(H. 6260.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
London, October 2, 1890.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Notice, dated September 23, from Her Majesty's Representative at Madrid, directing that, in consequence of the existence of cholera in the English and French Colonies on the Coast of Africa to the North of the Republic of Liberia, all arrivals from those possessions in Spanish ports shall be subject to observation.

(H. 6261.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
London, October 2, 1890.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through