

“ARTICLE XI.

“The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications exchanged at Brussels at as early a date as possible.

“In faith whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Treaty, and have affixed thereto their seals.

“Done at Brussels, this 2nd day of July, in the year of our Lord 1890.

“(L.S.) VIVIAN.  
“(L.S.) JOHN KIRK.”

“ARTICULO XI.

“El presente Tratado será ratificado, y las ratificaciones se cangearán en Bruselas lo mas pronto posible.

“En fé de lo cual los Plenipotenciarios respectivos lo han firmado y puesto en él el sello de sus armás.

“Hecho por duplicado en Bruselas á dos de Julio de mil ocho cientos noventa.

“(L.S.) JOSÉ GUTIERREZ DE AGÜERA.”

And whereas the General Act of the Brussels Conference referred to in Article X of the said Treaty, came into force on the second day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

And whereas it is expedient that the said Treaty should be brought within the operation of the Slave Trade Act, 1873.

Now therefore Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf as aforesaid, is pleased to order and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

The said Treaty hereinbefore recited shall, from the said second day of April, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, be deemed to have been and to be an existing Slave Trade Treaty within the meaning of “The Slave Trade Act, 1873.”

And the Most Honourable the Marquess of Salisbury, one of Her Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State, the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty’s Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

*Herbert M. Suft.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 9th day of *May*, 1892.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN’s Most Excellent Majesty.  
Lord President.  
Lord Steward.  
Earl of Yarborough.  
Sir Walter Barttelot, Bart.  
Mr. Forwood.

**W**HEREAS by “The Medical Act 1886” it is provided (amongst other things) that Her Majesty may from time to time by Order in Council declare that the Second Part of the said Act shall be deemed, on and after a day to be named in such Order, to apply to any British possession, which in Her Majesty’s opinion affords to the medical practitioners of the United Kingdom such privileges of practising in the said British possession as to Her Majesty may seem just, and from and after the day named in such Order in Council such British possession shall be deemed to be a British possession to which the said Act applies, within the meaning of the Second Part thereof, and that until such Order in Council has been made in respect of any British possession the said Second Part of the said Act shall not be deemed to apply to any such possession.

And whereas India is a British possession within the meaning of the said Act, and affords, in Her Majesty’s opinion, to the registered medical practitioners of the United Kingdom such privileges of practising in India as to Her Majesty seems just.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty doth hereby, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, order, direct, and declare that, on and after the first day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two the Second Part of “The Medical Act 1886” shall be deemed to apply to India.

*Herbert M. Suft.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 9th day of *May*, 1892.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN’s Most Excellent Majesty.  
Lord President.  
Lord Steward.  
Earl of Yarborough.  
Sir Walter Barttelot, Bart.  
Mr. Forwood.

**W**HEREAS by “The Consular Salaries and Fees Act, 1891,” it is provided that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty the Queen by Order in Council to fix the fees to be taken in respect of any matter or thing done by a Consular Officer in the execution of his office, and to vary such fees by way of increase or decrease, and to abolish fees, and to create new fees;

And whereas “The Consular Fees Order in Council, 1887,” continues in force under the provisions of the said Act as if it had been issued in pursuance thereof, and the same is in operation within the Consular jurisdiction of Her Majesty’s Consul-General in Morocco;

And whereas by “The Morocco Order in Council, 1889,” it is provided that the Consul-General in Morocco has power to make Regulations (to be called the Queen’s Regulations) for the purposes therein mentioned, and that such Regulations shall, when allowed by the Secretary of State and published as he directs, have effect as if contained in that Order;

And whereas certain Queen’s Regulations have been made as provided in the last-mentioned Order;

And whereas it is expedient to fix certain fees to be taken by Consular Officers in Morocco in the execution of their office in respect of matters arising under the said Queen’s Regulations and otherwise, and not expressly mentioned in “The Consular Fees Order in Council, 1887;”

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by “The Consular Salaries and Fees Act, 1891,” or other-