(2.) If the Board are satisfied on inquiry, with respect to any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order, that the same is of too restrictive a character, or otherwise objectionable, and direct the revocation thereof, the same shall thereupon cease to operate.

Offences.

21.—(1.) If a pig is moved in contravention of this Order, or of any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order, or of the conditions of a Movement Licence thereunder, the owner of the pig, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the movement, and the person moving or conveying the pig, and the owner and the charterer and the master of the vessel in which it is moved, and the consignee or other person receiving or keeping it, knowing it to have been moved in contravention as aforesaid, and the occupier of the place from which the pig is moved, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(2.) If a person in charge of a pig being moved, where under this Order, or under any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order, a Movement Licence is necessary, on demand made under this Order, fails to give his true name and address, or gives a false name or address, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence

against the Act of 1878.

(3.) If a public or private sale of a pig or of swine, fat or store, is held in contravention of this Order or of the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Board thereunder, the person holding the sale, and the occupier of the place or farm or premises where the sale is held, and the owner or consignee of each pig exposed thereat, and the person exposing the same thereat, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting the sale, and the person, if any, taking entrance-money or other payment for admission thereto, and the purchaser thereat of any pig, such last-mentioned person or such purchaser knowing the sale to be held in contravention as aforesaid, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(4.) If a pig is not marked as required by this Order or by the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Board thereunder, the owner, consignee, or other person exposing the same, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the purchaser thereof, and the person holding the sale, and the auctioneer, if any, or other person conducting the sale, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence

against the Act of 1878.

(5.) If any person, with a view to unlawfully evade or defeat the operation of this Order, by washing, or in any other manner, takes out, effaces, or obliterates, or attempts to take out, efface, or obliterate, any mark painted on any pig, as required by this Order, or by the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Board thereunder, the person doing the same, and the person causing, directing, or permitting the same to be done, and the owner of the pig, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(6.) If a pig is not slaughtered as required by this Order, or by any Regulation made by a

Local Authority under this Order, or by the conditions of a Licence of a Local Authority or of the Board thereunder, the person to whom the Licence is granted, and the owner of the pig, and the person for the time being in charge thereof, and the person failing to cause the same to be so slaughtered, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(7.) If anything is omitted to be done as regards cleansing or disinfection in contravention of this Order, the owner and the lessee and the occupier of any place in or in respect of which the same is omitted, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(8.) If any person with a view to unlawfully evade or defeat the operation of this Order or of any Regulation made by a Local Authority under this Order, allows a pig to stray, he shall be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

Interpretation.

22. In this Order-

The Board means the Board of Agriculture: The Act of 1878 means the Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878:

Swine-Fever Infected Place means a Place for the time being infected with swine-fever under the Swine-Fever Order of 1893:

Fat swine means swine intended for slaughter: Store swine means swine other than fat swine: Public sale includes a market or fair, and any

Public sale includes a market or fair, and any sale, whether conducted by auction or not, which is open to the public, whether on payment of entrance-money or other payment or not, whether it is held in a public place or not, and whether swine of different owners are exposed thereat or not; and includes also an exhibition:

Private sale means any sale (not being a public sale) where fat or store swine of two or more owners are sold or exposed, or where two or more persons purchase, or offer to purchase, or are invited to purchase, swine, fat or store:

Expose means expose for sale or in any manner put up or offer for sale, or exhibit at an exhibition:

Farm or premises includes two or more adjoining farms or premises in the same occupation:

Article means Article of this Order:

Other terms have the same meaning as in the Swine-Fever Order of 1893.

Extent.

23. This Order extends to England and Wales and Scotland.

Short Title.

24. This Order may be cited as THE STYINE-FEVER (INFECTED AREAS) ORDER OF 1894.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture have hereunto set their Official Seal this twenty-sixth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four.



T. H. Elliott, Secretary.