

mentioned in the schedule hereunder it is necessary, by reason of the nature of the business requiring the process to be carried on throughout the night, to employ male young persons of sixteen or upwards at night, and that such employment will not injure the health of the male young persons employed :

Now I, the Right Honourable Herbert Henry Asquith, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by this Order, made under section 58 of the said Act, extend the said exception to factories of such class so far as regards male young persons of sixteen or upwards.

This Order shall come into effect on 5th July, 1894, and shall continue in force until revoked.

H. H. Asquith.

Whitehall, June 25, 1894.

*Schedule.*

The process of Iron Ore Washing.

#### RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

THE following draft rules are published pursuant to the Rules Publication Act, 1893, by order of the authority to make Rules under the Supreme Court of Judicature Acts. Copies may be obtained from the Queen's Printer.

*Draft Rules.*

Rules of the Supreme Court, July, 1894.

Order XXX, Rule 7.

*Evidence.*

1. On the hearing of the summons, the Court or a Judge may order that evidence of any particular fact, to be specified in the order, shall be given by statement on oath of information and belief, or by production of documents or entries in books, or by copies of documents or entries or otherwise as the Court or Judge may direct.

Order XXXV, Rule 5A.

*District Registrars.*

2. At the end of Order XXXV, Rule 5, add :—  
(g.) Interpleader Orders.

Order XXXVII, Rule 4A.

*Distribution of Property ; Evidence.*

3. In any case relating to the distribution of any property whether in Court or out of Court, the Judge may, in order to avoid expense and delay, admit as evidence statements on oath of information and belief, and such other evidence as having regard to the circumstances of the case may be reasonable. As regards proceedings in Chambers, the Judge may exercise his discretion under this Rule, without any formal application, by giving directions to the Chief Clerk in any particular case as to the nature of the evidence to be admitted.

Order XLVI, Rule 1.

*Meaning of "Company" and "Stock."*

4. In the following Rules of this Order the expression "company" includes the Governor and Company of the Bank of England and any other public company, whether incorporated or not, and the expression "stock" includes shares, securities, and dividends thereon.

Order XLVI, Rule 2.

*Application for and Effect of Charging Order.*

[1 & 2 Vict., c. 110, s. 14 ; 3 & 4 Vict., c. 82 s. 1.]

5. If a judgment debtor is interested in any stock standing in the books of any company or in any stock or funds in Court standing in the name of the Paymaster-General, the Court or a Judge, upon the *ex parte* application of the judgment creditor, may order the judgment debtor to show cause why the stock or funds, or any part thereof, should not be charged with the payment of the judgment debt and interest, and upon the

making of the order the judgment creditor shall be entitled to all the remedies which he would have been entitled to if the charge had been made in his favour by the debtor ; provided that no proceeding shall be taken to have the benefit of the charge until after the expiration of six months from the date of the order.

Order XLVI, Rule 3.

*On Making of the Order no Transfer to be Made except by Directions of the Court or Judge.*  
[1 & 2 Vict., c. 110, ss. 14, 15.]

6. Upon the making of an order under the last preceding Rule, no transfer of any stock affected thereby shall be made until the order is made absolute or discharged, and if after notice thereof to the company whose stock is affected thereby, and before the order is made absolute or discharged, the company permits any transfer of the stock to be made, the company shall be liable to the judgment creditor for the value of the stock so charged and transferred, or such part thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the judgment, and no disposition of the judgment debtor in the meantime shall be valid or effectual as against the judgment creditor ; provided that where the stock is standing in the name of the Paymaster-General the order shall not prevent the company from permitting a transfer of the stock or payment of the income thereof in such manner as the Court or Judge may direct.

Order XLVI, Rule 3A.

*Order to be made Absolute unless Cause Shown.*  
[1 & 2 Vict., c. 110, s. 15.]

7. The Order, upon proof of notice thereof to the judgment debtor or his solicitor, shall, unless the judgment debtor within the time mentioned in the order shows cause to the contrary, be made absolute, but the Court or a Judge may vary or discharge the order upon the application of the judgment debtor or any person interested.

Order XLVI, Rule 8.

*Effect of Service of Affidavit and Filed Notice.*

8. A company upon whom the office copy of the affidavit and the duplicate of the filed notice have been served, shall not permit the stock specified in the notice to be transferred, or any dividends thereon to be paid until after a day specified in a notice in writing served by the company upon the person by whom the notice under Rule 4 of this Order was filed, or upon his solicitor, stating that a request has been received by the company from the person in whose name the stock is standing, or from some person acting on his behalf or representing him, that the stock may be transferred or the dividends thereon paid, and that unless an action is brought and an injunction obtained and served on or before the specified day, the notice will not be regarded.

Order XLVI, Rule 11A.

*Order to Bank of England to Transfer Stock or Pay Dividends.* [39 & 40 Gec. 3, c. 36, ss. 1 and 2.]

9. The Court or a Judge may make any order as to the transfer of any stock standing in the books of the Bank of England in the name of or belonging to any party to an action, or the payment of the dividends thereon, as to the Court or a Judge may seem just, and a certificate signed by the chief accountant of the Bank of England shall be evidence that the stock required to be transferred is standing in the books of the Bank in the name of the person required to transfer the same, and any order made under this Rule may be enforced against the Bank in the same way as if the Bank had been a party to the action or matter. Provided that an order shall not be made under this Rule, in any case