

its proceedings according to rules laid down by itself and published in the Gazette.

51. The Company shall retain the mineral rights in all land assigned to natives. If the Company should require any such land for the purpose of mineral development or as sites of townships, or for railways or other public works, the Land Commission, upon application by the Company and upon good and sufficient cause shown, may order the natives to remove from such land or any portion thereof, and shall assign to them just and liberal compensation in land elsewhere, situate in as convenient a position as possible, sufficient and suitable for their agricultural and pastoral requirements, containing a fair and equitable proportion of springs or permanent water, and, as far as possible, equally suitable for their requirements in all respects as the land from which they are ordered to remove.

52. No natives shall be removed from any kraal or from any land assigned to them for occupation, except after full inquiry by, and by order of, the Land Commission. If any person without such order removes or attempts to remove any native from any kraal or from any land unless in execution of the process of a competent court, he shall, in addition to any other proceedings to which he is liable, be guilty of an offence against this Order, and on conviction before the High Court shall be liable to imprisonment with or without hard labour for any period not exceeding two years, or to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds sterling, or to both.

53. The Land Commission may if it thinks fit appoint in any magisterial district a subordinate tribunal to be called the district land court, to consist of the Magistrate of the district and two assessors selected by the Land Commission. The district land courts shall report or make recommendations to the Land Commission upon all questions remitted to them by that Commission. The Land Commission may deal with such reports or recommendations as it thinks fit.

54. The Land Commission shall forward to the High Commissioner, for transmission to a Secretary of State, a report upon every case dealt with by it; and the Secretary of State may review any case, and reverse or modify any decision given or order made by the Land Commission, and may give such directions in the matter as he thinks fit to give, and the Land Commission shall give effect to such directions. Such directions shall, however, only be binding in cases in which the Secretary of State has within twelve months after receiving the report of the Land Commission given notice to the High Commissioner that he intends to review the case.

#### PART V.—*Judicial Notice. Commencement.*

55. Judicial notice shall be taken of this Order and of the commencement thereof, and of any Ordinance made under this Order and published in the Gazette.

56. This Order shall be published in the Gazette and shall thereupon commence and come into operation; and the High Commissioner shall give directions for the publication of this Order at such places, and in such manner, and for such time or times, as he thinks proper for giving due publicity thereto within the limits of this Order.

57. Her Majesty may from time to time revoke, alter, add to, or amend this Order.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 18th day of *July*, 1894.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IN pursuance of the Winter Assizes Acts, 1876 and 1877, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Most Honourable Privy Council, to order as follows:—

The jurisdiction of the Justices and Judges of the Central Criminal Court at any Session of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, held or continued for the Central Criminal Court District in the months of October, November, or December, 1894, or January, 1895, shall extend to such part of the County of Surrey as is not now included in the Central Criminal Court District, as if such part of the County of Surrey were included in the Central Criminal Court District, and the Central Criminal Court Act shall apply to the said part of the County of Surrey, and offences committed therein, as if the said part of the County of Surrey were mentioned in that Act:

Subject nevertheless to the following modifications and exceptions:—

(1.) Nothing in this Order shall authorize the trial at the Central Criminal Court of any person for any offence triable at Quarter Sessions, except in accordance with the provisions of Sections 18 and 19 of the Central Criminal Court Act, or except such last-mentioned person be also there triable for any offence or offences not triable at Quarter Sessions.

(2.) For the purposes of this Order the said part of the County of Surrey shall be deemed to be included in the Commission in force for the time being for the Central Criminal Court.

(3.) Unless the Central Criminal Court shall otherwise direct, no person shall be summoned or returned from the said part of the County of Surrey to serve on any Grand Jury or Petty Jury at the Central Criminal Court, but any Grand Jury or Petty Jury constituted in accordance with the provisions of the 4th Section of the Central Criminal Court Act, shall have authority to inquire of, present, try, and determine all offences with respect to which jurisdiction is by this Order conferred on the Central Criminal Court.

(4.) Until Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, otherwise to order and direct, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace or Coroner having jurisdiction within the said part of the County of Surrey, to commit any person charged with having committed any offence with respect to which jurisdiction is by this Order conferred on the Central Criminal Court, and which has been committed or is alleged to have been committed within the jurisdiction of such Justice or Coroner, either to the Gaol (other than the Gaol of Newgate) to which, but for the said Winter Assizes Acts, 1876 and 1877, and this Order, such person would have been committed, or to Her Majesty's Prison at Holloway, there to remain until he can be tried in pursuance of this Order or in due course of law.

(5.) When in pursuance of this Order any person shall be committed to any Gaol other than Her Majesty's Prison at Holloway, the Sheriff of the County in which the Gaol to which the prisoner is committed is situated, or the Keeper of the same Gaol, shall, six days at least before the next sitting of the Central Criminal Court at which the prisoner can be tried, or at such other time as the Justices or Judges of the said Court, or any two or more of them, shall from time to