

The London Gazette.

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From Thursday April 30. to Sunday May 4. 1691.

At the Court at WHITEHALL
the 30th of April, 1691.

Present,

The KING's most Excellent Majesty
in Council.

W Hereas by Their Majesties Proclamation, dated the 9th of February last, Requiring all Seamen and Mariners to Render themselves to Their Majesties Service, all Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and Constables, were Required to make diligent Search for all Seamen and Mariners, and such as were suspected to be such, and cause them to be sent to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy, or whom they should appoint to receive them, at several Places mentioned in the said Proclamation; His Majesty, in Consideration that His Royal Fleet is Provided and compleatly Furnished with Seamen, doth hereby require all the above-named Officers and Magistrates to forbear any further Aiding, by reason and in pursuance of the said Proclamation; until further Order from His Majesty.

Rich. Colinge.

Whitehall, April 30. 1691.

HIS Majesty in Council has been pleased to Order the Embargo to be taken off from all Ships Trading Coastwise; And from any other Ships for whom Bonds shall be first given not to Trade to any Parts in Enmity with Their Majesties, or to the Parts hereafter specified, viz. To any part of America, the Dominions of Spain and Portugal, the Streights, or the Levant, before the time that shall be directed for the Departure of the Convoys for these Trades; And Orders are likewise to be given to the Lords Justices and Commissioners of the Revenue of Ireland, that Bonds to the same effect be taken from Ships going out of the Ports of that Kingdom.

Vienna, April 19. Prince Louis of Baden is not yet arrived from Bohemia, but daily expected; His Equipage is preparing; And the Imperial Forces, that are to serve in Hungary, are marching from their several Quarters, the General Rendezvous being appointed about the middle of the next month near Buda; And in the mean time a flying Camp is forming on the Drave to cover Effect.

Hamburg, April 27. The Duke of Zell is arrived at Hanover to confer with his Brother the Duke of Hanover, and intends very suddenly to return to Flanders. They write from Berlin, that the Elector of Brandenburg was going to Crossen, to take a review of the 6000 men which he sends to the Emperor's assistance in Hungary.

Dublin, April 25. We are preparing to take the Field with all imaginable application; Our Recruits arrive apace; and Lieutenant-General Gink's, with the other General Officers that are now here, hold frequent Consultations about opening the Campaign. Deserters come daily over to us, who say, that there is a great scarcity of Provisions in all the Enemies Quarters; that many dye for want, as well in the County of Limerick as in Connaught, and that they had drawn their Foot out of Kerry, for that they could not subsist there any longer. These accounts of the great wants of the Irish Army, are confirmed by all the other advices we have from their Quarters.

By Letters from Corke we have an account, that upon notice that a considerable number of the Rebels were come near to Macrump, one of our Frontier Garisons, a Party of 80 Horse, 150 Dragoons of the Army, and as many of the Militia, was detached under the command of Major Kirke; They marched out on the 19th in the evening, and came up with the Rebels by break of day, who took to the Woods and Bogs, where our Men for some hours pursued them, killed 20, and took 5 Prisoners, and brought off some Horses and Cattel. The same Letters tell us, that the Rapperies coming some time before in a strong Party to Carraglass near Tullough; had taken away some Horses belonging to Colonel Denop's Regiment, and 4 Troopers, whereupon the Colonel gave orders for the taking up several of the Irish Inhabitants about that place, with a Declaration, That if they did not procure the Horses and Men to be brought back by a day prefixed, they should be hanged; which had that good effect, that both Horses and Men were by the time appointed brought back to the place where they were taken, together with some of the Persons who were Actors in the Robbery.

From Mullingar we are told, that 300 Rapperies, who lay in wait about Kennegad, had seized upon 200 Sacks of Meal that were going thither with a small Guard, who saved themselves; but that upon notice thereof a Party of that Garison went out, and seized part of the Meal, and killed several of the Rapperies, with their Captain. Yesterday came in three Persons from Limerick, who assure us, that the Rebels, even the Officers themselves, are in great want of Clothes and Provisions; that at Limerick they have lived above the usual manner.