

The London Gazette.

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Rome, June 30.

THE affairs of the Conclave are no more advanced than they were at the first opening of it, tho' it has now lasted almost 5 months. Barberigo is still supported by the Zealors, and notwithstanding all the opposition of the other Parties, and particularly of the French, stands yet the fainest of all that are in nomination to be advanced to the Papal Chair.

Terin, June 30. The Siege of Coni being extremely pressed by the French, the Duke of Savoy held a Council of War, where he was resolved to send a Detachment of 3000 Horse and 1000 Musketeers with Ammunition, to the relief of the Town, which being arrived under the command of Prince Eugene of Savoy within a miles of the place, the Enemy thought not fit to stay for them, but raised the Siege an hour or two before, leaving behind them a piece of great Cannon, good store of Provisions, and all their sick and wounded men; The Troops in the Town behaved themselves very well, and particularly the French Refugees commanded by Colonel Julien. All our accounts agree that the Enemy have lost near 4000 men in this Siege and precipitate Retreat. At the same time we hear that the French Troops under the command of Monsieur de Hoguette have quitted the Valley of Aogst. Part of the German Succors are already arrived in the State of Milan; 6 or 7000 are expected here in few days, and the rest follow by long marches. The Duke of Savoy has with 20000 men near Moncalier; and Monsieur Catinat has his Camp about Carignan.

Vienna, July 3. Prince Louis of Baden took his Leave of the Emperor last night, and goes from hence Post this Evening for Hungary. From Buda we hear, that General Senczer advances with the Imperial Forces by easy marches towards Eszék. From whence we have the repeated confirmation of the abandoning of Ilake and Peter Waradin by the Turks, and their being possessed by our Troops. What was said in our last, of the motion of 15000 men from Eszék towards the Save proves a mistake, there being only 6000 Raskians gone in search of Booty, who so intimidated the Turks, that they presently withdrew a Guard of 500 Janisaries and 200 Spahis which they had in the Castle of Semlin. The Raskians and Hungarians have taken 300 Wagons with Provisions that were going from Belgrade towards Temiswar, and cut their Convoy in pieces. And the Letters of the 25th past from Kals in Upper-Hungary advise, that on the 22d a Party being sent out towards Great-Waradin, surprised 16 Wagons laden with Salt and Meal within half a League of that place, the Turks in Garrison there not daring to venture out to rescue them. From Microvitz we have advice likewise, that there had been a Rencontre near that place between the Raskians and the Turks, in which 1000 of the latter were killed, Mustafa Bassa who commanded them escaping with much difficulty. The Elector of Bavaria continues still indisposed, which delays his departure for Piedmont.

Hilberg, July 14. The Bridge of Boats which the Elector of Saxony had caused to be laid over the Rhine near Stambhofen being finished yesterday, his Electoral Highness, with the Generals Caprara and Schoning, and all the Confederate Forces that remained on this side, passed that River the night following; who are now encamped near the Ruins of the Town of Brandendal, which was burnt by the French. The Marschal de Lorge with the French Army lies near Neustadt, from whence it is believed he will retire towards Landau. The Elector of Saxony has sent out 1000 Horse and Dragoons to observe the Enemies motions, and intends to follow with the whole Army, for which purpose they are furnished with Provisions for 8 days. Another Bridge is laying over the Rhine near Speier.

Mentz, July 14. Yesterday came hither a Trumpeter who had deserted the French Army; He says, that the Enemy were very much surpris'd at the Confederate Armies passing the Rhine; That the Marschal de Lorge was drawing all the Troops he could out of their Garisons to reinforce his Army; That he had countermanded several Regiments that were going towards the Moselle; And that he was retired towards Lauterne. The 3000 men of the Troops of Franconia, that were posted near Castellbrunke, that was lately seized for holding Correspondence with the French, has been tortured, and is since sentenced to be Hang'd and quartered, of which an account has been sent to General Caprara for his approbation.

Cell, July 13. Four thousand of the Haxner Troops will in few days begin their march towards the Elbe, and several Companies of Foot to Rerchburg.

Cologne, July 17. The Marquis de Buffers, who was lately posted about Charlemont on the Meuse, is now moving towards the Country of Eyselt; He came on the 14th instant to Keil, and the 15th to Cronsborg, where he expects to be joynd by 1200 men from Luxembourg, commanded by the Marquis de Harcourt; as also by a Detachment from the Marschal de Lorge, but we hear this last is countermanded upon the Confederate Army passing the Rhine. The Troops of Brandenburgh and Neuburg, which remain on this side the Meuse, are forming a Body between Aix la Chapelle and Conells Messier.

Copenhagen, June 30. O.S. The King of Denmark parts from hence to morrow for Hallesin; His Majesty goes straight to Rensburg, where he stays the 4th and 5th of the next month; At Gluckstadt the 6th and 7th; At Rensburg again the 8th, 9th, and 10th; Then into Jurland, where the Court continues till the 20th, and thence returns in 4 days hither.

Paris, July 17. The raising of the Siege of Coni puts this Court extremely out of humour; And the Sieur de Bulonde, who commanded the Troops employed in that Siege, is like to feel the Effects of it; Orders being sent to Monsieur Catinat to secure and send him Prisoner to the Castle of Pignerol. They own in their publick Relations here, that upon the approach of Prince Eugene of Savoy with 2000 Horse, our Troops retreated from before Coni with such precipitation, that they left one of their Pieces of Cannon for Battery, with divers Ordnances of War, and 50 or 60 wounded Officers behind them. By an Express from Germany we hear, that the Confederate Army had passed the Rhine; And that the Marschal de Lorge, who was not strong enough to engage them, was retired towards Neustadt and Lautern, to endeavour to cover those places which had in them but very small Garrisons. By the last advice from Piedmont, Monsieur Catinat lay entrenched between Cavignan and Carmagnole.

From the Royal Camp at Gembloux, July 19. The news of the raising the Siege of Coni, and the great loss the French sustained before that place, comes confirmed by all the Letters from France and Italy. An Officer in the French Service, who was present there, writes; That the Detachment which was sent by Monsieur Catinat to hinder Prince Eugene of Savoy from throwing any Succors into Coni, came too late; and that the French were forced to raise the Siege, after having lost 2500 men; That almost all their Grandiers were left dead upon the place; That they left one Piece of Cannon, and 3 Mortars, with great quantities of Provisions, and all their sick men behind them; That they had 150 Officers killed and wounded; That upon the first attack of the Coverd way they lost 500 men; That the Chevalier de Valsire, their Chief Prisoner, was shot through the Body, and carried Prisoner into the Town; And that the French in their Retreat killed above 300 Peasants, though

though they had paid Contributions but two days before. We have advice likewise, that the French Troops that were employed in the Blockade of *Montmelian* are retired to a greater distance from the place, after having lost 500 men in a Sally the Besieged made upon them. We have an account from *Germany*, that the Elector of *Saxony*, since his passing the *Rhine*, is advanced as far as *Frankendall*, the Enemy (who is very weak on that side) retiring before him in so great disorder, that they threw 12 Pieces of Cannon into a Moras thereabouts, which the Elector has since recovered; We hear, the French retreated towards *Landau*, and that the Confederate Army was marching after them. The Duke of *Luxemburg* lies at *Buffiere* near *Thuin*, where only 6000 of his Army, with their Artillery, have yet passed the *Sambre*. Orders are just now given for our decamping at 2 a clock to-morrow morning, and for our marching to *Fleury*. We have an account, that *Montieur de Louvois* dyed lately of an Apoplexy.

Hague, July 20. The Elector of *Saxony*, according to our last advices from *Germany*, had passed the *Rhine* at *Santborven* with 34000 men, and 'twas generally believed he would besiege *Landau*. The raising the Siege of *Conu* by the French has given a great change to their Affairs in *Piedmont*; and it's hoped, the arrival there of the German Succors will very shortly occasion a much greater. They write from *Vienna*, that Prince *Louis* of *Baden* was going to the Army in *Hungary* with full Power to conclude a Peace, to which the Turks appear extremely inclined.

Kinsale, July 4. Yesterday about Noon arrived here the English and Dutch *Smyrna* Fleet, of about 80 Sail richly laden, under the Convoy of 14 Men of War commanded by Capt. *Aylmer*. They were 7 weeks in their Voyage from *Cadix*, having met with very bad Weather, but are all come in safe, there not being one Ship missing of the whole Fleet.

From the Camp by *Athlone*, July 5. Since the taking of *Athlone*, (of which Colonel *Lloyd* is made Governor) we have been employed in repairing the Works, in laying a Bridge of Boats over the River to the left of the Town, and in putting some of the few Houses that are left standing into a condition to hold our Magazines, which are every day coming from *Dublin* and *Mullingar*. The Irish Army lies still at *Ballinasloe*, about 10 miles from this place, having the River *Soke* before them, and 'tis given out, that they design to stand a Battel; In order whereunto they are drawing what Force they can together, and have quitted *Slego*, *James-Town*, and *Lanesborough*, which they did in so much haste, that they left their Powder and Great Guns behind them. By the accounts we have from the Prisoners and Deserters, the Enemy own to have lost above 1200 men at *Athlone*, and among them several Colonels and Field-Officers; Major-General *Maxwell* is sent to *Dublin* with the French Lieutenant-Colonel that was taken up from under the Bridge, where he had layn wounded several days after the Action on the 20th of the last month.

Last night a Detachment of 20 Horse and 9 Grenadiers was sent out to view the Enemies Camp, who being advanced within 3 miles of it, were met by a strong Party of their Horse, upon which our men retired to a Bridge, which they defended for some time, but part of the Enemies Horse coming behind them, the 9 Grenadiers and 8 Troopers were cut off, the rest saving themselves with the Officer that commanded them. This Evening a great Party of Horse and Dragoons is gone out towards the Enemies Camp, and it's believed the whole Army will march to-morrow or the day following.

Field-Officers of the Irish Army killed in the Attack of Athlone that we have an account of.

Brigadier *Mackellieuddy*.

Colonel <i>Mac Mahon</i> .	Lieutenant-Colonel <i>Macgenis</i> .
Colonel <i>O Neale</i> .	Lieutenant-Colonel <i>Barnwell</i> .
Colonel <i>O Gara</i> .	Major <i>Murray</i> .

Colonel *Grace* killed the day before.

Dublin, July 9. On the 3d instant the English and Dutch *Smyrna* Fleet arrived safely in *Kinsale* Harbor after a long Voyage from *Cadix*. The 1st

week came in here divers vessels with Ammunition, and other Stores, from *England*, as also the Earl of *Portland's* Regiment of Horse, which marched from hence on the 6th with a great Convoy of Provisions and Ammunition to the Army. Yesterday Major-General *Maxwell* was brought in here, with some other Prisoners, from *Athlone*, under a Guard of 30 Horse. The Enemy lie still between *Ballinasloe* and *Banahon*; And we are hourly expecting to hear that our Army is marched towards them. We have the confirmation of the Enemies having abandoned *Slego*, *James-Town*, and *Lanesborough*, the last of which places we have an account that some of our Militia have already possessed themselves of. The Enemy continue to desert in great numbers.

Whereas several Tinmen, and others, having been employed by the Patentees for the New-Lights, and thereby attained to the skill of making of Candles, do pretend to furnish divers persons with the said Lights, to the prejudice of the Patentees, (who have expended great Sums of Money in contriving and perfecting this useful Invention) and to the deceit of the Persons dealing with them; And likewise have falsely pretended, that they are employed by, and act for, the Patentees: These are to certify, that no Persons will be employed by the Patentees, but such as have an Authority under their Hands and Seals; and that the Patentees do meet at Stationers-hall within Ludgate every Tuesday and Friday at 6 in the Afternoon, where all Persons may be accommodated with the said Lights.

Advertisements.

* * The Life of GOD in the Soul of Man, or the Nature and Excellency of the Christian Religion, &c. The second Edition corrected, to which is added, a Table. Printed for T. Dring, and J. Weld, near Temple-bar in Fleet-street.

* * Experimenta & Observations Physicæ; Wherein are briefly Treated of several Subjects relating to Natural Philosophy in an Experimental Way: To which is added, a small Collection of Strange Reports, in two Parts. By the Honourable Robert Boyle, Fellow of the Royal Society. Printed for John Taylor at the Ship, and John Wyat at the Rose, in St. Pauls Church-yard.

Stolen the 10th instant, from Mr. Richard Parke, Merchant, in *Pey-Alley* in *Fanchurch-street*, London, a Gold Watch made by *Jos. Buckingham*, a Silver Salver with a Bucks Head, a Diamond Ring with 7 Stones, a Petticoat flower'd with Silver, a blue Pericote with a Bone-Lace, a Point Cravat, a white Damask Waistcoat laced with Gold Lace, a Cinnamon Cloth Coat, a pair of Silk Breeches and Waistcoat with white Flowers, a flower'd Callico Quilt for a Bed edged with green Luteffring, with several other Things. Whoever gives notice of them to the said Mr. Richard Parke, so as they may be recovered, shall have 10 Guinea's Reward.

Robt on Saturday the 27th of June last, between the Bull-Inn in *Holborn* and *Hockley in the Hole*, a Pendulum Watch with a Green, Silver and Gold String to it, and a Spring Seal tied on with a blue Leather Point, the Watch made by *John Harris*. Whoever brings it to the Master of the Cock-Alehouse at *Temple-bar*, shall have 2 Guinea's Reward; or if Pawn'd, their money again with content.

There is now made at the Bear-Garden Glas-house on the Bank-side Crown Window-Glafs, much exceeding French Glafs in all its qualifications, which may be squared into all sizes of Sashes for Windows, and other Uses; and may be had at *Robert Dalcs* at *St. Margarets-hill* in *Southwark*, and at most Glasers in *London*.

At *Atherston* in *Warwickshire*, upon the Wednesday next following the 8th of September, will be a very good Piece of Plate Run for by Horses, &c. which never won any Plate above 5 l. value, and to carry 10 Stone weight: No Price is put upon the Horses. They must be shewn 10 days before the said day of Running.

A Letter-Cass lost, with several Notes and Bills of Exchange payable or endorsed unto *Benj. Crayker*. Whoever brings them to his House in *Bermondsey-street* in *Southwark*, shall have 10 s. Reward.

The 7th instant, a tall black man with a wry nose, aged about 50, hired from the *Talbot-Inn* in *Southwark*, a bright bay Mare, 15 hands high, Trots all, having a Lift down her Back, a Spot on her Crupper-place, a blaze down her Face, and a black Saddle. Whoever gives notice of the Man or Mare to *Mr. Thomas Bryan* at the Sign of *London-Bridge* at the *Little-Mares-Pond* in *Southwark*, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Lost the 13th instant, from the *Green-Dragon* at *Enfield* in *Middlesex*, a white Flea-bitten Stone-Horse, full aged, about 14 hands; a Chestnut bald-faced Gelding, with all his Feet white, one Wall-Eye, above 14 hands; and a black roan Nag about 13 hands, with all his Paces. Whoever secures them, and gives notice to *Robert Murray* at the *Green-Dragon* aforesaid, or to *Mr. Veruel* at the *George* in *Aldermanbury*, *London*, shall have a Guinea Reward for each, and Charges.