

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday September 7. to Thursday September 10. 1691.

Rome, August 25.

THE Pope has sent the Emperor a Supply of 100000 Florins, to be employ'd in the War against the Turks; And at the same time has order'd his Nuncio at Vienna to declare to his Imperial Majesty, that he is very much troubled he cannot give him a greater Assistance, by reason of the ill condition the Apostolick Chamber is reduced to, and to assure him of his good Inclination and Readiness to contribute his utmost towards the Support and Advancement of the Interests of the House of Austria, to which he will never forget his Obligations, being not only born a Subject to the Crown of Spain, but having received great Benefits from it. The Pope is going to publish a Bull, for the better Regularizing for the future the Proceedings of the Conclave; And has given Orders for the dispatching his Bulls, to confirm the Great Master of the *Tausonick* Order in the Coadjutorship of *Mentz*.

Venice, August 25. An Express was dispatched from hence on the 18th instant, with Orders to Signior *Fewer* Ambassador from this State at Vienna, to repair to the Imperial Army, under the command of Prince *Lewis of Baden*, in Hungary, in order to assist, together with the Plenipotentiaries of the Emperor and the King of Poland, at a Treaty of Peace, which in all probability will now be speedily set on foot with the Turks; And at the same time Signior *Zeno* is named to succeed in the Embassy at Vienna.

Turin, August 28. Since the arrival of the Elector of *Bavaria*, several Councils of War have been held in our Camp near *Mille-Fluvis*; and we are told, the Resolution is taken to attack the French Army in their Retrenchments; and to that end the Detachment of about 15000 men that was marching by the *Valley of Aoste* towards *Savoy* is countermanded, and order'd forthwith to join the Army, which will then consist of 45000 men. Monsieur *Catinet* is said to be very ill of a Hurt by a fall from his Horse.

Nantes, August 29. The Troops that were quarter'd in *Neuxerre* and *St. Landais*, which make together about 6000 Men, are, according to the Orders of the Marquis de *Ligancz* our Governor, on their march towards *Edmont*; from whence we expect to hear now very probably of some considerable Undertaking.

Vienna, Aug. 23. Every day brings us new Particulars of the late Great Action in Hungary, which is too memorable not to be remark'd in all its Circumstances. The unfortunate we had the 18th, in losing *Bracqoy's* Regiment of Dragoons, with the Recruits of *Capranza's* and *Hofbrunn's* Regiments, which were all cut in pieces within a League of the Imperial Army, except some few that threw themselves into the *Danube*, seems to have been conducted by Providence, as to produce this wonderful Success; for the Turks being puff'd up with the advantage of this Encounter, thought of nothing less than destroying the whole Imperial Army, and not to leave them any room as a passage for any to escape. In their confidence they posited themselves on a rising Ground between *Pater-Fradan* & *Salankement*, near which last place the Imperialists were encamped. The resolution being taken to engage the Enemy the 19th, early in the morning, 20 Battalions of Foot, viz. 4 out of the Regiment of *Ernest Stavenberg*, 1 of *Saunders*, 1 of *Chizzola*, 3 of *Guido Stavenberg*, 1 of *Back*, 2 of *Oereng*, 3 of *Brandenburghers*, 1 of *Caumont*, and 1 of *Vaudemont's*, supported by 2 Regiments of Horse of *Neubourg* and *Hofstein*, took their Post with the greatest part of the heavy Cannon, with their right to the *Danube*, and fronting the Enemy; the rest of that Line moved in order of Battel, and the Signal being given by firing a Bomb, they advanced in that posture within 200 paces of the Enemy, and then the Artillery began to play. It was design'd to begin the attack with the left Wing, by which means to make such a diversion, that the Battalions on the right might with less difficulty force the Retrenchments on that side, which were the most finished and maner'd with 80 Pieces of Cannon; but they having refus'd to make, and that side's success, and the right wing forward, they began the Attack, some of them reaching even to the Breach of the Enemies Trenches, but the Janissaries firing very thick upon them from behind their Rampart, immediately killed and wounded a great

number of our Men; General *Saunders* was here wounded; And the Turks making a Sally at the same time, our Foot was forc'd back, till they were supported by the Regiments of *Neubourg*, *Hofstein*, *St. Croix*, and *Darmstadt*, commanded by the Dukes of *Hoffstein* and *Avenberg*. And thus they continued engaged for 3 hours, sometimes advancing, and sometimes being repuls'd, till they had lost all their Chief Officers except General *Guido Stavenberg* and Prince *Charles of Vaudemont*, who were likewise wounded. The heat of the Battel spread it self equally on both Wings; our left attack'd the Flank of the Enemies Camp, where the Works were but begun; the Brigades of *Castelli* and *Hofkirchen* forc'd back the Body that came out upon them, but the Turks rallying again, fell with all their force on Major-General *Saunders* Brigade, which being likewise expos'd to the Cannon from the Enemies Retrenchments, notwithstanding the Bravery of their Resistance, and the Conduct of the Major-General, were entirely broken, receiving great damage, particularly the Foot, who falling into confusion, and the Enemies Horse breaking in upon them, were many of them cut in pieces as they stood, but the Enemy were stop'd by the Body of the Troops of that Wing, commanded by the *Brandenburgh* General *Bartus* and Major-General *Zanck's* Brigade; At last, about an hour before night, the Brigades of *Castelli* and *Hofkirchen* advancing forward, forc'd into the Enemies Camp, and making way for the rest of that Wing to follow them, they went on with Success till the Turks were totally routed; their 11. sic found the means to escape, breaking their way through the right Wing, but their Foot, animated with despair, continued to defend themselves after they were abandoned by their Horse, selling their Lives very dear, for even within their Camp, when we thought our selves Masters of it, we had many killed, and particularly the Duke of *Hoffstein*; There has not been in the memory of Man so great an Action as was that of this day, in which Prince *Lewis* signaliz'd his extraordinary Courage and Conduct, the desperate Resistance of the Enemy, and the Success hanging so long in suspense, turning at last to his greater honour; And all the Great Officers in general behaved themselves to admiration. On the 23d *T. Deum* was sung in the Camp, with a triple discharge of all the Artillery, as well that of the Turks, which we took, as our own. There are 12 Horse Tayls taken, and 90 Standards, one of which was the Sultan's Prefect to the Vicer; With the rest of the rich Booty were taken so many Camels, that one of them has been fold in the Camp for half a Crown; There was a great deal of Copper Money found in their Camp, which the Turks are reduced to a necessity of making use of. It is said also, that the Vicer and two of his Sons were killed fighting among the Janissaries. There are already found among the Slain these Persons following, whom a Prisoner of Note knew, and could distinguish, viz. The Vicer's Kapitanler or Chief Chamberlain, Aly Begh *Bafia* or *Garaman*; two Saim's, which are in the nature of Barons with independent Jurisdiction, the one in the Province of *Begscheker* in *Asia*, the other near to *Sobbia*; *Badruck* *Bafia* Captain of the Vicer's Horse Guard, a *Divan* *Chiaus*, *Turmatfeli* *Bafia* the 6th Person in Authority among the Janissaries, 17 Aga's, 21 Lieutenants, 15 Ensigns of the Janissaries; There were several Great Officers of the Spah's lying dead, but this man did not know their Names nor Commands. There are dead Bodies to be found all along on the way from *Salankement* to the *Savoy*. The number we have lost is not very great considering the sharpness of the Battel, and the time so long, but in particular some of the Persons killed are extremely regretted: Of the Imperial Foot were killed 1700, of which number were the Duke of *Hoffstein* Major-General, Count de *Caumont* and Count de *Bracco* Colonels, 2 Lieutenant-Colonels, 3 Majors, 15 Captains, 6 Lieutenants, and 3 Ensigns; Wounded of the Foot, General *Saunders*; Major-Generals, Count *Guido Stavenberg*, the Duke of *Avenberg* who is dead since, and Count *Castelli*; 2 Colonels, 5 Lieutenant-Colonels, 3 Majors, 25 Captains, 13 Lieut. 10 Ensigns, in all 2577; Of the Turks, killed 5 Lieutenant-Colonels, a Major, 2 Captains, 12 Lieutenants, and 3 Cornets, in all 350; Wounded of the Turks, 4 Lieutenant-Colonels, 2 Majors, 10 Captains, 20 Lieutenants, 20 Cornets, a Chaplain, in all 1000; Killed of the