

The London Gazette.

Numb. 2707

Published by Authority.

From Sunday October 19. to Thursday October 22. 1691.

Air-ropole, Aug. 28.

THE English and Dutch Ambassadors, who parted from Constantinople on the 11th, arrived here the 16th instant, and found this Court under great Expectation of News from the Camp in Hungary. On the 20th all People here were struck with great Terror and Confirmation at the Advice brought by three successive Couriers, that their Army was totally routed, the Viceroy killed with a Cannon Shot, his Body, Seal of his Office, Mahomet's Flag, Cannon, Bag and Baggage, all in the Hands of the Enemy; the particulars we cannot learn to this day, the Roads being all beset round Belgrade, that no body can pass. The same day the Caimacan of this place was declared Grand Viceroy. The 25th the Grand Signior, who is about 45 years old, went in State to Sultan Selims Mosque, one of the finest Buildings in Turkey, to pay his Devotions the first day of their Biram, or Feast, and the new Grand Viceroy attended him, but not with their former Splendor. The 26th the English and Dutch Ambassadors had Audience of the Grand Viceroy, to whom they represented the occasion of their Journey, which was, To interpose the Good Offices of His Majesty of Great Britain, and the States General, to procure a Peace between the two Empires; The Viceroy received them with great kindness, and returned them Thanks, saying, *The English and Dutch had always been their true Friends, but that he detested the falseness of the French; that he was desirous of a Peace upon reasonable Terms, and not disagreeable to their Law, which would not permit them to give up any Thing, but what the Sword has taken each might keep; and that the Militia and Janizary Han being at Belgrade, he would go thither to consult them, and desired their Excellencies to accompany him.* Was then proposed to send Count Marfigli to Prince Lewis, and that a place might be appointed where to expect his Answer; The Viceroy Named Belgrade, and ordered 2000 Horses, and Convoys, to be provided as there may be occasion. From the Viceroy their Excellencies went to the Musti, and afterwards to the two Kaddyleskers of Europe and Asia, who all profess great Desires of a Peace, and a readiness to contribute all that depends on them towards the Promoting of it. Count Marfigli is dispatched by the way of Valachia to give Prince Lewis an account of these advances that are made on this side towards a Peace, and of the Conditions upon which the Turks are willing to Conclude it. The French in the mean time make use of all their Artifices to keep up their Credit here, and the French Ambassador has written to the Caimacan, now Viceroy, that his Master had taken 60 Ships of War from the English and Dutch, and four Fortresses from the Empire upon the Rhine; But the Turks have too well discovered the dissingenuity and falseness of the Accounts they have all along given them of the Affairs of Europe, to be any longer imposed upon by them.

Madrid, Octob. 10. This morning we have advice by an Express from St. Lucar, that four days ago one of the Gallies arrived there, the Commander of which gives an account that he was separated from the rest in bad weather near the Bermudas, who he believes will not be long after him. That before they came to the Havana, four of their Company were lost by a violent storm: And that Don Alonzo de Navarra, who had been many years Viceroy of Peru, and was now returning to Spain to be Vice-Chancellor of Arragon, died in his way homeward at Porto-bello. There is this night a Masquerade on Horseback performed by most of the Grandees by Torch-light, with rich Furnitures and Equipages, as also Luminaries almost in every House by order from Court, as a publick Expression of Joy for the Kings and Queens Recovery.

The Conjuncture Camp before Carmagnole, Octob. 6. In this instant we opened the Trenches before this place; There are three Attacks, one Commanded by the Elector of Bavaria and Count Casafu; the second by the Duke of Savoy, and the Duke of Schonberg; and the third by the Marquis de Leganes, Governor of Milan; The two former being so near together, that there are already made Lines of Communication from one to the other. On the 2nd our heavy Cannon arrived from Turin, which we are

now placing in Battery; and in the mean time we have carried on our Trenches to the Glacis of the Counter-scarpe, without loosing above 100 Men, among whom are 2 Officers of the Regiment of Lochis, and one of the Electors Ingenieurs. Monsieur de Catinat is still encamped near Saluces; The Marquis de Larre has left the Neighborhood of Susa, and is come with 6000 Men under his Command to Pignerol; The Vaudois have cut off 50 of his Foragers, and taken above 100 Horses between Lucerne and Pignerol. And just now we have advice, That the Marquis de Larre having sent a Detachment to bring to Pignerol the Forage that had been laid up at Lucerne, and to destroy the Country thereabouts, a Party of the Vaudois, Commanded by the Sieur Duchene, had fallen upon them, killed 50, wounded as many, and obliged the rest to retire in disorder.

Turin, Octob. 6. The Regiment of Fusiliers which came lately from Aosta, marched from hence on Tuesday last, to join our Army before Carmagnole, which consists at present of between 30 and 40000 men; and Monsieur Catinat is said not to have above 20000. The Trenches were opened before Carmagnole on the 3d, and the great Cannon arrived there the 5th. The Town is commanded by the Sieur de Pleuis Rillere, who has the reputation of a good Officer, and seems resolved to defend it.

Milan, Octob. 10. Last Night arrived here a Gentleman from the Camp before Carmagnole, in his way to Germany, whither he is dispatched by the Elector of Bavaria, with an account, That Carmagnole was Surrendered on Monday last in the Afternoon; the Garrison marching out with their Arms, Bag and Baggage, and 3 Pieces of Cannon, and leaving behind them, among other Cannon, 6 Pieces and 3 Mortars, with the Arms of France, and a great quantity of Provisions. The Garrison was retired with his whole Army; and, it's believed, our next Advances will inform us of his farther Retreat towards Dauphine. Great supplies of Ammunition and Bombs are still sent from hence to the Confederate Army, which makes us think they have some new design in hand.

Vicinia, Octob. 14. The Letters from the Imperial Camp in Hungary, give us this following Journal of their motions. On the 24th of the last Month the Count d'Arco came to Zibacke from making Incurtions into the Neighborhood of Great Waradin; The 25th he was sent back again with a Detachment of Horse to see the Ways mended, and made passible for the Cannon and Carriages. The 26th the Infantry and Artillery passed the Thays under the Command of Count Mansfelt, and marched to Sr. Nicolas. On the 27th Prince Lewis followed with the Cavalry. The 28th the Army encamped at Pambulna; The 29th and 30th they passed the River Gager. The first instant the Horse advanced to the Moras of Arcoz, and the Foot encamped two hours short off that place; The 2d the Horse marched to the River Hertopagy, and the Foot to Arcoz; The 3d the Foot came up, and a Bridge was laid over the Hertopagy, which they passed the 4th, and marched to Sabislau, and the 5th to Pajofich, where Prince Lewis received an Envoy from the King of Poland, who is sent to take care of the Interests of that Crown at the Treaty of Peace with the Turks. On the 6th the Army retired, and on the 10th they hoped to be before Great Waradin. The Advice of General Heisters being set at Liberty by Teckley is confirmed from Transilvania, the Marquis Doria, and two other Officers, remaining Hostages for the payment of his Ransom.

We hear from Effike, that the Duke de Groz was preparing to march with the Troops under his Command to reduce some places of Schronia which are still in the Possession of the Turks. A Battalion of Pass's Heydukes is put into Effike to Reinforce that Garrison; And the sick and wounded of the Imperial Army, which were removed into a Hospital near Mohatz are many of them recovered, and as fast as they grow well are sent to the Camp. We have advice from General Veterani's Camp, that our Hussars had taken the Palank of Tefine, and put all the Turks that were in it to the Sword; And that 2000 Tartars from Temeswar had attacked our Foragers, but were presently repulsed.

The Venetian Ambassador, now residing at this Court, will part from hence very suddenly towards Prince Lewis's Camp, to assist at the Negotiation of Peace as Plenipotentiary.