

or by the Governors of Our Colonies and Dependencies, or by Our representatives in countries under Our protection, and as may be approved by Our Principal Secretary of State for War upon the recommendation of Our Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies. The regulations aforesaid shall as far as possible correspond with those laid down for "The Volunteer Long Service Medal."

Volunteer Long Service Medals already issued to Colonial Forces under the authority of Our Warrant of the thirteenth June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, shall be considered equivalent to "The Colonial Auxiliary Forces Long Service Medal."

Our Warrant of the thirteenth June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, save and except so much of it as relates to Our Indian Empire, is hereby cancelled.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor*, this eighteenth day of *May*, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, in the sixty-second year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
Lansdowne.

*Chancery of the Royal Victorian Order,
St. James's Palace, May 25, 1899.*

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the Royal Victorian Order:—

To be Commander.

Colonel the Honourable Charles George Cornwallis Eliot, Comptroller and Treasurer to their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein.

To be Honorary Member of the Fourth Class.
Monsieur Jean de Reszke.

War Office, June 2, 1899.

THE name of George Raymond Birt, late Lieutenant-Colonel and Honorary Colonel, 3rd Volunteer Battalion, the Essex Regiment, is erased from the Register of individuals upon whom the Queen has been graciously pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration.

[The following Notice is substituted for that which appeared in the London Gazette of May 30, 1899.]

Foreign Office, May 1, 1899.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Robert Wyndham Graves, Esq., C.M.G., to be Her Majesty's Consul-General for the Island of Crete.

Crown Office, May 31, 1899.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

South-West Lancashire.—Southport Division.
Sir George Augustus Pilkington, Knt., in the place of Sir Herbert Scarisbrick Naylor-Leyland, Bart., deceased.

(F. & H. 7993.)

Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, June 1, 1899.

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative

at Rome, intimating that Egyptian ports are declared infected with bubonic plague, and that arrivals from those places will be subjected to Regulations contained in Marine Sanitary Ordinance (No. 3) of 8th May, 1897.

(F. & H. 8166.)

Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, June 1, 1899.

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Telegram from Her Majesty's Representative at Tangier, intimating that all vessels arriving from Alexandria shall be refused admission.

(F. & H. 8177.)

Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour Department), London, June 1, 1899.

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the following Notice respecting Quarantine issued by the Governor of Malta, viz. :—

Government Notice (No. 154).

HIS Excellency the Governor, having heard the opinion of the Board of Health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 138 of the 16th May, 1899, and to direct that the following regulations be observed, viz. :—

1. Vessels which are not allowed to enter the Harbour, but are allowed to communicate in Quarantine with the Islands of Comino and Cominotto under such restrictions as the Collector of Customs may direct.

(a.) Vessels that have on board, or have had during the voyage cases of cholera, yellow fever, or plague, or cases of a disease with symptoms resembling those of cholera, yellow fever, or plague.

(b.) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.

(c.) Vessels arriving from Arabian ports in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf which have not been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port Said.

2. Vessels which are allowed to enter the Quarantine Harbour to coal and take in provisions under Quarantine restrictions.

(a.) Vessels arriving from Egyptian and Indian ports without a clean bill of health which have not been admitted to free pratique in a port in the Adriatic or Mediterranean Sea, or which have not, to the satisfaction of the Chief Government Medical Officer, been thoroughly disinfected before being admitted to free pratique at the said port.

(b.) Vessels arriving from any port without a clean bill of health, which do not fall under any of the preceding regulations.

Vessels without a clean bill of health that carry a doctor may complete a period of ten days' quarantine, reckoned from date of departure, either at sea or at the anchorage of Comino, before being admitted under the same conditions as arrivals from Bombay.

3. Medical Inspection.

All vessels arriving at Malta shall undergo strict medical inspection.

4. Passengers.

(a.) Passengers arriving from Bombay, Kurra- chee, and passengers from Calcutta, on board vessels that do not carry a doctor, shall be landed in one of the quarantine establishments where they will be subjected to strict medical inspection until their clothing and all other articles of personal use, likely to retain infection, shall have been thoroughly disinfected.

(b.) Passengers arriving from Calcutta on board vessels that carry a doctor and that have been admitted to free pratique at Suez, shall be