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Rome, Octob. 13.

THE Differences that are arisen at Naples concerning the Inquisition, have been the Subject of several Consultations here, some of which have been held in the Pope's Presence. In the mean time the Bishop of Capri, who was Inquisitor in that Kingdom, is recalled, and come to Gaeta, where he is to perform his Quarantain before he returns hither; and the Archbishop of Naples is appointed by the Pope to supply his Place; but this does not content the People there, who demand to have the Tribunal of the Inquisition quite put down, and that their Archbishop shall have the Cognizance of all Matters that used to be brought before them, not as commissioner, but thereunto by the Pope, but as Archbishop of Naples. The Pop's Bulls for confirming Prince Anthony of Neubourg, Great Master of the Teutonic Order, in the Coadjutorship of Mentz, are dispatch'd, and sent away by an Extraordinary Courier, who parted from hence this week. The Marquis de Canessa, Envoy from the Duke of Mantua, has had Audience of the Pope, whom he pray'd to employ his Mediation in the Affairs now present depending between the Imperial Court and the said Duke. The Cardinal de Fowbin has had another Audience about the Bulls for the French Bishops; but the Pope continues unalterable in his Resolution, of having the Four Propositions first annull'd.

From the Confederate Camp at Piobes in Piedmont, Octob. 13. On the 7th instant in the morning we had advice, that Monsieur *Catinat* had abandoned *Saluces*, after having permitted his Troops to commit there all manner of Violences, and forced the Inhabitants to give the little they had left to save their Houses from being burnt. Towards evening the Battery at the Elector of *Bavaria's* Attack began to play upon *Carmagnole*, and some Bombs were thrown into the Town; the 8th in the morning the Duke of *Saroy's* Battery was finished, and they beatived with that effect, that in a short time all the Enemies Cannon, which could annoy us, were dismounted; in the mean time our Trenches were carried within 30 Paces of the Covered-Way, which would have been attack'd the night following, but the 8th about Noon the Enemy sent a Party, and sent out a Lieutenant-Colonel to capitulate; there was some dispute about the Articles, the Garrison demanding to be conducted to *Casal*, and to take with them all the Cannon that had been brought thither from *Pignerol*; but towards night the Capitulation was agreed on and signed, his Royal Highness facilitating the Conditions to prevent the ruin of the Town. The 9th the Garrison marched out, to the number of about 3000, but many of them sick, with their Arms and Biggsage, and 3 pieces of Cannon, and were conducted to *Pignerol*; our Soldiers could not be hindred from offering them some Bullets, in revenge of the ill Usage our men received from the French when they became Masters of this place. The Enemy left in the Town a very great quantity of Hay and Corn, several Hundred Barrels of Powder, and good store of Bullets. Above 400 of the Garrison, at their marching out, came voluntarily over to us and took Service in our Troops.

On the 11th the Army decamped from before *Carmagnole*, and having passed the *Po*, we marched 3 miles to *Lamb 1400*, and the 12th we encamped near *Piobes*, keeping with us all the Artillery we had before *Carmagnole*, which makes it thought the design is to attack some considerable place.

We hear that Monsieur *Catinat* is retired under the Cannon of *Pignerol*, and that great part of his Army has begun to retreat towards *Dauphine*.

Monsieur *du Casne* is arrived here from the Vallies, and confirms the account we lately had of a Rencounter

between a party of *Vandois* under his command, and some of the Enemies Troops, in which 60 of the latter were killed, and several taken prisoner; and this day we have advice by an Express, of a fresh advantage the *Vandois* have had over the French, who being come to the number of 4000, commanded by the Prince *d'Esbenf*, into the Valley of *Angregne*, with a design to destroy and ravage the Country, Monsieur *Mallet* marched thither with 300 Men, and advanced with 100 of these, supported by the rest, to attack the Enemy, who were posted on the Mountain of *Angregne*, which they did with that Resolution and Success, that they forced the French to retire with the loss of near 500 of their Men, among whom are several Officers, and Monsieur *Pelau*, Colonel of the Regiment of *Bizorne*, and several others were taken prisoners. Of the *Vandois* there were but 7 killed, and 11 or 12 wounded in this Action.

Mr. *Poley*, Envoy Extraordinary from His Majesty of Great Britain to the Duke of *Saroy*, is lately arrived at *Turin*.

Warsaw, Octob. 24. By Letters from the King of *Poland's* Camp, of the 28th of the last month we understand, that the Army was then encamped near *Kutnar*, within 6 miles of *Tass*, the Capital City of *Moldavia*, where they found great Plenty of Provilions; and that a Body of Cossacks, commanded by the *Sieur Chelmsky*, had taken the Fortrefs of *Sorock* on the *Niester*, and destroyed divers Villages thereabouts belonging to the *Tatars*.

From the Imperial Camp before Great Waradin, Octob. 14. You have already had an account of our marches to the 5th of this month, when the Army encamped at *Pagofch*. We rested there the 6th. On the 7th we marched to *Negletz*. The 8th to the River *Berex* near *Patschy*, where *Shelick's* and *Heisler's* Regiments of Dragoons joynd us. The 9th we passed that River, and encamped near a *Moras* not far distant from it; and here Count *Martig'i* was dispatched back to *Be'grade* with Prince *Lewis's* Instructions relating to the Negotiation of a Peace. The 10th the Cavalry advanced to *Bihar*, within a League of *Great Waradin*, the Infantry following under the command of Count *Mansfelt*. The 11th the Foot came up, and in the mean time Prince *Lewis* went with 2000 Horse to view the place. On the 12th the Count *de Stirum*, with 1000 men, and some Field-pieces, advanced nearer to the place, and was followed by the whole Army, who posted themselves near the River *Kerex*. The same day we began to Cannonade the Town from a Rising Ground, and to throw in Bombs and red-hot Bullets. The 13th we continued this firing, and 12 Battalions, *viz. Baden, Old Staremberg, Ettin, Houchin, Guido-Staremberg, Archinto, Amenzaga, Clizzola, Herberstein*, and 3 of the *Brandenburghers*, under the Command of General *Barfus* and Count *Guido of Staremberg*, posted themselves in a Valley near the City; and towards evening the Trenches were opened, and a Battery finished against a Gate of the Palank, called *Oloff*; and on the Right a Redoubt was cast up, and a Line of Communication drawn from thence to the aforesaid Battery. This day we began to batter the Palank with 6 pieces of great Cannon:

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