

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday December 14. to Thursday December 17. 1691.

Genova. Nov. 24.

THE Matter about the Winter Quarters is finally accommodated with General *Caraffa*, by the Interposition of the Governor of *Milan*; In pursuance of which the Republick is to pay 200000 Crowns, and the German Troops are to be withdrawn out of *Ovada*, and all other places belonging to this State.

Venice, Nov. 30. The Senate resolving to reinforce their Army against next Spring with several thousand Men, besides the Recruits for the Troops that are already on foot, have lately given out divers Commissions for new Levies and are now Treating with several Officers, who undertake to raise Regiments in *Germany* for the Service of the Republick, and to have them compleat by the beginning of *March*. They have had some Consultations likewise about the Choice of a General to command their Land Forces in the room of the Baron *de Degenfelt*, who died in November last at *Napoli di Romania*, but we do not hear that any body is yet fixed upon for this Command. The last Advices from the *Morea* say, that the Captain-General had taken a review of the Troops quartered thereabouts, whom he found in a good condition; That the Garisons were well provided; and the Pass of *Crinth* sufficiently secured against any attempt of the Enemy. A new Convoy is preparing here for the *Levant*, which we are told will be ready to sail by the middle of the next month, with all sorts of Provisions and Necessaries for our Forces, and several new-raised Troops, who are daily expected at the *Lido*.

Lemberg in Poland, November 17. The Forces of this Crown and of the Dutchy of *Lithuania* are separated and going into their Winter Quarters, having suffered extremely during this Campaign, by their long and difficult Marches, and the scarcity of Forage and Provisions, insomuch that the King has lost 300 Horses of his own Equipage. The whole Court is now at *Fawarow*, and will continue there till towards the meeting of the *Dyer*, which will be held at *Warsaw* in *January* next. And in the mean time the Commission for settling the Subsistence of the Troops in their Winter Quarters will be opened here in the presence of the Crown-General, and the other Chief Officers of the Army. At this Meeting care will be likewise taken to send such farther Supplies to the Garisons that are left in *Moldavia*, as are necessary to preserve those places which may be of great consequence to

the Crown of *Poland*, in facilitating the Entire Conquest of that Province.

Vienna, December 6. Great *Waradin* is very closely block'd up, and the rest of the Army are retired into Winter Quarters. Great Preparations are made for the next Campaign, when the Emperor intends to have a more numerous Army in *Hungary* than he had this last, if a Peace be not made with the Turks this Winter, of which we have still great hopes. The *Sieur Curtz*, who was sent some time ago by the Emperor in the Quality of his Envoy into *Moscow*, is come back, and has presented a Letter to his Imperial Majesty from the *Czars*, wherein they very much value the Diversion they have given the *Tartars* this last Summer, in hindering them from sending all their Forces to *Hungary*; promise to do the like the next; and desire they may be included in the Peace when 'tis made.

Dresden, Dec. 9. On the 11th instant will be performed with great Solemnity the Interrment of the late Elector of *Saxony*; And on the 13th following the present Elector will be Homag'd at *Wittenberg*, on the 20th at *Torgau*, the 27th at *Leipsick*, where he will pass some days; And after that his Electoral Highness intends to take a Journey into *Upper Lusace*, to receive the Homage of the States of that Country.

Cologne, Dec. 14. Our Frontiers are at present very quiet, and such care is taken, that we do not doubt but they will continue so. Our Elector is Expected here in *February*; And 'tis said, that the Elector of *Bavaria*, his Brother, will accompany him hither, and that from hence he will go on for *Holland*. We are told from *Suifferland*, that the Siege of *Montmelian* had given the City of *Geneva* new apprehensions of the French, and that the Canton of *Berne* had therefore called upon that of *Zuricke* to joyn with them in keeping a watchful Eye for the security of that Republick.

Geneva, December 5. We have received the following Journal of the Siege of *Montmelian* from the 17th of the last month to the 2d of this.

The French having resolved formally to besiege the Fortreis of *Montmelian*, which they had for some time before kept under a Blockade, the *Sieur de Catina* set down before it with an Army of about 12 or 14000 Men. He caused the Trenches to be opened on the 17th of the last month, which were directed towards a Ravelin that covers the outward Ditch; and that night they had about 40 Men killed and wounded, with a Captain, 3 Lieutenants, and 7 Subalterns. The 18th they carried on their Works and lost 120 Men, a Major, 5 Captains, 7 Lieutenants, and