

Privy Council Office, July 9, 1901.

**DOCKYARD PORTS REGULATION ACT,
1865.**

NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of forty days from the date hereof, it is proposed to submit to His Majesty in Council, in pursuance of the above-mentioned Act, the draft of an Order in Council defining the limits of the Dockyard Port of Berehaven and making Regulations with respect to the said Dockyard Port.

And notice is hereby further given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, copies of the proposed draft Order in Council can be obtained by any public body, within forty days of the date of this notice, at the Privy Council Office, Whitehall.

*Chancery of the Royal Victorian Order,
St. James's Palace, July 9, 1901.*

THE King has been graciously pleased to make the following appointment to the Royal Victorian Order:—

To be Honorary Knight Grand Cross.

His Imperial Highness The Grand Duke Michael Michaelowitch of Russia.

Foreign Office, April 1, 1901.

THE King has been graciously pleased to appoint Herbert Arthur Richards, Esq., to be Oriental Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Teheran.

Foreign Office, July 1, 1901.

THE King has been pleased to approve of Don Carlos G. Esteñes as Consul of Peru at Glasgow; Mr. A. Weir as Consul of Bolivia at Glasgow; and Señor Saturio Gonzalez as Consul of Venezuela at Demerara.

Whitehall, July 5, 1901.

THE King has been pleased, by Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, to appoint the Right Reverend Cosmo Gordon Lang, M.A., Bishop Suffragan of Stepney, Canon of the Cathedral Church of Saint Paul in London, to the office of Treasurer of the said Cathedral Church, the said office being vacant by the promotion of Doctor Arthur Foley Winnington-Ingram to the See of London.

Whitehall, July 8, 1901.

THE King has been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Thomas Devall to the Vicarage of the Parochial District of South Ramsey, in the Isle of Man.

(F. & H. 10481.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, July 6, 1901.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of the following Telegram, dated 3rd instant, from His Majesty's Representative at Constantinople:—"Two suspected cases of plague at Constantinople. Foul bills of health given from to-day."

(F. & H. 10521.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries and Harbour
Department), London, July 6, 1901.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the

following Notice respecting quarantine, issued by the Governor of Malta, viz.:—

Government Notice.—(No. 165.)

His Excellency the Governor, having heard the opinion of the Council of Health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 102 of the 18th April, 1901, and to direct that the following regulations be observed, viz.:—

1. The importation is forbidden of—

(a.) Cattle (except horses, mules, and asses) from Egypt, the Province of Naples, Calabria and Salonica;

(b.) Wool, hides, skins, horns, bones, and hoofs from the above places and from countries where epidemic diseases are reported;

(c.) Cattle arriving from any place, if affected with any disease in view of which, in the opinion of the Chief Government Medical Officer, their admission into the lazaretto might prove detrimental to other cattle already in the Island.

2. Cattle which may be allowed to be landed under the conditions hereinafter specified, and subject to their being kept isolated and under observation in such of the inclosures at the Lazaretto as may be assigned or approved for that purpose for the period hereinafter stated.

(a.) Cattle from the Black Sea, Sea of Azov, Syria, and Roumelia (unless the importation is otherwise prohibited) subjected to three months' observation.

(b.) Cattle from Morocco, Prevesa, and Sardinia (unless the importation is otherwise prohibited) subjected to 15 days' observation.

(c.) Cattle from Sicily (unless the importation is otherwise prohibited) subjected to 10 days' observation.

(d.) Cattle from the Regency of Tunis and from Bengazi (unless the importation is otherwise prohibited) subjected to two days' observation.

(e.) Horses, mules, and asses from Egypt, the Province of Naples, Calabria, Salonica, and Turkey in Asia, subjected to three days' observation, provided that such horses, mules, and asses shall be released, after inspection at the lazaretto, if the owner undertake to keep the animals in a place approved of by the Collector of Customs, and to cause them to be inspected by a Government medical officer or veterinary surgeon twice a week for nine weeks.

The cattle referred to in this paragraph shall not be allowed to be landed, unless the consignee shall have in each case and before shipment, made a written application, stating the approximate number of animals intended to be imported, and obtained the necessary permission after having agreed to abide by any regulations which may be established. Such application shall imply that the consignee has bound himself to abide by any regulations which may be in force on the day of importation, or which may be issued during the time in which the cattle may have to remain in quarantine, and also to pay the entrance fees, fees for guards, and other fees for ordinary or extraordinary expenses usually levied on cattle at the lazaretto.

3. Swine.

(a.) Swine arriving from Prevesa may be imported subject to 90 days' quarantine at the lazaretto.

(b.) Swine arriving from all the other western ports of European Turkey and Greece will be subjected to eight days' observation at the lazaretto.

[4. General Provisions.

All cattle intended for importation into these Islands, must be accompanied by a certificate from