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FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1902.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 5th day of June, 1902.

By a Committee of the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT,

Lord President.

Lord Balfour of Burleigh.

Sir John Gorst.

WHEREAS by Section 1 of "The Pharmacy Act, 1868," it is enacted that it shall be unlawful for any person to sell or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, or compounding poisons, or to assume or use the title "Chemist and Druggist," or Chemist or Druggist, or Pharmacist, or Dispensing Chemist or Druggist, in any part of "Great Britain," unless such person shall be a Pharmaceutical Chemist, or a Chemist and Druggist within the meaning of that Act, and be registered under that Act, and conform to such regulations as to the keeping, dispensing, and selling of such poisons as may from time to time be prescribed by the Pharmaceutical Society with the consent of the Privy Council:

And whereas the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain did, on the 11th day of January, 1899, adopt certain regulations for the keeping, dispensing, and selling of poisons within the meaning of "The Pharmacy Act, 1868," in accordance with the provisions set forth in Section 1 of that Act:

And whereas the said regulations received the consent of the Lords of the Council on the 31st day of January, 1899:

And whereas the Pharmaceutical Society did, on the 28th day of May, 1902, resolve that Clause 3 of the regulations be amended by the deletion of the word "and" preceding the word "lotions," and that the words "*and liquid disinfectants*" be added immediately after the word "lotions":

And whereas the said Society has submitted the said resolution for the consent of the Privy Council.

Now, therefore, the Lords of the Council are hereby pleased to signify their consent to the said amendment, and to consent to the said regulations so amended (copy whereof is hereto annexed),

A. W. FitzRoy.

Regulations referred to in the foregoing Order.

"1. That in the keeping of poisons, each bottle, vessel, box, or package containing a poison be labelled with the name of the article, and also with some distinctive mark indicating that it contains poison.

"2. Also that in the keeping of poisons, each poison be kept on one or other of the following systems, viz. :—

"(a.) In a bottle or vessel tied over, capped, locked, or otherwise secured in a manner different from that in which bottles or vessels containing ordinary articles are secured in the same warehouse, shop, or dispensary; or

"(b.) In a bottle or vessel rendered distinguishable by touch from the bottles or vessels in which ordinary articles are kept in the same warehouse, shop, or dispensary; or

"(c.) In a bottle, vessel, box, or package kept in a room or cupboard set apart for dangerous articles.

"3. That in the dispensing and selling of poisons, all liniments, embrocations, lotions *and liquid disinfectants*, containing poison be sent out in bottles rendered distinguishable by touch from ordinary medicine bottles, and that there also be affixed to each such bottle (in addition to the name of the article, and to any particular instructions for its use) a label giving notice that the contents of the bottle are not to be taken internally."

The Lord Chancellor's Office.

GENERAL RULE UNDER THE COMPANIES (WINDING UP) ACT, 1890.

The following Draft Rule is published pursuant to the Rules Publication Act :—

The powers given to the Registrar in Companies (Winding Up) by Rule 1 of the Companies (Winding Up) Rules, August, 1892, are hereby extended so as to apply to any action in which the chamber proceedings are by any Rules of the Supreme Court or otherwise directed to be dealt with by the said Registrar.

Copies may be obtained on application at the Lord Chancellor's Office, House of Lords.

July 2, 1902.