

WITHOUT COMPETITION.

Post Office: Postmen, London, George Robert Harris, John Arthur James Lyme.

Porter, London, Charles Walter Webb.

Learners, Clarence Macdonald (Macclesfield), Gordon Read Payne (Canterbury), Beata May Perrott (Bristol).

Postmen, Walter William Barker (Cambridge), Albert James Boddington (Maidenhead), Elias Davies (Bridgend), Frederick William James Gilburd (Birmingham), Frank John Lett (Birmingham), Herbert Ernest Rhodes (Birmingham), Albert Watkins (Coleford, Gloucestershire).

Temporary Assistant Postmen, George Henry Putt (Dartmouth), Charles Edward Shute (Blackpool).

UNDER CLAUSE VII OF THE ORDER IN COUNCIL OF 4TH JUNE, 1870.

Post Office: Postmen, London, Albert Harman, Thomas Peppercorn.

Postman, Newry, James Brennan.

FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY MESSENGER.

Alexander George Stuart.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

(DATED 14TH NOVEMBER 1902.)

LLANDOVERY (MUZZLING AND CONTROL OF DOGS) ORDER OF 1902.

The Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 and 1896, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Extent and Enforcement.

1. This Order applies to and shall be in force in the district described in the schedule to this Order (in this Order referred to as the scheduled district), and shall be enforced by the Local Authority.

Movement of dogs out of scheduled district prohibited.

2. No dog shall be moved out of the scheduled district, but this Article shall not apply to the movement of a dog through the scheduled district by railway from a place outside the said district to another place outside the said district without unnecessary delay and without being rebooked within the scheduled district.

Control of dogs in public places.

3.—(1.) A dog in or on any public place in the scheduled district shall at all times be efficiently muzzled with an effective wire cage muzzle and shall also, between sunset and sunrise, be led by a person with a collar and chain or other attachment.

(2.) The provisions of this Article shall not apply to any dog confined in a suitable hamper, crate, box, or other receptacle, so constructed as to render it impossible for such dog while so confined to bite any person or animal.

Control of dogs not in public places.

4. A dog on any premises in the scheduled district, not being a public place, shall, subject

as hereinafter mentioned, be kept under control by being—

- (i.) confined in a kennel or other enclosure from which the dog cannot escape; or
- (ii.) secured to some premises by a collar and chain; or
- (iii.) efficiently muzzled with an effective wire cage muzzle, and also led by a person with a collar and chain or other attachment;

Provided that, between sunrise and sunset, it shall be sufficient if the dog while on any premises, not being a public place, is either muzzled or led as above mentioned.

Seizure, detention, and disposal of unmuzzled dogs.

5.—(1.) Any dog found in or on any public place, which is not muzzled or is not led in manner prescribed by this Order, may be seized by the Local Authority or by the police and any dog so seized shall be dealt with by the Local Authority as follows:

- (i.) If the dog is diseased or suspected or has been bitten by a diseased or suspected dog it shall be forthwith slaughtered.
- (ii.) If the dog has been exposed to the infection of rabies it shall be detained, slaughtered, or otherwise dealt with as the Local Authority think expedient, but so that the dog shall not, while detained by the Local Authority, be allowed to come in contact with any other animal.
- (iii.) In any other case the dog shall be detained in some proper place and be there kept for such period as the Local Authority think expedient: Provided that where the person having charge of or the owner of a dog so detained is known, the Local Authority shall cause notice to be forthwith given to such person or owner of the fact of the dog having been so seized and detained, and the dog shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any penalty for the infringement of this Order, be given up to such person or owner on payment of the reasonable expenses incurred in respect of such detention. If the dog so seized and detained has not been claimed by such person or owner within three days after the seizure, or, where such person or owner is known, within two days after the aforesaid notice has been given, the Local Authority may cause the dog to be slaughtered or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the Local Authority deem expedient.

(2.) Every dog shall for the purposes of this Article be deemed to have been exposed to the infection of rabies which has been in the same shed, stable, building, kennel, field, or other place or otherwise in contact with any diseased or suspected dog, or which has in any other way been exposed to the infection of rabies.

Temporary provision as to muzzling of dogs in public places.

6. Until the nineteenth day of November, one thousand nine hundred and two (including that day) a dog in the scheduled district need not be muzzled if it is led by a person with a collar and chain or other attachment.

General provisions of the Rabies Order of 1897.

7. Subject to the provisions of this Order, all the provisions of the Rabies Order of 1897 shall, so far as the same are applicable, continue to apply, during the continuance of this Order, to the scheduled district.