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Vienna, March 27.

WE have an account by the last Letters from Hungary, that the Turks continue to draw together about Belgrade; as also on the River Theisse towards Guin and Tezo; and that the Bassa of this last Place expected a Reinforcement of 6000 Arabouts, in ending, for as they had joynd him, to march to the Relief of Great Waradin; of which he had sent Notice to that Garrison by two Turks, who got into the Place about the 20th of the last month, and were received there with a great deal of Joy: And that hereupon Major-General Truker was marched with his Regiment of Hungarians, and a Detachment of Germans, to meet the Enemy, and secure the Pass by which they must approach to Great Waradin. The Advices from Turkey say, that Tackly was come to Adrianople, where he had had several Audiences of the Grand Viceroy, and Conferences with the French Ambassador; and had undertaken, with the Assistance of the Tartars, to make an Invasion into Transilvania; And that the Turks gave out they would be very early in the Field this year. On our side the Preparations for the War are very great, and in good forwardness. The Imperial Regiments that have had their Winter Quarters in the Hereditary Countries, have Orders to begin their march about the end of this month towards Effick, where they are to encamp as they arrive; The Emperors Army will consist of 45000 men of his own Troop; besides the Auxiliaries from the Princes of the Empire, which are reckoned at 16000 men, and the Hungarians and Radziens, who will make likewise a considerable Body.

Cologne, April 4. The Elector of Cologne continues still at Bonn, but intends to go the next week to Arensburg. We hear from Munster, that Major-General Evernsfeldt is to command the Troops which that Bishop sends to the Emperor's Assistance in Hungary.

Hamburg, April 4. The Letters from Copenhagen, of the first instant, say, that the 2000 men, with which the King of Denmark does assist the Emperor, would within a Fortnight begin their march towards Hungary; and that the Duke of Wintenberg arrived there the 31th past, and intended to return in 8 or 10 days to Flanders. And from Hamouer, we are told, that the Negotiation with that Court for 6000 men, to serve his Imperial Majesty in Hungary, is far advanced.

Paris, April 4. The Troops that are to form the Army on the Coasts of Normandy are marching thither; 'twas said at first, that they should consist but of 8 or 9000 men, but were now told, that they will be composed of 26 Battalions of Irish, and 8000 French as well Foot as Horse: The Count de Cloussul, and Lieutenant-General Sarsfield, are to command them under the Marechal de Belfonds; and Monsieur de Sparvide, Monsieur Anselme, and the Marquis de Vastreville, are to be Marechals de Camp. The last Letters from Theilou said, that the Count d'Estrees was, with the Squadron under his Command, on the 23d of the last month, still at the Isles of Hives, where he stood for a fair Wind. The French King's Journey towards Flanders remains fixed for the end of this month, but the day of his setting out, is not yet declared. 'Tis said, that the Duke de Maine will be made Colonel-General of

the French Foot, which Command has been vacant ever since the Death of the Duke of Espervan.

Brussels, April 6. The Elector of Brabant intends, after the Holidays, to go and visit the Spanish Garrisons in Flanders, and to make a Reform among the Forces in the Service of these Counties, which he will reduce to 100 Troops of Horse and Dragoons, and 12 Regiments of Foot. There passes nothing remarkable on our Frontiers; 'Tis only said, that the French are preparing to make an Encampment near Philipulle, and another near Estienne between Thuin and Maburge. The Marquis de Gastanaga has received Orders to return to Spain, and intends very shortly to embark at Ostend, in order to his Passage thither. Monsieur Dyckvelt goes hence to morrow for Loo; and the Marquis de Castel Moncayo the day after for the Hague, with the Character of Ambassador from the King of Spain. Two Regiments are ordered to march from hence to Namur.

Hague, April 8. The King is still at Loo; but 'tis said that His Majesty will return hither in 8 or 10 days; and that there will very soon be an Enterview between His Majesty and the Elector of Brabant, at Leo, Breda, or some other place nearer Brussels. The Baron de Loxev Saffig, who lately arrived here in the Quality of Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Trier, is gone to Leo to compliment His Majesty on the Part of his Electoral Highness; and from thence goes on to Flanders. The President de la Tour, Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of Savoy, and the Brandenburg Ministers the Sieur Darskelman, and the Sieur Smarcean, are likewise gone thither to wait upon His Majesty; where Monsieur Dyckvelt was expected last night from Brussels. The States of Holland are separated till this day sevenight. Our Merchant Ships from Cadix are arrived in several Ports of these Provinces; and Vice-Admiral Everzen, who Convoyd them, is returned with the Men of War under his Command towards the Coasts of England.

Dublin, March 25. On Monday last the Lord Viscount Blessington, and the Marquis de Lavigny (whom his Majesty has been pleased to Create a Viscount of this Kingdom, by the Name and Style of Viscount Gallway,) were sworn of Their Majesties Privy Council here. This day was published here their Majesties Proclamation; which follows;

WILLIAM R.

WHEREAS by an Act made in Our Parliament at Westminster, in the First Year of Our Reign, Entituled, [An Act for the better Security and Relief of Their Majesties Protestant Subjects of Ireland:] It was (among other Things) enacted, that all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, of the Protestant Religion, should be absolutely Discharged and Acquitted of and from the Payment of all Quit-Rents, Crown Rents, Compunction-Rents, Hearth-Money, Twentieth Parts, Payments, and other Chief Rents arising or payable out of any House;