

# The London Gazette.

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Rome, April 5.

THE Popes Gallies are fitting out, in order to join the Venetian Fleet in the Levant; and the Land Men that are to embark on them, are ordered to march to *Civita Vecchia*. The Cardinals *d'Estree* and *Fourbin* continue their Sollicitations on behalf of the French Bishops that assisted in the Assembly, of 1682, but hitherto have not been able to prevail with the Pope to Grant them his Bulls, as he has done to the other new Bishops. Cardinal *Chigi* is very weak, and its thought he will hardly recover.

*Turin, April 5.* The Marquis *de Leganez* is returned to *Milan*, and our Duke is gone with the Count *de Louvigny*, Maître de Camp General of the Forces of the Milaneze, towards the Valley of *Aost*, to view the Passes on that side. In the mean time the Preparations for the Campagne are continued here with great diligence; and it's generally believed that the Resolution is taken to begin it with the Siege of *Susa* or *Pignerol*; which the French seem to be very apprehensive of, and therefore are putting those places, especially the last, into the best posture of defence they can. We had an account about a Fort-night ago, that 8 French Battalions, of new raised Men were come to *Susa*, and into the Vallies of *Pragelas* and *Oulx*; and that 16 others would speedily follow them, but we have not since heard that any more of their Troops are come into those Parts; And by the Preparations they have yet made on this side, it appears they have no other design than to act Defensively this Summer; They have at present not above 3000 men in the whole County of *Nice*.

*Milan, April 9.* Our Governor is come back from *Turin*; and we are told that the Troops, who are to serve in *Piedmont*, will now very shortly begin their march thither in order to open the Campagne. The Troops of *Wirtemberg* in the Service of this State, were mustered this Week at *Lodi*, and 40000 Crowns paid to the Duke of *Wirtemberg's* Resident; after which, 6 Troops of Horse, 3 of Dragoons, and 3 Companies of Foot were Reformed, and the Men made use of towards recruiting the rest. The Recruits for the German Forces have met with some difficulties in their passage through the Country of the *Grisons*, by the means of the French Ambassador in *Suisserland*, but they are now removed, and a free passage granted them.

*Venice, April 11.* By Letters from *Napoli di Romania* of the 15th of the last month, we have an account, That the Captain General had taken a Review of all the Troops of this State quartered thereabouts, and that he expected with some impatience the Succors that have been promised him from hence, intending to take the Field so soon as they were arrived. He had sent out a Squadron to cruize in the *Archipelago*, and to hinder the Conjunction of the Corsairs of *Barbary* with the Turkish Fleet; and had ordered the Garrisons of *Suda* and *Spina Longa*

in the Kingdom of *Candia* to be changed, upon a suspicion that the Turks had some Intelligence in those places.

*Vienna, April 13.* General *Heusler* goes from hence to morrow for *Upper Hungary*; where five Imperial Regiments are already on their march towards *Great Waradin*, in order to reduce that Place; and 4000 Peasants are Summoned in, to work in the Siege that's going to be formed for that purpose. Several Regiments are at the same time ordered to march towards *Essecke* to reinforce that Garrison, and to observe the Turks, who are still in a Body in *Sclavonia*, expecting a Reinforcement of 4000 men from *Belgrade*. The Count *de Caprara* has since his arrival here assisted at several Conferences of War. A great Train of Artillery is preparing to be sent by Water to *Hungary*. The Fleet of Gallies and Barks which is to serve on the *Danube*, under the Command of the Marquis *de Heury*, will be ready by the middle of the next month. The Letters from *Constantinople* of the 18th of February give an account, That the New Grand Visier, *Alt Passa* had made great Alterations among the principal Officers of that Court, removing all those that gave him any Jealousie. That he had put out the Tugh or Horse Tails, as a Sign of his departure from *Adrianople*, which 'twas believed might be in *April*, but that he intended to stay some time at *Sophia*, and would not be at *Belgrade* till *June*; That his Army, as the Turks gave out, would consist of 50000 Foot, and 40000 Horse, but most of them new raised men; and that *Teckey* was to Act with a separate Body towards *Transilvania*.

*Frankfort, April 20.* Two Bavarian Regiments of Horse, one of which is the Electors Life Guard, march through *Frankenland* towards *Miltenberg*, from whence they will proceed by Land to *Flanders*, the design of their passing by Water on large Floats as far as *Cologne* or *Nuys*, being found impracticable.

*Cologne, April 22.* The Elector of *Cologne* is so well recovered of his late Indisposition, that he intends to come hither to morrow, and from hence to go on to *Flanders*. A Party of Germans met some days ago with a small French Party near *Wormes*, of whom they took 7 or 8 Prisoners, and 20 Horses, and brought them to *Bensheim* in the *Bergstract*.

*Paris, April 21.* The Regiment of French Guards begins its march towards *Flanders* the 27th of this month; and the *Gens d'Armes* and Light Horse are to follow the beginning of the next. The Irish, who are but meanly provided for, and most of them very ill Cloathed, have committed great Disorders in their march to *Normandy*, where they plundered and burnt divers Houses, and killed several of the Inhabitants, of which the Intendant of *Caen* has sent a complaint to the French Court. The Letters from *Brest* confirm the loss of 15 or 16 Vessels, by the late Storm, which were laden with Provisions for our Fleet. We have likewise the Confirmation from *Leghorn*, That the Tripolins had resolved to break with us, and emprisoned the French Consul.

Briffers