

# The London Gazette.

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From Thursday May 5. to Sunday May 9. 1692

By the King and Queen,

## A PROCLAMATION

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houses of Parliament.

Marie R.

Whereas by Our Proclamation bearing date the seventeenth day of March last, We did Declare, That convenient Notice should be given by Proclamation of the Time when Our Parliament should Meet, and Sit for the dispatch of Business, We have therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Issue this Our Proclamation, hereby Declaring and Publishing Our Will and Pleasure, That Our Parliament, which is now Prosequed to the Four and Twentieth day of this instant May, shall on the said Day Meet and Sit for the Dispatch of such Weighty and Important Affairs, as may be requisite for the Safety of this Our Kingdom, in a time when it is Threatned with a Powerful Invasion from Abroad: And We do hereby Charge and Require all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of the House of Commons, accordingly to give their Attendance at Westminster on the said Four and Twentieth Day of this instant May. Given at Our Court at Whitehall, the Fifth day of May, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

Madrid, April 17. The Marquis de Conflans is come to Court, and will in few days return to Catalonia, to serve there as General of Arms. The Marquis de Grigni arrived the last Week at the Groyne from Flanders, and is going to his Command of General of the Horse in Catalonia: Three Thousand men have been lately sent thither from Malaga and Alicant to reinforce our Army; which will be composed of 16000 effective men, to wit, 11000 Foot, and 5000 Horse and Dragoons. The Fleet is fitting out at Cadix with all the diligence possible; and Don Pedro de Corbette, who is made Admiral for this Expedition, writes from thence, that he hopes to be at Sea by the end of this month. The Court will remove from hence on the 25th of this month to Aranjuez.

Milan, April 23. The Duke of Savoy, Generalissimo of the Imperial Forces in Italy, arrived here the 13th instant from Turin, being attended by the principal Officers of his Court and Army. The Marquis de Leganes, our Governor, with the Count de Louvigny, Maître de Camp General, the Duke del Sesto General of the Horse in the Service of this State, and several other Persons of Quality, went as

far as Buffalora to meet his Royal Highness, and conducted him to the Ducal Palace in this City, where he was Lodged and Entertained with great Magnificence. On the 14th a Council of War was held, and another the 15th, to regulate Matters concerning the march of the Forces towards Piedmont, and the opening of the Campagne so soon as the Grass is grown enough to furnish Forage for the Horse. And on the 18th his Royal Highness parted from hence on his return towards Turin.

Venice, April 25. By a Vessel come from Malta we have advice, That the Gallies of that Order lay ready to Sail for the Levant, where they are to joyn the Fleet of this State. From Dalmatia we hear, That the Proveditore General was drawing his Troops together, in order to some Enterprize against the Enemy, who had emptied their Garrisons on that side by the strong Detachments they had sent to their Army in Hungary. The last Advices from the Morea, say; That the Captain General Moccenigo did dispose things for the opening of the Campagne; that he had taken a review of the Troops newly raised in that Country; and had sent a Squadron of Men of War to cruise in the Archipelago. Monsieur Rabenac the French Envoy, has orders to return from hence to Rome, and to reside there.

Warsaw, April 20. The King of Poland is returned from Lemberg to Jawarow, where he has held a Council of War, and has ordered the Forces of this Crown to Rendezvous the 20th of the next month near Lemberg; The great Officers are accordingly preparing their Equipages, and the King intends to be himself with the Army before the end of May. In the mean time several strong Parties have been sent towards Moldavia to get Intelligence of the Enemies Motions, and they all bring an account, that the Tartars, who conducted the last Convoy to Caminice, are returned home; and that the Cham with most of his Hordes was preparing to march towards Hungary, to joyn the Ottoman Army. From Muscovy we have advice, That Czar Peter was going to Preslace, a Town on the River Wolga, to take a Review of his Forces which were appointed to Rendezvous near that place; that he had ordered a Train of 200 pieces of Cannon to be sent thither; and intended to march himself at the head of his Army against the Tartars.

Vienna, April 27. The Letters from Hermanstadt in Transylvania of the 10th instant, tell us, That 16 Turkish Barks or Saicks had endeavoured to pass by the Cave, which the Imperialists are possessed of near Orsewa, and that in order to force their way, they had landed a strong party of Men, but they were beaten back, and above 20 of them killed and wounded. The Imperial Regiments designed for