

Plate produced by the Board of Trade, so as to ascertain whether the metal was within the remedy as to fineness prescribed in the said First Schedule to the said Act, and we found that the amount of variation thereof from the Standard of Fineness specified in the said First Schedule to the said Act was plus four hundred-thousandths (or +00004), and that, therefore, the said metal was within the prescribed remedy as to fineness. We weighed the residue of the said Gold coins in bulk, and we ascertained that they were within the remedy as to weight. We then took from such residue six Sovereigns, and weighed and assayed them separately, and we found that such Sovereigns weighed respectively,—the first, 123·301 grains, the second, 123·286 grains, the third, 123·254 grains, the fourth, 123·144 grains, the fifth, 123·262 grains, the sixth, 123·225 grains. We then assayed the said six Sovereigns separately, and we found the millesimal fineness of such Sovereigns to be,—the first, 916·70, the second, 916·73, the third, 916·76, the fourth, 916·76, the fifth, 916·72, the sixth, 916·87, respectively.

Dated the fourth day of July, 1907.

*G. Matthey, Foreman.*  
*R. Williams.*  
*Alfred Dent.*  
*John B. Carrington.*  
*Henry F. Bowles.*  
*Frank Eady.*  
*Alban Gibbs.*  
*Chas. H. Townley.*  
*Alfred Baldwin.*  
*H. C. Lambert.*  
*H. W. Robinson.*  
*Geo. H. Pite.*

*James R. Mellor, King's Remembrancer.*

taken out and weighed, into an ingot, and assayed such ingot, comparing it with the standard Gold Trial Plate produced by the Board of Trade, so as to ascertain whether the metal was within the remedy as to fineness prescribed in the said First Schedule to the said Act, and we found that the amount of variation thereof from the Standard of Fineness specified in the said First Schedule to the said Act was plus two hundred-thousandths (or +00002), and that, therefore, the said metal was within the prescribed remedy as to fineness. We weighed the residue of the said Gold coins in bulk, and we ascertained that they were within the remedy as to weight. We then took from such residue six Sovereigns, and weighed and assayed them separately, and we found that such Sovereigns weighed respectively,—the first, 123·290 grains, the second, 123·335 grains, the third, 123·311 grains, the fourth, 123·256 grains, the fifth, 123·333 grains, the sixth, 123·268 grains. We then assayed the said Six Sovereigns separately, and we found the millesimal fineness of such Sovereigns to be,—the first, 916·50, the second, 916·83, the third, 916·71, the fourth, 916·81, the fifth, 916·56, the sixth, 916·82 respectively.

Dated the fourth day of July, 1907.

*G. Matthey, Foreman.*  
*R. Williams.*  
*Alfred Dent.*  
*John B. Carrington.*  
*Henry F. Bowles.*  
*Frank Eady.*  
*Alban Gibbs.*  
*Chas. H. Townley.*  
*Alfred Baldwin.*  
*H. C. Lambert.*  
*H. W. Robinson.*  
*Geo. H. Pite.*

*James R. Mellor, King's Remembrancer.*

## TRIAL OF THE PYX OF THE PERTH MINT.

### VERDICT.

WE, whose names are hereunder written, having been sworn on the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, before the King's Remembrancer, at Goldsmiths' Hall, in the City of London, have made the Assays and Trials of His Majesty's Gold coins in the Pyx of the Branch Mint at Perth, in the Colony of West Australia, which, according to accounts produced by the Officers of the Mint, were coined in the said Branch Mint from the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred and six, to the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seven, both days inclusive. We ascertained that the number of coins in each packet produced to us corresponded with the number which the Officers of the Mint represented it to contain, and we took one coin from each of such packets of Gold coins, amounting altogether to one hundred and forty-four Sovereigns or Twenty-shilling pieces, and we weighed each of the said coins separately, and ascertained that they were within the remedy as to weight prescribed in the First Schedule to the Coinage Act, 1870, as amended by the Coinage Act, 1891. We found that the amount of variation from the Standard of Weight specified in the said First Schedule to the said Act was plus seven-thousandths of an ounce (+007 oz.) on the whole of such coins. We then melted the said Gold coins so

## TRIAL OF THE PYX OF THE SYDNEY MINT.

### VERDICT.

WE, whose names are hereunder written, having been sworn on the eleventh day of June, one thousand nine hundred and seven, before the King's Remembrancer, at Goldsmiths' Hall, in the City of London, have made the Assays and Trials of His Majesty's Gold coins in the Pyx of the Branch Mint at Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, which, according to accounts produced by the Officers of the Mint, were coined in the said Branch Mint from the first day of April, one thousand nine hundred and six, to the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred and seven, both days inclusive. We ascertained that the number of coins in each packet produced to us corresponded with the number which the Officers of the Mint represented it to contain, and we took two coins from each of such packets of Gold coins, amounting altogether to one hundred and twenty-two Sovereigns, or Twenty-shilling pieces, and to twelve Half-Sovereigns or Ten-shilling pieces, and we weighed each of the said coins separately, and ascertained that they were within the remedy as to weight prescribed in the First Schedule to the Coinage Act, 1870, as amended by the Coinage Act, 1891. We found that the amount of variation from the Standard of Weight specified