the withdrawal of a Notice (Form A) declaring part thereof to be an Infected Place.

(3.) The restrictions imposed by a Notice under this Article shall remain in force until such Notice is withdrawn by a further Notice (Form C) signed by an Inspector of the Local Authority or of the Board and served on the occupier of the premises.

(4.) The Inspector shall with all practicable speed send copies of any Notice served by him under this Article to the Local Authority and to the police officer in charge of the nearest police station of the District.

## Rules affecting Premises under Movement Restrictions.

5. The following Rules shall apply to all premises on which movement of swine is restricted under the preceding Articles of this Order, but subject to the provision of Article 2 (8) as to granting of licences.

Rule 1. Swine shall not be moved out of the premises except on the following conditions:

(a.) The movement must be authorised by a licence granted by an Inspector of the Local Authority or of the Board;

(b.) The movement must be direct to a bacon factory or slaughterhouse and not elsewhere, and the bacon factory or slaughterhouse shall be specified in the licence;

(c.) The swine shall before movement be marked by and at the expense of the owner by the painting with an indelible composition of red colour of a broad line down the back and another broad line across the loins of each of the swine, thus +, each line being not less than nine inches long;

(d.) During the movement the swine shall, except while being moved by railway or vessel, be moved in a float, van or cart, and shall not be permitted to come in contact with swine not marked in manner prescribed by this Article;

(e.) The swine shall after their arrival at the bacon factory or slaughterhouse be there detained until they are slaughtered;

(f.) The licence shall forthwith after completion of the movement be delivered up at, or sent by post to, the nearest police station of the District by the person in charge of the swine at the time of completing the movement;

(g.) Swine while being moved for slaughter with a licence under this Article shall not be subject to the restrictions on movement imposed by the Swine-Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1908, or any Regulations made under this Order.

Rule 2. An Inspector who grants a licence authorising movement from premises in one District to a bacon factory or slaughterhouse in another District shall forthwith send a copy of the licence to the Local Authority of the last mentioned District.

Rule 3. The occupier of the premises shall forthwith give notice of the death or illness of any pig on the premises to an Inspector of the Local Authority, unless the cause of death or the illness is clearly not swine-fever. The Inspector receiving such notice shall immediately transmit the information to the Board by telegram addressed "Agrifi London."

Rule 4. Swine shall not be moved into the premises unless such movement is authorised by a licence of an Inspector of the Local Authority of the District in which such premises are situate, or of the Board, and any swine so moved shall be kept separate from other swine on the Article.

premises for a period of twenty-eight days after their arrival.

## Disposal of Carcases.

6.--(1.) The carcase of any diseased or suspected pig (other than a pig slaughtered under the Act of 1894) shall be disposed of by the Local Authority as follows:

- (i.) The Local Authority shall cause the carcase either to be buried as soon as possible in its skin in some proper place, and covered with a sufficient quantity of quicklime or other disinfectant, and with not less than six feet of earth, or to be destroyed by burning upon the premises where the pig died or was slaughtered; or
- (ii.) The Local Authority may, if authorised by licence of the Board, cause the carcase to be destroyed, under the inspection of the Local Authority, in the mode following: The carcase shall be disinfected, and shall then be taken, in charge of an officer of the Local Authority, to the premises approved for the purpose by the Board, and shall be there destroyed by exposure to a high temperature, or by chemical agents.

(2.) A carcase of a diseased or suspected pig shall not be buried or destroyed otherwise than by the Local Authority, or be removed from the farm or premises upon which the pig died or was slaughtered except for the purpose of being buried or destroyed by the Local Authority.

(3.) Where under this Article a Local Authority cause a carcase to be buried they shall first cause its skin to be so slashed as to be useless.

(4.) A Local Authority may cause or allow a carcase to be taken into the District of another Local Authority to be buried or destroyed with the previous consent of that Local Authority, but not otherwise.

## Digging up.

7. It shall not be lawful for any person, except with a licence of the Board or permission in writing of an Inspector of the Board, to dig up, or cause to be dug up, the carcase of any pig that has been buried.

## Cleansing and Disinfection by Inspector.

8.—(1.) An Inspector of the Local Authority may cause to be cleansed and disinfected any sty or other place which has been used for a diseased or suspected pig, and any utensil, pen, hurdle, or other thing used for or about such pig, and any wood-work with which such pig has come in contact.

(2.) An Inspector of the Local Authority may cause to be cleansed and disinfected any van, cart, or other vehicle used for the carrying of a diseased or suspected pig, and any rope, net, or other apparatus used in the conveyance of such pig on land otherwise than on a railway.

(3.) An Inspector of the Local Authority may cause any dung of a diseased or suspected pig and any fodder and litter that has been in contact with or used about such pig to be disinfected, burnt, or destroyed.

(4.) The owner, occupier and person in charge of any place, and the owner and person in charge of any utensil, pen, hurdle, or other thing, or any van, cart, or other vehicle, or any dung, fodder, or litter, to which this Article applies shall give all reasonable facilities to an Inspector for the carrying out of the provisions of this Article.