

attend at the court on such day as may be specified in the summons, and to produce the child, and, if he fails to do so without reasonable excuse, he shall, in addition to any other liability to which he may be subject under the provisions of Part IV of the Children Act, be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one pound.

Discharge and Transfer.

VII. Section sixty-nine of the Children Act shall, in its application to day industrial schools, take effect with modifications as follows:—

(1) The Secretary of State may at any time order a child to be discharged from a certified day industrial school, whether committed by a detention order or an attendance order.

(2) The Secretary of State may order a child to be transferred from one day industrial school to another within two and a half miles of the residence of the child, or where there are different sections of the same school for different religious denominations, from one section to another.

(3) Where a child is so transferred the undertaking, if any, given by the parent shall continue in force as if the school or section of the school named in the order of transfer had been specified in the undertaking.

Refusal to conform to Rules.

VIII. Section seventy-one of the Children Act shall, in its application to day industrial schools, take effect with modifications as follows:—

If a child of the age of twelve years or upwards sent to a certified day industrial school under a detention order is guilty of a serious and wilful breach of the rules of the school, or of inciting other inmates of the school to such a breach, he shall be liable to be brought before a petty sessional court, and the court, if satisfied on inquiry that it is expedient so to deal with the child, may order him to be sent to a certified industrial school, and to be there detained, subject and according to the provisions of Part IV of the Children Act.

Wilfully neglecting to attend School.

IX. Section seventy-two of the Children Act shall, in its application to day industrial schools, take effect with modifications as follows:—

(1) If a child, of the age of twelve years or upwards, sent to a certified day industrial school under a detention order wilfully neglects to attend thereat, he may at any time before the expiration of his period of detention be brought before a petty sessional court, and the court, if satisfied on inquiry that it is expedient so to deal with the child, may order him to be sent to a certified industrial school to be there detained subject and according to the provisions of Part IV of the Children Act.

(2) If any person—

(a) knowingly assists or induces directly or indirectly a child sent to a certified day industrial school not to attend thereat:

(b) knowingly harbours, conceals, or prevents from returning to school, a child who has neglected to attend the school, or knowingly assists in so doing;

he shall on summary conviction, be liable to be imprisoned for any term not exceeding fourteen days, with or without hard labour, or to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

Reception of Child under Attendance Order or without Order.

X. Whereas it is enacted by section seventy-nine of the Children Act as follows:—

“The managers of a certified day industrial school may, upon the request of a local education authority and of the parent or

guardian of, or other person legally liable to maintain, a child, and upon the undertaking of the parent, guardian, or other person, to pay towards the industrial training and meals of the child such sum as a Secretary of State may authorize, receive the child into the school under an attendance order or without an order of a court.”

And whereas by the eleventh section of the Elementary Education Act, 1876, it is enacted in effect that any child under an attendance order requiring him to attend a certified day school shall attend that school every time that the school is open, or in any other regular manner as is specified in the order:

It is hereby ordered, with respect to an attendance order requiring attendance in a certified day industrial school, that the following provisions shall apply:

(a) The school shall be some certified day industrial school, the managers of which are willing to receive the child, which is within two and a half miles of the residence of the child;

(b) The attendance order shall specify the period for which the child is to attend the school, being such period as to the court seems proper, but not in any case extending beyond the time when the child will attain the age of fourteen years;

(c) The undertaking of the parent may be made in the form set forth in Schedule A hereto; and

It is further ordered with respect to a child received without an order of a court that the undertaking of the parent shall specify the religious persuasion to which the child belongs, and may be made in the form set forth in Schedule B hereto.

Contribution by Parents.

XI. Whereas by Section eighty-two of the Children Act, 1908, it is enacted as follows:—

“(1) Where a court orders a child to be sent to a certified day industrial school, the court shall also order the parent of the child, or other person liable to maintain him, to contribute to his industrial training and meals in the school such sum as is named in the order, not exceeding such sum as may be declared by Order in Council to represent approximately the average cost of industrial training and meals in day industrial schools in the locality in which the school to which the child is sent is situate.

“(2) It shall be the duty of the local education authority to obtain and enforce the order, and every sum paid under the order shall be paid over to the local education authority in aid of their expenses for elementary education under the Education Acts, 1870 to 1907.”

It is hereby declared that the following sums represent approximately the average cost of industrial training and meals in day industrial schools in the localities specified:—

Schools in London, Leeds, and Bristol, 2s. a week;

Schools in other towns in England, 1s. 9d. a week.

XII. Section seventy-five of the Children Act shall, in its application to day industrial schools, take effect with modifications as follows:—

(1) Every order requiring a parent or other person to contribute to the industrial training and meals of a child ordered to be sent to a day industrial school may specify the time during which the payment is to be made, or may direct