

have, before importation, been salted, cured, pickled, dried, or smoked, or otherwise prepared in the manner in which bacon or ham is ordinarily prepared, and which are not contained in a box, case, receptacle, or package with an Official Certificate impressed thereon, or affixed or attached thereto, and which, in the case of the severed parts of the carcase, are without the lymphatic glands about those parts in their natural position;

“or

“(e) Of meat which, whether derived from cattle or a pig, is in the form of a carcase, or of a part of a carcase, and, in either case, comprises the ribs, and is without any such membrane as, in its natural position, forms the lining of the cavity enclosed by the ribs;

“(f) The expression ‘Foreign Meat of Class II’ means foreign meat which, being in the form of the entire carcase of a pig, is without the head in its natural state of attachment to the carcase, or is without the lymphatic glands about the throat, or about any other part of the carcase, in their natural position;

“(k) The expression ‘Foreign Meat of Class III’ means foreign meat which is in the form of severed parts of the carcase of a pig, or of other edible parts of a pig, which is not and does not comprise any foreign meat of Class I, or any foreign meat of Class II, and which is contained in a box, case, receptacle, or package with an Official Certificate impressed thereon, or affixed or attached thereto;

“(l) The expression ‘Foreign Meat Unclassed’ means foreign meat other than foreign meat of Class I, foreign meat of Class II, or foreign meat of Class III;

“(m) The expression ‘importer’ means any person in the United Kingdom who, either as owner or consignee, agent or broker, is entitled to the possession, custody, or control of any foreign meat;

“(n) The expression ‘ship’ includes a vessel or boat;

“(o) The expression ‘Officer of Customs and Excise’ includes any person acting under the authority of the Commissioners of Customs and Excise;

“(p) The expression ‘Master’ used in relation to a ship includes the officer, or other person for the time being in charge or command of the ship;

“(q) The expression ‘Sanitary Authority’ means every Port Sanitary Authority, and every Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District, and every Rural District Council whose borough or district includes or abuts on any part of a Customs port which part is not within the jurisdiction of a Port Sanitary Authority;

“(r) The expression ‘the District’ means the District of a Sanitary Authority;

“(s) The expression ‘Medical Officer of Health’ includes any duly qualified Medical Practitioner appointed or employed by a Sanitary Authority to act in the execution of these Regulations; and any other person appointed or employed by the Sanitary Authority under these Regulations to exercise any powers, or to discharge any duties assigned to the Medical Officer of Health;

“(t) The expression ‘Local Authority’ means every Council of a Municipal Borough or other Urban District and every Rural District Council, not being a Sanitary

Authority within the meaning of these Regulations, and includes the Common Council of the City of London and every Council of a Metropolitan Borough;

“(u) The expression ‘area’ used in relation to a Local Authority means the area subject to the jurisdiction of the Local Authority for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1875, or of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, as the case may be.”

Commencement and Extent of Operation of Amending Regulations.

ARTICLE II.—These Regulations shall come into operation on the thirtieth day of September, one thousand nine hundred and nine, and then and thereafter the Public Health (Foreign Meat) Regulations, 1908, and any Order theretofore made in pursuance of Article XVI of those Regulations shall apply and have effect and shall be enforced and executed in such form and in such manner as will give full effect to the alterations made by these Regulations, and as if, throughout the Public Health (Foreign Meat) Regulations, 1908, references to an Officer of Customs and Excise were substituted for references to an Officer of Customs, and as if, throughout any such Order, references to the Public Health (Foreign Meat) Regulations, 1908, as altered by these Regulations, were substituted for references to the Public Health (Foreign Meat) Regulations, 1908, and references to an Officer of Customs and Excise were substituted for references to an Officer of Customs.

Short Title.

Article III.—These Regulations may be cited as “The Public Health (Foreign Meat) Amending Regulations, 1909.”

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this twenty-seventh day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine.



John Burns,
President.

S. B. Provis, Secretary.

Notice.—The Public Health Act, 1896, provides by subsection 3 of section 1 that if any person wilfully neglects or refuses to obey or carry out, or obstructs the execution of any regulation made under any of the enactments mentioned in that Act he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, and in the case of a continuing offence to a further penalty not exceeding Fifty Pounds for every day during which the offence continues.

The power of making regulations under the Public Health Act, 1896, and the enactments mentioned in that Act is enlarged by the Public Health (Regulations as to Food) Act, 1907.

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
London, September 27, 1909.*

H. 12832.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch, dated September 21st, from His Majesty's Representative at the Hague, intimating that he has been informed by the Netherlands Minister of Foreign Affairs, that since the