Board of Trade (Harbour Department), London, March 2, 1911.

H. 2814.

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the following Quarantine Notices, dated February 20th and 21st respectively, issued by the Government of Malta:—

## GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

With reference to Government Notices No. 321 of 1910 and No. 41 of 1911, it is hereby notified that the port of Salonica in Turkey and the Province of Lecce in Southern Italy are no longer regarded as places infected with cholera, within the meaning of article 1 of the Regulations made under the Fourth Sanitary Ordinance, 1908, and published on the 28th August, 1908, as amended by Government Notices Nos. 199, 214, 243, 290, and 324 of 1910.

By command,

E. P. S. ROUPELL,

Acting Lieutenant-Governor and Chief Secretary to Government.

Lieut.-Governor's Office,

The Palese Vallette

The Palace, Valletta, February 21, 1911.

## GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

With reference to Government Notice No. 301 of 1910, it is hereby notified that Rodostov and Eregli are no longer regarded as places infected with cholera, within the meaning of article I of the Regulations made under the Fourth Sanitary Ordinance, 1908, and published on the 28th August, 1908, as amended by Government Notices Nos. 199, 214, 243, 290 and 324 of 1910.

By command,

E. P. S. ROUPELL,
Acting Lieutenant-Governor
and Chief Secretary to Government.
Lieut.-Governor's Office,
The Palace, Valletta,
February 20, 1911.

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), London, March 2, 1911.

H. 2887.

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the following Quarantine Notice, dated 23rd February, issued by the Government of Malta:—

## GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

With reference to Government Notice No. 246 of 8th December, 1909, it is hereby notified that Beirut is no longer regarded as a place infected with plague, within the meaning of article 1 of the Regulations made under the Fourth Sanitary Ordinance, 1908, and pub-

lished on the 28th August, 1908, as amended by Government Notices Nos. 199, 214, 243, 290 and 324 of 1910.

By command,

E. P. S. Roupell,
Acting Lieutenant-Governor

and Chief Secretary to Government.

Lieut.-Governor's Office,

The Palace, Valletta, February 23, 1911.

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), London, March 3, 1911.

H. 2942.

The Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of the following Telegram, dated 1st March, from His Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople:—All measures against Basra suppressed. Measures against Smyrna reduced to medical inspection.

TRADE BOARDS ACT, 1909.

Order of the Board of Trade under Section 5 (2).

WHEREAS by Section 4 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, it is amongst other things provided as follows:—

- (1) Trade Boards shall, subject to the provisions of this section, fix minimum rates of wages for time-work for their trades (in this Act referred to as minimum time-rates), and may also fix general minimum rates of wages for piece-work for their trades (in this Act referred to as general minimum piece-rates), and those rates of wages (whether time or piece-rates) may be fixed so as to apply universally to the trade, or so as to apply to any special process in the work of the trade or to any special class of workers in the trade, or to any special area.
- (2) Before fixing any minimum time-rate or general minimum piece-rate, the Trade Board shall give notice of the rate which they propose to fix and consider any objections to the rate which may be lodged with them within three months.
- (3) The Trade Board shall give notice of any minimum time-rate or general minimum piecerate fixed by them.

AND WHEREAS by Section 5 of the said Act it is amongst other things provided:—

- (1) Until a minimum time-rate or general minimum piece-rate fixed by a Trade Board has been made obligatory by order of the Board of Trade under this section, the operation of the rate shall be limited as in this Act provided.
- (2) Upon the expiration of six months from the date on which a Trade Board have given