Board of Trade (Hc: bour Department), London, April 6, 1911.

H. 4674.

The Board of Trade have received a copy of the following Quarantine Notice, dated 31st March, issued by the Government of Malta:—

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

With reference to Government Notice No. 302 of 1910, it is hereby notified that Smyrna is no longer regarded as a place infected with cholera, within the meaning of Article 1 of the Regulations made under the Fourth Sanitary Ordinance, 1908, and published on the 28th August, 1908, as amended by Government Notices Nos. 199, 214, 243, 290 and 324 of 1910.

By command.

E. P. S. ROUPELL,

Acting Lieutenant-Governor and Chief Secretary to Government.

Lieut.-Governor's Office, The Palace, Valletta, March 31, 1911.

SHORES OR BANKS OF THE SEA AT GOODWICK, FISHGUARD BAY.

The Board of Trade hereby revoke the Order made by them on the 3rd day of April, 1900, and published in the London Gazette on the 6th day of April, 1900, prohibiting the removal of material from the shores or banks of the sea at Goodwick between a point 85 yards south of Goodwick Bridge and a point 80 yards south of the property known as "Brynhyfryd."

Dated this 5th day of April, 1911.

H. Llewellyn Smith,
Secretary to the Board of Trade.

SHORES OR BANKS OF FISHGUARD BAY AT GOODWICK.

REMOVAL OF MATERIALS PROHIBITED.

Whereas the Board of Trade, acting in pursuance of the Harbours Act, 1814, as amended by the Harbours Transfer Act, 1862, find it necessary for the protection of the Port of Cardigan to prohibit the taking or removing of any shingle or ballast from the shores or banks of Fishguard Bay between a point 85 yards south of Goodwick Bridge and the southern embankment of Fishguard Harbour, situate about 350 yards north of Goodwick Bridge, at Goodwick, being within the said Port.

Now the Board of Trade do hereby by this Order prohibit the taking or removing of any shingle or ballast from the shores or banks of

Fishguard Bay between the points above mentioned.

Dated the 5th day of April, 1911.

H. Llewellyn Smith,

Secretary to the Board of Trade.

Note.—Any person removing shingle or ballast in contravention of this Notice is liable, on conviction, to a penalty not exceeding £10.

TRADE BOARDS ACT, 1909.

In accordance with Regulations made under section 18 of the above Act by the Board of Trade, and dated 27th April, 1910, the Trade Board established under the above Act for the trade of making boxes or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper, cardboard, chip, or similar material, have given notice, as required by section 4 (2) of the above Act, that they "Propose to fix":

A minimum time rate for the trade of making boxes or parts thereof made wholly or partially of paper, cardboard, chip or similar material of

23D. PER HOUR UP TO AND INCLUDING 31ST

January, 1912,
Rising on 1st February, 1912, to 3d.
per hour.

And Rising on 1st February, 1913, to $3\frac{1}{4}$ D. Per hour,

clear of all deductions.

The Trade Board, in proposing to fix the above, take note that the employers' representatives, in agreeing thereto, did not bind themselves to accept the 3½d. per hour, and reserved their right to reconsider the same before the rate is fixed.

Any worker who by permission of an employer attends to start work either for the morning or afternoon shall be considered as engaged for at least two hours in either case, and be paid accordingly at the above rate for such two hours in the event of her not being found sufficient work to earn the equivalent of two hours' pay at the minimum rate.

The above rate is to apply to all female workers (including all female learners as defined by the Trade Board, except only when such female learners are working by time) who are wholly, mainly, or substantially employed in the making of boxes or parts thereof as aforesaid or in any branch or process thereof, but shall not apply to any female workers who are merely employed in work incidental or ancillary thereto.

The above Trade Board have also given similar notice that they propose to fix the following minimum rates for female learners (as defined by them) who are working by time:—

Per week. During the first six months of employment 6 During the second six months of employment During the third six months of employment ... During the fourth six months of employment 6 During the fifth six months of employment 0 10 During the sixth six months of employment 11 6