

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday March 27. to Thursday March 30. 1693.

Rome, March 14.

ON Monday last was held a Consistory and 'twas expected that the French Bishops, who still want their Bulls, would have been then Preconized, which was very earnestly pressed by Cardinal de Bourbon, and the Cardinal d'Estree, in an Audience they had the day before of the Pope, to whom they declared how much the French King is dissatisfied at this delay; but it seems the Pope is resolved not to proceed to the Preconization of the Bishops, who assisted in the Assembly of the Clergy in 1682, and Signed the 4 Propositions, till they have made the Submission he requires of them. The Prince de Lichtenstein, the Emperors Ambassador, has acquainted the Pope and his Chief Ministers with the Orders he has received to return to Vienna, to be Governor to the Archduke Charles, and he is accordingly preparing for his Departure. The Popes Gallies are fitting out at Civita Vecchia with great diligence, and may be ready to Sail the next Month for the Levant.

Leighorn, March 16. On the 13th instant was forced into this Port a Bomb Ketch, and Provision Ship, belonging to the French Toulon Squadron, from which they were separated in a Storm near the Isles of Corsica; The said Squadron, at it's sailing from the Isles of Heres, consisted of 23 Frigates, 8 Fireships, 3 Bomb Ketches, 6 Provision Ships, and several Tartanes for Advice; but we do not yet certainly know which they are bound.

Venice, March 20. This Week arrived here 3 Merchant Ships from the Levant, with Letters of the 16th of the last Month from Smyrna, which advise, That they had News of my Lord Paget's arrival at Philippopolis, and that his Excellency was expected at Adrianople on the 24th of January; That the Dutch Ambassador had had Audience of the Grand Visier, but found him in no great Disposition to enter upon a Treaty of Peace, being prevailed upon by the French to try the Fortune of another Campaign; for which the Turks make great Preparations. The Deposed Sultan Mahomet was on the 31st of January privately Buried at Constantinople in a Moske built by himself; 'twas said he Died of an Apoplexy. Our Doge will set out for the Levant about the middle of the next month.

Turin, March 21. The Duke of Savoy has had again a Fit or two of his Ague; However he continues very hearty; He is out of his Bed most part of the day, and intends to go to Syria the next Week. The Regiment of Aost, which was lately posted at Curmanza, is returned hither, and entered into the Citadel, where it was formerly in Garrison. The French are very busy in viewing the Posts upon the River Cluson, where they design to build several Forts to restrain the Vaudois, who have of late made frequent Incursions upon them, and for that purpose they have brought together Stones, Brick and Wood, but they are in such want of Lime that it's believed they will after all be forced to lay this design aside. We hear from the French Quarters, that Monsieur Catinat and Monsieur Vauban have been at Nice to visit that Garrison, and that they are since come to Pignerol.

Warsaw, March 20. The King returned hither with the whole Court on the 5th instant from Grodno in Lithuania, and has since been present at several Councils that have been held to consult about the preparations for the Campaign. We have advice that a Body of 30000 Tartars, Commanded by the youngest Son of the Cham, have conducted to Cambric a Convey of 300 Wagons, laden with Provisions, and other Necessaries for that Garrison; and that advancing afterwards to Bescan, they attacked our Troops that were posted there; who, though they were but 4000 strong, made so brave a Resistance, that they

obliged the Tartars to retire with considerable loss, and consequently prevented the Ravage which they designed to make as far as Lombardy.

Vienna, March 21. The last Advices from Effelke tell us, That the Turks continue to assemble their Troops near Belgrade; and that their design is thought to be to supply Ghina and Sene with Provisions. The Imperial Troops will draw into the Field towards the end of the next Month; Those that are quartered in Transylvania have Orders to encamp on the frontiers of that Country; and there will be another flying Camp near Effelke, till such time as the Season will permit the Main Army to be formed. The Declaration of the King of Sweden in Favour of the Ninth Electorate has been received at this Court with much Satisfaction.

Frankfort, March 29. We hear that Prince Lewis of Baden, after having Concerted Matters with the States of Franconia in Relation to the next Campaign, is gone to Ulm to do the like with those of Swabia, and that from thence he will go and visit the Imperial Troops quartered on the Rhine. Magazines are likewise providing in this City and at Metz for the Troops of the Landgrave of Hesse. The French continue very quiet in Alsace.

Cologne, March 31. They write from Dresden, That the Troops of the Elector of Saxony will begin their march towards the Rhenus about the middle of the next Month, under the Command of General Chauvet. The Brandenburg Troops quartered at Aix la Chapelle, and the Parts thereabouts, have in'said, Orders to march towards the Meuse to form a Camp between Liege and Maastricht.

Paris, March 30. On the 27th instant the French King declared 7 new Marshalls of France, who were before Lieutenant Generals, to wit, the Count de Choiseuil, the Duke de Villeroi, the Marquis de Joyeuse, the Count de Tourville, the Duke de Noailles, the Marquis de Boufflers, and Monsieur de Catinat. 'Tis said that the French King will set out for the Campaign about the 10th of May. There are Letters from Provence, which tell us, That the Count d'Estree, who sailed on the 12th from the Isles of Heres, had been driven back by a violent Storm. Mademoiselle d'Orleans has been extremely ill, insomuch, that on Friday last she received the Extremum Unction, but she has been somewhat better since. 'Tis still said that several Troops who were marching towards Piedmont, are Countermanded, and ordered for Germany to reinforce the Army on the Rhine. Monsieur de Vauban is shortly expected at Court from Piedmont.

Brussels, April 1. The Advices from Mons and other Places in the New Conquests, say, That the French King is expected there in the beginning of May. The Marquis de Boufflers was the 29th past at Philipville, and from thence would go and visit the other French Garrisons on that side. The French have put the Bourghemaster of Englishen into Prison, because he had not furnished within the time appointed the number of young Men, or their Ransoms, which that little place was Commanded to raise for the French Kings Service. On Friday last a French Party of 7 Men surprized some of our Cuirassiers near Dendermonde, and carried them away Prisoners, which 3 Spanish Dragoons, who happened to be abroad to look for Booty, having notice of by the Country People, they resolved to attack the Enemy in their return, and to that end went and placed themselves in Ambush behind a little Hill, near which the Enemy were necessarily to pass; upon their approach, two of the Dragoons called to them to stand, offering to fire upon them if they did not, which so frightened the French, who thought there was a greater number in their Company, that they presently demanded Quarter; whereupon the two Spaniards, the better to carry on their Stratagem, called out to the third, who did not appear, that the rest of the Dragoons needed not to advance, for that the Enemy had yielded, whom they then disarmed,