

The London Gazette.

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Venice, June 6.

ON Tuesday last the Doge set Sail with a great Convoy for the Levant. The Gallies of Malta will joyn him in his way thither. We have advice from the Morea, That a Squadron of our Men of War was gone into the Archipelago to endeavour to meet the Turkish Ships Commanded by *Mazzonorto* in their return from *Cania*.

Vienna, June 6. Prince *Eugene* of *Savoy* is declared Field-Marshal of the Emperors Forces, and in 4 or 5 days will return to *Piedmont*. The Duke de *Croy* came hither on the 3d instant from *Croatia*, and next day went to *Luxemburg* to give the Emperor an account of the State of Affairs in those Parts; He will set out the next Week for *Hungary* to Command the Imperial Army, which Rendezvous at *Veris Marton* on this side *Esecke*. The Auxilliary Troops of *Brandenburg*, who were, by our last advice near *Breslaw*, have received Orders from the Elector to march on with all the diligence they can. This day arrived here an Express from General *Hessler*, with an account, That he came with the Troops under his Command before *Jeno*, situated on the River *Meros*, about the 16th of the last month; That he soon after possessed himself of the Suburbs, which are fortified in the nature of Palanks; and then a tacket the Town, with regular approaches; that the Garrison defended it very well for several days, and withstood one Assault, but on the 28th they Capitulated, and marched out the 29th to the number of 800 men, who by the Articles were to be conducted to *Tenofwar*. The Imperialists being thus, with the loss of about 300 men killed and wounded, become Masters of this place, (which is of great Consequence to them, for that it serves to cover *Transilvania*) found in it 35 Bras and 3 Iron Cannon, with a good quantity of Ammunition. The Castle of *Villageswar*, between *Jeno* and *Lippa*, was likewise surrendered to our Troops; who are since marched to attack *Gyula*.

Hailbron, June 13. On the 3d instant the French Army Commanded by the Marschal *Duke de Lorge*, marched from *Eppingen*, where they had been encamped two days, and on the 5th advanced within a League of this place, which they designed to attack. The same day the Enemy began to plant their Cannon upon a Hill near the *Neckar*; and on the 6th Cannonaded the Imperial Camp on the other side of the River. On the 7th the Marschal *de Lorge* detached 13 Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons, and Ten Battalions, towards *Klingenberg*, where they endeavoured to pass the *Neckar*, and for that purpose to lay two Bridges over it, but the Germans gave them so warm a Reception, that they were forced to quit their design, and to retire with considerable loss, leaving behind them the Boats and other Materials, with which they were to have made their Bridges. After this, the French posted themselves on the Hill near the *Neckar*, where they had placed 40 pieces of Cannon, and continued to Cannonade the Left Wing of the Confederate Army, which obliged Prince *Lewis* to remove some Regiments to a greater distance, who lay too much exposed to the Enemies Fire. On the 9th a Party of 6 or 700 French came as far as our Bridge, and set Fire to several Houses; upon which a Detachment of Hussars and Dragoons was sent out, who charged the Enemy with that vigour, that they put them to the Rout, and cut off the greatest part of them, and took some Prisoners. The French made several other attempts to pass the *Neckar*, but unsuccessfully; and their last and greatest Effort was on the 10th instant near *Hessfen*, where they were again repulsed, many of their Men being killed and drowned: Their whole loss is reckoned at 1000 or 1200 Men, and on our side we had about Two Hundred killed and wounded. On the 10th the Enemy withdrew the Cannon from their Batteries, and towards Evening their Troops marched

away, and left several of their Tin-Boats on the *Neckar*. And as we hear since, they did not return to their Camp at *Eppingen*, but are marched to *Bretten*, within 3 Leagues of *Philipsburg*. On our side we wait only for the Conjunction of the Saxons, and then shall pass the *Neckar*, and follow the Enemy. The Marschal *de Lorge* has sent a Trumpeter to Prince *Lewis* to desire an Exchange of Prisoners, and that the Cartel agreed on between the two Armies the last year may be confirmed, to which Prince *Lewis* has consented, and a place is appointed to Treat about it. Prince *Lewis* having received advice that the Elector of *Saxony* was come to *Ochsenfurt*, is gone thither to meet him.

Frankfort, June 14. The Elector of *Saxony* arrived on Monday last at *Lokr*, and was there Complimented on the part of the Elector of *Mentz*. The Landgrave of *Hesse* went thither the same day to Confer with his Electoral Highness, whose Troops will joyn the rest of the Confederate Forces near *Hailbron* about the 16th or 17th of this month. The Hessian Infantry that lay between this place and *Mentz* is marching likewise to joyn Prince *Lewis*. In the mean time the French, tho' they lately gave themselves out to be 50000 strong, being baffled in their design of passing the *Neckar*, and making themselves Masters of *Hailbron*, and being it seems unwilling to stay, till Prince *Lewis* is in a Condition by the coming up of the Saxons, to attack them, are retired towards *Philipsburg*, in order as it's believed to repass the *Rhine*.

Cologne, June 16. The Elector *Palatin* having taking a Review of his Forces, returned this day to *Duselordp*. The march of the Dauphin with part of the French Army from *Flanders* has given us some alarm here, and our Magistrates have thereupon written to the Bishop of *Munster*, and the other Neighbouring Princes for Allittance; though there seems to be no need of it; for we are assured, that the Dauphin marches through the Country of *Luxemburg* to reinforce the Marschal *de Lorge* on the *Upper Rhine*. They write from *Hailbron*, That the late Governor of *Hydelberg* was Sentenced to be Shot to Death, but that he had appealed to the Emperor.

Paris, June 15. 'Twas generally believed here that upon the French Kings arrival in *Flanders* some great enterprize would have been taken in hand; And we have been ever since expecting by every Post to hear of the taking of *Brussels*, or *Loze*, or the Inveſting of *Maſtricht*, for nothing less seem'd to be promised us by those extraordinary Preparations that were made for this Campaign; but to our great surprize nothing has been yet attempted, and the French King is returning to *Versailles*, where he purpose to be on the 25th instant, having detached the Dauphin with 27 Battalions and 58 Squadrons towards *Germany* to joyn the Marschal *de Lorge*; who marched on the 3d from *Eppingen*, with a Resolution to attack the Enemies Camp near *Hailbron*, but being repulsed in his attempts to pass the *Neckar*, is since retired towards *Philipsburg*. The Dauphin takes his march with these Troops, which are Commanded under him by the Marschal *de Boufflers*, through the Countries of *Luxemburg*, *Trier*, and the *Palatinate* and 'tis reckoned that in 28 days they will arrive on the *Upper Rhine*. The Letters from *Pignerol* of the 7th say, That the Duke of *Savoy* had resolved to put himself at the head of his Army, and that he would go on the 15th to the Camp he had evaded to be marked out at *Savillan*. They write from *Catalonia*, That the Count *d'Estree* arrived with his Squadron before *Ros* the 27th past; The 28th the Duke de *Noailles* caused the place to be Inveſted by Land; On the first the Trenches were opened, where the Chevalier *d'Adrets* was killed on the 4th. And here is a Report, That a Courier is arrived with the News that *Ros* was Surrendered on the 9th of this month. 'Tis said, that Letters from *Brest* of the 6th instant advise, That a Bark was come in there which left the French Fleet 20 Leagues from *Cape Clear*.

Brussels.

Brussels, June 17. On the 12th instant the French King, with the Ladies, parted from *Namur* for *Dinant*, from whence he intends to return by the way of *Philippeville*, *Metz*, and *Rheims*, to *Verfailles*; The *Marschal de Boufflers* passed the *Meuse* at *Namur* two days before with about 25000 men, and marched towards *Gembours*, and the rest of his Army has joyned the Duke of *Luxemburg*, who marched on the 15th from *Gemblours* to *Judoigne*, his Right Wing being within half a League of our Camp, which continues at *Parke* near *Louvain*. This sudden and unexpected departure of the French King, whose Equipage had with great Expence been provided for the whole Campaign, gives us reason to believe that his Measures are broken, by the great care that has been taken in providing for the Defence of *Lieze*, *Charleroy*, and our other Frontier Places, and by His Majesty's timely possessing himself of his present Camp, by which he has not only covered those places which the Enemy seem'd to have an Eye upon, but likewise prevented the design they had of posting themselves between *Louvain* and *Malmes*, which would have been of mighty advantage to them.

From His Majesty's Camp at *Parke* near *Louvain*, June 18. We have certain advice that the French King lay on Friday last at *Dinant* in his return to *Verfailles*, and that the Dauphin is marching at the head of a Detachment of above 20000 men, who lately pass'd the *Meuse* at *Namur*, towards *Germany*, to joyn the *Marschal de Lorge*, who its said has pass'd the *Rhine*, and sent a Detachment from his Army towards *Piedmont*. On the 12th Colonel *Tidcomb* and Colonel *Lawder* Regiments arriv'd in our Camp from *Offend*. On the 15th a strong Party of Spaniards march'd out very early in the Morning, with a design to surprize the Enemy's Grand Guard, but before they arriv'd there the French were march'd away, however they went into the Enemy's Camp, and brought away 26 Foot Soldiers, 10 Troopers with their Horses, and 3 or 4 Officers; The same day the French Army, under the *Marschal de Luxemburg*, who was joyned by the remaining part of *Monfieur de Boufflers's* Forces, march'd from *Genap* towards *Judoigne*; and they are now encamp'd in two Lines, their Right reaching near to *Bunsbecke*, and their Left to *Bosset*, which flanking our Left Wing, His Majesty on Tuesday alter'd the Disp'ition of our Camp, and order'd 10 Battalions, with 28 pieces of Cannon, to march to the Left to strengthen our Camp on that side; The Out-Guards are in fight of each other. Upon the Enemy's march a great number of Deserters came over to us, who all complain of the great scarcity there is of Money and Provisions in the French Camp. The Duke of *St. Albans*, my Lord *Levington*, and several other Volunteers, arriv'd here on Friday last from *England*. Yesterday in the Evening the Enemy made a Treble Discharge of their Artillery for the taking of *Roses* in *Catalonia*, and we may make them the like return for the taking of *Jeno* in *Hungary*.

Hague, June 19. The Court of Justice here report on Wednesday last to the States of *Holland* about the Affair of *Medhurst Alstein*, but we do not yet hear what Resolution has been taken thereupon. The last Letters from *Flanders* tell us, That the two Armies lay very near each other, with a small River between them; and that Provisions are very scarce in the French Camp; The Dauphin march'd with the Detachment that had been made from the French Army in *Flanders* by the way of *Bastogne* in the Duchy of *Luxemburg*. We have advice, That the *Bishop of Munster* has promis'd to send his Troops to the *Rhine*. They write from *Cologne*, that some Persons had been secur'd there, being suspected to hold Correspondence with the French, in order to the carrying on some evil design against that City.

Edinburg, June 8. The Parliament sat on Monday, and were upon Regulating some Proceedings at Law; and afterwards adjourn'd till Wednesday. On Tuesday the 6th Their Majesties High Commissioner, and Lords of the Privy Council having considered of the Petition presented to them by the Magistrates and Town Council of *Edinburg*, Elected at *Michaelmas* last, with the Antients made therunto by several Citizens who oppos'd their Election, their Lordships did not only confirm the Order of Council of the 14th of *February* last, by which the said Magistrates were order'd to re-enter upon the Administration and Exercise of the Government, but did now further Declare and Order, That they be restor'd to the Right of the said Magistracy, as duly Elected thereunto at *Michaelmas*, and that the former Sentence given against them be Rescind'd and declared Void. Yesterday the Parliament pass'd an Act for adv'ing Causes by the Lords of the Session with open Doors; As also an Act in favour of Patrons, and several others; And the Act for Comprehension in Church Matters was Read and Debated by Paragraphs; The same was Read again this day and pass'd. *Nevell Payne* has had a Copy of his Indictment delivered to him, and will be Try'd the next Week before the Parliament for Treasonable Designs and Practices.

Falmouth, June 10. Yesterday arriv'd here in 5 days from the *Groyne* the *Spanish Expedition*, and Reports, That the *Cloudsly* Galley had taken a French Privateer of 14 Guns, formerly call'd the *Talbot* Ketch, and three other Prizes. Yesterday put in here the *St. Clara* and *Conception* from *O Porto*; whence they came in Company of about 30 Sail, English and Dutch, with their Convoy, whom they parted with off or this Harbour.

Plimouth, June 12. This Morning arriv'd here Their Majesties Ships the *Bonadventure*, and *Mary* Galley, with the Fleet of Merchantmen from *O Porto*, being 28 Sail; They saw not one Ship except a Portuguese, in all their Voyage, though they have been a Month at Sea.

Southampton, June 12. On the 10th instant was Launch'd at this place Their Majesties Ship the *Southampton*, being a Fourth Rate, carrying 50 Guns and 230 Men.

At the Blue-Paper Warehouse in Alderman-Bury, London, are to be sold all sorts of Indian Japan, and other Figured Paper Hangings, in Pieces of 12 Yards long, and half Ell wide, from 2s. to 12s. a Piece, being very thick and durable, and wrought with such Ingredients as are offensive to Moths, Bugs, Mice, Rats, and other Vermin, which being cut or torn, are of the same Colour throughout, and such as are not so qualify'd are only Counterfeits. There are also to be sold a great variety of Skreens, Landscips, Sajets, and other things.

Advertisements.

✧ A Practical Discourse upon Charity, in its several Branches. And of the Reasonableness and Useful Nature of this Great Christian Virtue. By Edward Keating, D. D. Chaplain Ordinary to Their Majesties, and Rector of Petworth in Suffex. Printed for W. Cooke at the Green Dragon without Temple Bar. Price 3s.

✧ A Collection of curious Travels and Voyages. In Two Tomes. The First containing Dr. Leonhart Rauwolf's Itinerary into the Eastern Countries. The Second taking in many parts of Greece, Egypt, Arabia, Ethiopia, the Red-Sea, &c. from the Observations of Mr. Vernon, Dr. Spon, Dr. Smith, Dr. Huntington, Mr. Graves, Thevenot's Collections, and others. To which are added, Three Catalogues of Fish Trees, Shrubs, and Herbs as grow in the Levant. By John Kay, Fellow of the Royal Society. Printed for S. Smith and B. Walford at the Princes Arms in St. Pauls Church-yard.

✧ Proposals for Repeating D. Petavii Theologica Dogmata, being a judicious Abstract of the Opinions of the Fathers in all Doctrinal Points of Divinity (formerly in 5 Vol.) now in two large Volumes in Folio, with considerable Meliorations and Additions, on a fair Latin and Greek Character, having been generally approv'd of and encourag'd by the Learned Clergy of London, and the two Universities, may be had, with a Specimen and a Character of the Author, at most Bookellers Shops in London, Oxford, and Cambridge; and with all imaginable speed they shall be sent to most Bookellers in England, and to Scotland and Ireland, by the Undertakers Rob. Clavell, Edw. Millington, and Renj. Motte.

✧ An Excellent Collection of Books, containing near 300 Volumes, the Library of an eminent Divine lately deceased; amongst which are the *Critica Sacra* in 9 Vol. with all the Comment. on the Bible, not comprehended in the *Criticks*, *St. Austins* Works compl. 10 Tom. Froben long Lines, large Paper, with many scarce and valuable Books in Gr. Lat. and Engl. in all Faculties, will be sold to morrow and the days following by Retail, at reasonable Rates, any Person picking what they please, at Mrs. Jacksons in Hegsdon Square on the West-side, 5 doors from the Corner.

Streatham Church in Surrey, was broke open on Monday night the 12th instant, and the Communion Plate stole away, being one Dish to Receive the Offring Money, a piece of Plate for the Bread, with this Inscription, The Gift of Francis Lea to the Parish of Streatham, a Cup with a Cover, and two Flagons of Pewter, with this Inscription, T. Hobbs, the Surplace, some Money out of the Chest, and Money out of the Poores Box. Whoever gives Notice of the Things, or any of them, or Persons, to Mr. Luke Moore, Salter, at the Half Moon in Blackman-street, Southwark, or to Francis Burger, Parish Clerk in Streatham aforesaid, shall be well Rewarded.

Whereas Robert Spriker, Widower, of Barking in Essex, died Intestate in January 1691. leaving no Issue, whereby one Moiety of his Personal Estate ought to be distributed between Elizabeth and Mary Kittle, (Sisters to Susanna Wilkinson his Administratrix) if Living, this is to give Notice to the said Elizabeth and Mary Kittle, or they do forthwith repair to Mr. Rob. Smith of Eastham in Essex, or Jeremiah Mosford of Barking aforesaid, Glazier, by whom they shall be paid their Shares due to them out of the said Estate.

These are to give Notice, that there is in the Custody of Mr. Richard Knipe, High-Bailiff of Westminster, an Horse, by him secur'd upon Suspicion of being Stolen; The Right Owner repairing to Mr. Knipe, describing the Marks, and paying the Charges, may have the same Restor'd.

Two Horses, one a light grey, the other a dark grey, with a white Mane and Tail, above 14 hands high, suppos'd to be lost, may be heard of at the Earl of Abercorn's at Barford in Oxfordshire.

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