

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday Aug. 24. to Sunday Aug. 28. 1853.

Venice, August 14.

**T**HE late Captain General Mocenigo arrived here this week from *Napoli di Romania*, where he left the Doge *Moresini*, who came into that Port on the 28th of June with several Men of War and Gallies. We hear from *Dalmatia*, that a Body of our Troops, to the number of 7 or 8000 Men, had made an Incursion into the Enemies Country, where they burnt 1400 Houses, and took 4 or 500 Prisoners.

*From the Duke of Savoy's Camp before Pignerol, August 10.* On the 3d Instant we carried on our Trenches a great way, and forced the Enemy from several Posts, when they did very much annoy our Workmen; In which occasion we lost six Officers, and had divers Men killed and wounded. The 4th we beat the Enemy from a Work which they had cast up near the Giacis of the Counter-scarp, and took a Captain and 10 private Soldiers Prisoners, with very little loss on our side. The 5th, we finished a Battery of 5 Mortars; it rained very hard all night, and we had only two Men killed. The 6th the Besieged made a strong Sail; but were beaten back with the loss of 200 of their Men; Towards night they sallied out again, but with no better success than before, being repulsed with considerable loss. The 7th a Fire happened in the great Tower which stands in the middle of the Fort, and in two other places, but it was soon put out by the Besieged. The 7th we made our selves Masters of a Redoubt, and of the Communication between the Fort and the Citadel, and took about 40 Prisoners. The 8th we attack'd the Covered Way of the Fort, and after a very sharp Dispute, we made our selves Masters of it, having in this Action had 500 Men killed and wounded. The night following we lodged our selves in the Ditch. Yesterday the Besieged beat a Parley, and desired they might retire into the Town with their Artillery and Ammunition, but they were answered, that they must surrender at Discretion. Our Miners are at work in order to make a breach for a General Assault; & we have now two Batteries upon the Counter-scarp. Our heavy Cannon is arrived in the Camp, with 24 Mortars; and we expect 10000 Bombs from *Milan*.

*From the Imperial Camp before Belgrade, August 10.* On the 30th of the last Month the Army passed the *Sava* near the Island of *Zingari*; The 31th the necessary Dispositions were made for the besieging of *Belgrade*. The first Instant we moved nearer to that place; During our March between 30 and 40 Turkish Barks and Saicks appeared on the *Sava*, and endeavoured to disturb us with their Cannon, but were so warmly entertained by our great and small Shot, that they soon after retired to *Belgrade*, having done us no other harm than to kill two Horses; Towards night some of the said Barks appeared again near our Camp, but attempted nothing, unless it were that they burnt some Hay and Corn which they found on the River side. The 2d our Bridge of Boats was brought lower down, in order to have a nearer communication with *Semlyn* on the *Danube*, to which place all our Provisions are brought by Water; The 3d the said Bridge was finished; The same day 4 Armed Barks with several other Vessels came from *Tissa* to *Semlyn*, and for the greater security of that Post the Regiment of Dragons of *Lopon*, with a Detachment of Foot was lodged there, and Orders were given for the casting up several Batteries and Redoubts on the River side: The Duke de *Croy*, and the General Count de *Heydelsheim*, with some other General Officers, went to take a view of *Belgrade*, which they found better fortified than it was when last besieged, the Turks having made several new Works since, though they are not yet quite finished. The 4th the Army came before *Belgrade*, and took their several Posts. On the 5th we began to work on our Line of Circumvallation; and Countours were dispatched to hasten the march of the Branden-

burgers and other Forces that were coming up to the Army. The Prisoners we took gave an account, that the Garrison in *Belgrade* consisted of 7000 Janisaries and 1000 Spahis; and that the *Bassa* had sent several Expresses to the Grand Visier to desire speedy Assistance. The 6th the Trenches were opened, and we had some little Skirmishes with the Enemy. The 7th divers Vessels arrived at *Semlyn* with Cannon and Ammunition; Towards night the Enemies Saicks appeared before *Semlyn*, with a design to have made some attempt upon our Vessels which lie there, but they were obliged by the fire from the said Vessels, and from the Batteries on Shoar, to retire with the loss of divers Men, and 2 or 3 of their Saicks received much damage. The 8th the Auxiliary Troops of *Brandenburg*, with the Battalions of *Nigrelli* and *Herberstein* arrived at *Semlyn*, and yesterday they passed the *Sava*, and joined the Army. This day or to morrow we expect our Cannon for Battery, being 50 Pieces of 24 Pounders, besides Mortars, &c. and in the mean time we are working to raise our Batteries, and to finish our Line of Circumvallation, which reaches from the *Sava* to the *Danube*. This day came to the Camp two Turks, being sent by the Garrison in the Palanke of *Banczouva*, about 3 Leagues from hence, to Capiculate for them, which is granted, and the said Garrison is to be conducted to *Semenaria*; The two Turks were sent back this Evening, with 30 Germans, and some Hussars, who are to take possession of the Palank, in which are 9 Pieces of Cannon.

*Vienna, August 15.* The Baron de *Vorsten* arrived here on the 8th Instant from our Camp before *Belgrade*, by whom, and the Advices we have received since, we understand, that the Imperialists had formed the Siege of that Fortress, having opened their Trenches, and being at work on their Line of Circumvallation and on their Batteries; The Garrison is stronger than was at first reported, (it being thought that the 3000 Men who were lately detached from thence to *Temeswar*, are got back again by Water) however the Imperialists hope to be Masters of the place by the end of this Month, the Turks being in no condition to relieve it; For we have Advice from *Adrianoople*, that the Grand Visier did not set out from thence till the 6th of the last Month; That he had with him but 10000 Men of all sorts, and that at *Nicopolis* he was to Meet and Confer with the Cham of *Tarkey* about the present Necessities of their Affairs. We have an account from *Transylvania*, that General *Veterani* had drawn together the Imperial Forces who have had their Winter Quarters in those parts; and that he was encamped on the 29th of the last Month near *Dobra*, having with him a good Train of Artillery. On the 13th arrived here from *Holland* the Sieur d' *Assenberg*, the Emperors Admiral on the *Danube*, who will hasten down the River with his Fleet of Barks and Gallies, in order to shut up *Belgrade* on the side of the Water.

*Stockholm, August 8.* N. S. The Queen Consort of *Sueden* died at *Carlberg* on the 5th Instant, between 6 and 7 in the Evening, after a long Sickness.

*From the Confederate Camp near Hailbron, August 15.* On the 13th Instant the whole French Army had passed the *Neckar* with their Cannon and Baggage, and they are now encamped at *Haidersheim*. The Deserters tell us, that the Dauphin will return in few days to *Paris*, and that 'tis reported in the French Army, that they are about finding Detachements to *Piedmont* and *Flanders*; Their Horses are in a very ill condition, as we see by those we take, and that are brought over by the Deserters, and they have many sick Men in their Army, divers of whom they left behind them in their last Camp on this side the *Neckar*. The Cartel agreed on betwixt the two Armies about the Releaving of Prisoners, was exchanged on Wednesday last, and at the same time Prince *Luxemburg* sent the Marquis de *Lorge* word, That if the French did bring any

...for Villages in the Country; he would not be obliged to observe the Cartel, but would Act for the future, as if he had to do with Turks and Infidels.

**Frankfort, August 23.** The French Army has repassed the Neckar, and is marching back towards the Rhine; We are told that they are sending Detachements to Piedmont and Flanders; and that the Dauphin would part from the Army the 24th of this Month on his return to Versailles. A great many Swissers passed through this City yesterday, who are raised for the Service of the States-General of the United-Provinces.

**Cologne, August 25.** The Troops of Munster, who are at present in this Country, have orders to march towards Aix la Chapelle; 'Tis said that there will be shortly an Interview between the Elector Palatin and the Bishop of Munster at Dufeldorp. They write from the Upper-Rhine, that the Dauphin was encamped on the 13th Instant near Asperg between the two Rivers of Entz and the Neckar. The Confederate Army lay still near Hailbron.

**Hamburg, August 25.** On the 20th Instant the Lord Lexington, and Monsieur Hop, Envoys Extraordinary from His Majesty of Great-Britain, and the States-General of the United-Provinces, had Audience of the King of Denmark at Pimpenberg, about the Business of Ratzburg; since which they have been with the Elector of Brunswicke and the Duke of Zell, and this day they returned hither. Monsieur Fuchs, the Brandenburg Minister, is gone back to Berlin, to give his Electoral Highness an Account of his Negotiation in this Matter, and to receive farther Instructions. The Danish Forces have in the mean time posted themselves near Ratzburg, and beset the Passes about the place; but the King of Denmark has declared, that he will attempt nothing before the 28th Instant. In the Town they are very well provided for their Defence; and preparations are making in the Country of Lunenburg for their farther Assistance, in case there be occasion for it.

**From His Majesties Camp at Lambecque, August 27.** By the Preparations the Enemy made the last week 'twas thought they would have besieged Charleroy; But they have now sent back the Pioneers that were summoned in for that purpose; and their Army continues still at Nivelles. The Duke of Berwick was sent to Namur on the 23d Instant, and yesterday the Duke of Ormond returned from thence to Brussels with the other English Prisoners. The Duke of Wirtemberg succeeds the Count de Solms as General of the Dutch Infantry, and Colonel of the Regiment of Dutch Foot Guards. The Prince of Nassau Stadtholder of Friseland took his Leave yesterday of the King, in order to his return home, having been for some time very much indisposed in his Health.

**Offend, August 19.** The Assurance Frigate, Captain Price Commander, came this morning into our Road from England, but discovering presently after 3 Ships coming before the Wind, he gave chase to them; They proved to be two Dunkirk Privateers, with a Virginia Man of 100 and odd Tun, which 'tis believed they had taken to the Northward. Captain Price retook the Prize, but could not come up with the Privateers by reason they got among the Sands. They left no body on board the Prize, but had put Fire into the Forecastle, and fired a Gun into the Hold to have sunk her, but neither took effect. She is laden with Tobacco.

**Hague, August 28.** The States of Holland having heard the Proposition of the Deputies of Amsterdam for the raising more Land-Forces, and the building and fitting out more Ships, in order to the carrying on the War with greater vigor, they Adjourned on Saturday last to the 15th of the next Month, that the Deputies of the several Towns might go home, and receive Instructions from their Principals, for the taking a final Resolution thereupon at their next meeting. On Sunday night last we had such violent Thundering and Lightning, that several Villages were set on fire in North-Holland, and many Houses and Mills burnt down, and 'tis feared we shall hear of more damage in other parts. We have Letters by the way of Turin, from the Duke of Savoy's Camp before St. Brigide of the 10th Instant, which say, that the Garison in the Fort had desired to retire with their Cannon and Provisions to Pignerol, but that not being granted, 'twas expected they should yield upon Discretion, there being already a great Breach made, and every thing prepared for a general Assault. The Garison of Pignerol was 4000 strong, and Monsieur Catinat was encamped at Fenestrelles expecting a Reinforcement from Catalonia, without which he will not be in a Condition to attempt the Relief of Pignerol, (which the Confederates intend to attack so soon as they are Masters of St. Brigide) but 'tis believed the place will be taken before these Forces can join him. The last Letters from Hamburg tell us, that the Business about Ratzburg was not yet adjusted. They write from Liege, that their Prince had banished out of that City several Persons with their Families, who were known Favourers of the French, and had in several occasions endeavoured to support their Interests.

**Paris, August 24.** An Expreis is come from Monsieur Catinat with an account that the Confederate Forces possessed themselves on the 13th Instant of the Fort of St. Brigide, the Garison, as 'tis said here, retiring in the night to Pignerol; which place the Confederates had begun to attack, having received 30 Pieces of Cannon more for Battery from Turin, and expecting in a day or two a great Supply of Bombs and Ammunition from Milan. They write from Toulon of the 16th, that the Marschal de Tournville was come with 80 Sail of Ships before Barcelona, which he was to have attack'd by Sea, while the Duke de Noailles besieged it by Land, but the said Duke having been obliged by the repeated Orders he received from the French Court, to detache 5000 Horse and 3000 Foot to reinforce Monsieur Catinat in Piedmont, it had broke that Design. The French Fleet is expected at Toulon.

**London, August 25.** Yesterday was Launched at Mr. Castles Yaid in Deptford, a New Ship of the Fourth Rate named the Norwich, carrying 50 Guns.

#### Advertisements.

**The Gentleman's Journal for the War, being an Historical Account and Geographical Description of several Kingdoms, Cities and Towns in Europe; together with an Explication of the Terms of Art, and Authentick Draughts of the Fortifications of every Place. Engraven on Copper Plates. Of these are already published Dunkirk, Maestricht, and Huy, Metz, Brest, with a Chart of the Road, adjacent Coasts, Cadix, Pignerol, Casal, Coblenz, and Bonn. And there will be published Wednesday next Charleroy and Aeth; to which is added a Description of many Warlike Instruments. Printed for A. Swall, and are to be sold by T. Chapman near Charing-Cross, R. Parker at the Exchange in Cornhill, and R. Taylor near Stationers-Hall.**

**Under the Cheefmonger and Butcher Shop, a Corner House on the Right Hand at the Entrance into Hungerford-Market, are Orange Trees and Jessamin Trees (newly come from Italy) to be sold by Mr. John Sepolines.**

**Joannis Raii S. R. S. Synopsis Methodica Animalium Quadrupedum, & Serpenteum Generis. Vulgarium Nomen Characteristica, Rariorum Descriptions integras exhibens: cum Historiis & Observationibus Anatomicis perquam curiosis, &c. &c. Printed for S. Smith and B. Walford at the Princes-Arms in St. Pauls Church-Yard. Price 3 s. 6 d.**

**Mensalia Sacra: Or, Meditations on the Lords Supper, wherein the Nature of the Holy Sacrament is explained, and the most Weighty Cases of Conscience about it are resolved. By the Reverend Mr. Francis Crowl late Minister of the Gospel at Clare in Suffolk. To which is prefixed a brief Account of the Authors Life and Death, by Mr. Henry Curtis. Printed for John Dunton at the Raven in the Poultry. Price bound 1 s.**

**Lost about the 16th Instant, a Letter Case, and in it 4 Bonds, one for 100 l. one for 4 l. 10 s. 2 d. one for 30 l. one for 20 l. all payable to Nathaniel Sayer of Cambridge, Carrier, with some Bills. Whoever brings them safe and uncancelled to the said Nathaniel Sayer, or to Mr. John Utting at the Green Dragon within Bishopsgate, London, shall have 5 l. Reward.**

**William Puppel alias Perry, about 21 years old, a large Nose, full Lip, wide Mouth, and Reddish Complexion, wears a light brown Wig, very tall and large Bones, in a Copper Silk waistcoat, with green and white Blowers, a Lead coloured Cloth Coat, speaks thick, went away from his Master Mr. Isaac Bernard at the Plough in Milkstreet, London, on Tuesday the 22th Instant, with a very considerable Sum of Money; There is also one James Stewell, a Confederate with the said W. Puppel, who is absconded, and suspected to be with him; He is a very Nice slim young Man aged about 20. fair Complexion, wears a blue Coat with Brass Buttons, a black Silk waistcoat, Laced Hat, and black Campaign Wig. Whoever secures them, and gives notice to the said Mr. Bernard, shall have 20 Guinea's Reward.**

**William Morgan, aged about 18, with black Eyebrows and brown Hair, in a brown Coat and grey coloured Silk waistcoat, and grey Breeches, with a black Hat, one Leg crooked, went away from his Master Mr. Tho. Burntwood at the 3 Spurs in Round-Court over-against the New-Exchange in the Strand, the 10th of July last. Whoever brings him to his Master, shall have a Guinea Reward.**

T

From the

O N  
W  
12  
17  
ou

by the com  
gan to play t  
ed; Several M  
ches. The 1  
the breach, a  
Assault. The  
for some tim  
small Shot, a  
into the Tow  
Curtain of o  
Four this mo  
who are now  
expect an Acc  
the Town ar  
Catinat conti  
a Reinforceme  
Vienna, Au  
Expreis with  
grade of the  
the Brandenburg  
took their Post  
Cannon-shot  
without doing  
nifaries, who  
Fert, 3 hours  
joyed to Semen  
some Stores of  
had Deserter  
were afterwar  
Regiments in  
since the Army  
the rest of the  
Disarmed, at  
tions of Peter  
Cannon and  
for want of w  
ches, but desig  
of the Cannon  
The Admiral  
by Post on the  
Danube with  
Belgrade on the  
visit-Ships ag  
They write fro  
was marched fr  
Major General  
Iron-Gate to d  
That our Troop  
Country as far  
and Forage the  
whom were se  
morning two D  
ved Inveiture  
From the Co  
21. The Frenc  
sic of the N  
Great Cannon to