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Venice, August 14.

THE late Captain General Mocenigo arrived here this week from *Napoli di Romania*, where he left the Doge *Moresini*, who came into that Port on the 28th of June with several Men of War and Gallies. We hear from *Dalmatia*, that a Body of our Troops, to the number of 7 or 8000 Men, had made an Incursion into the Enemies Country, where they burnt 1400 Houses, and took 4 or 500 Prisoners.

From the Duke of Savoy's Camp before Pignerol, August 10. On the 3d Instant we carried on our Trenches a great way, and forced the Enemy from several Posts, when they did very much annoy our Workmen; In which occasion we lost six Officers, and had divers Men killed and wounded. The 4th we beat the Enemy from a Work which they had cast up near the Giacis of the Counter-scarp, and took a Captain and 10 private Soldiers Prisoners, with very little loss on our side. The 5th, we finished a Battery of 5 Mortars; it rained very hard all night, and we had only two Men killed. The 6th the Besieged made a strong Sail; but were beaten back with the loss of 200 of their Men; Towards night they sallied out again, but with no better success than before, being repulsed with considerable loss. The 7th a Fire happened in the great Tower which stands in the middle of the Fort, and in two other places, but it was soon put out by the Besieged. The 7th we made our selves Masters of a Redoubt, and of the Communication between the Fort and the Citadel, and took about 40 Prisoners. The 8th we attack'd the Covered Way of the Fort, and after a very sharp Dispute, we made our selves Masters of it, having in this Action had 500 Men killed and wounded. The night following we lodged our selves in the Ditch. Yesterday the Besieged beat a Parley, and desired they might retire into the Town with their Artillery and Ammunition, but they were answered, that they must surrender at Discretion. Our Miners are at work in order to make a breach for a General Assault; & we have now two Batteries upon the Counter-scarp. Our heavy Cannon is arrived in the Camp, with 24 Mortars; and we expect 10000 Bombs from *Milan*.

From the Imperial Camp before Belgrade, August 10. On the 30th of the last Month the Army passed the *Sava* near the Island of *Zingari*; The 31th the necessary Dispositions were made for the besieging of *Belgrade*. The first Instant we moved nearer to that place; During our March between 30 and 40 Turkish Barks and Saicks appeared on the *Sava*, and endeavoured to disturb us with their Cannon, but were so warmly entertained by our great and small Shot, that they soon after retired to *Belgrade*, having done us no other harm than to kill two Horses; Towards night some of the said Barks appeared again near our Camp, but attempted nothing, unless it were that they burnt some Hay and Corn which they found on the River side. The 2d our Bridge of Boats was brought lower down, in order to have a nearer communication with *Semlyn* on the *Danube*, to which place all our Provisions are brought by Water; The 3d the said Bridge was finished; The same day 4 Armed Barks with several other Vessels came from *Tissa* to *Semlyn*, and for the greater security of that Post the Regiment of Dragons of *Lopon*, with a Detachment of Foot was lodged there, and Orders were given for the casting up several Batteries and Redoubts on the River side: The Duke de *Croy*, and the General Count de *Heydelsheim*, with some other General Officers, went to take a view of *Belgrade*, which they found better fortified than it was when last besieged, the Turks having made several new Works since, though they are not yet quite finished. The 4th the Army came before *Belgrade*, and took their several Posts. On the 5th we began to work on our Line of Circumvallation; and Counters were dispatched to hasten the march of the Branden-

burgers and other Forces that were coming up to the Army. The Prisoners we took gave an account, that the Garrison in *Belgrade* consisted of 7000 Janisaries and 1000 Spahis; and that the Bassa had sent several Expresses to the Grand Visier to desire speedy Assistance. The 6th the Trenches were opened, and we had some little Skirmishes with the Enemy. The 7th divers Vessels arrived at *Semlyn* with Cannon and Ammunition; Towards night the Enemies Saicks appeared before *Semlyn*, with a design to have made some attempt upon our Vessels which lie there, but they were obliged by the fire from the said Vessels, and from the Batteries on Shoar, to retire with the loss of divers Men, and 2 or 3 of their Saicks received much damage. The 8th the Auxiliary Troops of *Brandenburg*, with the Battalions of *Nigrelli* and *Herberstein* arrived at *Semlyn*, and yesterday they passed the *Sava*, and joined the Army. This day or to morrow we expect our Cannon for Battery, being 50 Pieces of 24 Pounders, besides Mortars, &c. and in the mean time we are working to raise our Batteries, and to finish our Line of Circumvallation, which reaches from the *Sava* to the *Danube*. This day came to the Camp two Turks, being sent by the Garrison in the Palanke of *Banczouva*, about 3 Leagues from hence, to Capiculate for them, which is granted, and the said Garrison is to be conducted to *Semenaria*; The two Turks were sent back this Evening, with 30 Germans, and some Hussars, who are to take possession of the Palank, in which are 9 Pieces of Cannon.

Vienna, August 15. The Baron de *Vorsten* arrived here on the 8th Instant from our Camp before *Belgrade*, by whom, and the Advices we have received since, we understand, that the Imperialists had formed the Siege of that Fortress, having opened their Trenches, and being at work on their Line of Circumvallation and on their Batteries; The Garrison is stronger than was at first reported, (it being thought that the 3000 Men who were lately detached from thence to *Temeswar*, are got back again by Water) however the Imperialists hope to be Masters of the place by the end of this Month, the Turks being in no condition to relieve it; For we have Advice from *Adrianoople*, that the Grand Visier did not set out from thence till the 6th of the last Month; That he had with him but 10000 Men of all sorts, and that at *Nicopolis* he was to Meet and Confer with the Cham of *Tarkey* about the present Necessities of their Affairs. We have an account from *Transylvania*, that General *Veterani* had drawn together the Imperial Forces who have had their Winter Quarters in those parts; and that he was encamped on the 29th of the last Month near *Dobra*, having with him a good Train of Artillery. On the 13th arrived here from *Holland* the Sieur d' *Assenberg*, the Emperors Admiral on the *Danube*, who will hasten down the River with his Fleet of Barks and Gallies, in order to shut up *Belgrade* on the side of the Water.

Stockholm, August 8. N. S. The Queen Consort of *Sueden* died at *Carlberg* on the 5th Instant, between 6 and 7 in the Evening, after a long Sickness.

From the Confederate Camp near Hailbron, August 15. On the 13th Instant the whole French Army had passed the *Neckar* with their Cannon and Baggage, and they are now encamped at *Haidersheim*. The Deserters tell us, that the Dauphin will return in few days to *Paris*, and that 'tis reported in the French Army, that they are about finding Detachements to *Piedmont* and *Flanders*; Their Horses are in a very ill condition, as we see by those we take, and that are brought over by the Deserters, and they have many sick Men in their Army, divers of whom they left behind them in their last Camp on this side the *Neckar*. The Cartel agreed on betwixt the two Armies about the Relieving of Prisoners, was exchanged on Wednesday last, and at the same time Prince *Luxemburg* sent the Marquis de *Lorge* word, That if the French did bring any