

military authority has control of or uses or occupies any dock premises or any part of any dock premises for naval or military purposes, he may by order prohibit any person from bringing into or having in his possession within the dock premises or any limited portion thereof, or on board any vessel therein, any intoxicating liquor, except for such purposes, and subject to such conditions exceptions and restrictions as may be specified in the order, and if any person contravenes any provision of the order he shall be guilty of an offence under these regulations, and any person authorised by the competent naval or military authority, or any police constable, may search any person entering or within the premises to which the order applies, and may seize any intoxicating liquor found on him in contravention of the order."

5. At the end of Regulation 29A the following words shall be inserted:—

"nor shall this regulation apply to any persons or classes of persons who, as respects any particular factory, workshop or other place, may be exempted by order of the Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Munitions."

6. After the second paragraph of Regulation 40 the following paragraph shall be inserted:—

"If any member of the crew of a ship belonging to, or chartered, hired, or requisitioned by, the Admiralty or Army Council, without lawful authority gives, sells, procures or supplies, or offers to give, sell, procure or supply, any intoxicant, to or for any member of His Majesty's forces embarked as a passenger on board the ship, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations."

7. In paragraph (10) of Regulation 56 after the words "any power of the High Court" there shall be inserted the words "or any power of any court of summary jurisdiction."

8. For paragraph (14) of Regulation 56 the following paragraph shall be substituted:—

"(14) Where a person is alleged to be guilty of an offence against these regulations which appears to the Minister of Munitions to be a munitions offence as hereinafter defined, the case, instead of being referred to the competent naval or military authority, shall be referred to the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Lord Advocate, or the Attorney-General for Ireland, as the case may be, who shall investigate the case and determine whether or not the case is to be proceeded with, and if it is to be proceeded with, whether it is to be tried by a court of summary jurisdiction, or by a civil court with a jury, or, subject to the rights of the offender if a British subject under the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) Act, 1915, and to the consent of the Admiralty or Army Council, by court martial.

"For the purposes of this provision 'munitions offence' means an offence in contravention of any order made or any directions, regulations, or restrictions given or issued by the Minister of Munitions under these regulations, or an offence against these

regulations in respect of any matter within the scope of the powers and duties for the time being assigned to the Minister of Munitions, and the decision of the Minister of Munitions as to whether an alleged offence is a munitions offence shall be conclusive."

The last paragraph of Regulation 42 commencing with the words "This regulation so far as it relates" is hereby revoked.

*Almeric FitzRoy.*

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 15th day of *February*, 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the tenth day of June, nineteen hundred and fifteen, His Majesty was pleased to make Regulations (called the Defence of the Realm (Liquor Control) Regulations, 1915) under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, and to issue the same in pursuance of the Defence of the Realm Amendment (No. 3) Act, 1915, to take effect in any area to which they should be applied under the said Amendment Act:

And whereas His Majesty has been pleased to apply the said Regulations and any Regulations amending the same to divers areas by Orders in Council made under the said Amendment Act:

And whereas the said Regulations have been amended by an Order in Council dated the fourteenth day of October, nineteen hundred and fifteen:

And whereas it is expedient further to amend the said Regulations in manner hereinafter appearing:—

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amendment be made in the said Regulations:—

At the end of Regulation 2 the following paragraph shall be inserted:—

"Where by any Order of the Board the sale of intoxicating liquor in licensed premises in any area is restricted to a total of five-and-a-half hours a day, or less, the weekly half-holiday required to be given to the assistants employed in such premises under section 1 of the Shops Act, 1912, may begin not later than three instead of half past one o'clock in the afternoon, but this provision shall not apply to any licensed premises in which any assistant is employed for more than sixty-five hours in any week exclusive of meal times."

*Almeric FitzRoy.*

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 15th day of *February*, 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS under the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) (No. 3) Act, 1915, His Majesty has power by Order in