PURSUANT to a Judgment of the Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster, dated the 22nd day of February, 1916, made in an action wherein John Blundell is plaintiff and Thomas Blundell is defendant (1916, Letter B, No. 1551), the persons claiming to be interested in the hereditaments devised and bequeathed by the will of THOMAS BOND, late of Union-street, Southport, in the county of Lancaster, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 25th day of June, 1891), are, by themselves or their Solicitors, on or before the 10th day of April, 1916, to come in and prove their claims at the Chancery Office, 9, Cook-street, in the city of Liverpool, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said judgment. Thursday, the 13th day of April, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Chancery Office, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.—Dated this 14th day of March, 1916.

ROGER B. LAWRENCE, Registrar.

ROGER B. LAWRENCE, Registrar.

WATSON, ATKINSON and HYDE, of 25, Castle-street, Liverpool; Agents for

BRIGHOUSE, JONES and CO., of Clarendon House, St. George's-place, Southport, in the county of Lancaster, Solicitors for the above named Plaintiff. 127

Official Notice.

TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ACTS, 1914-16.

TTENTION is called to the provisions of the A Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914-16, which require notice to be given to the Public Trustee of:

1. Shares in firms or companies held by enemies.

1. Shares in firms or companies held by enemies.
2. Property held in any capacity for enemies.
3. All bank balances held for enemies.
4. Debts of £50 or upwards due to enemies.
N.B.—An enemy for this purpose is any firm or person, irrespective of nationality, residing or carrying on business in enemy territory.
Failure to give notice as required by the Acts is punishable on conviction by fine and imprisonment.
The restrictions on dealing with enemy property will continue to apply to property which is notifiable to the Custodian after the present war, until such time as they may be removed by Order in Council.
Debts of any amount due from, and British property of all kinds in, enemy or occupied territory may also be recorded.

be recorded.

All necessary forms may be obtained on application to the undersigned.

C. J. STEWART, Public Trustee, Custodian for England and Wales.

Public Trustee Office, Kingsway, W.C., 6th March, 1916.

In the Matter of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914, and in the Matter of FERDINAND LEMPP, an Enemy within the Act.

BY an Order of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, made in the above Matters, it was directed that the following inquiry be made,

(1) An inquiry what debts of the enemy Ferdinand Lempp, of Schwael Gmuend, Germany, to persons within the United Kingdom, not being enemies within the meaning of the above mentioned Act, remain

Any person within the United Kingdom, claiming to be a creditor of the said enemy, and not being an enemy within the meaning of the above mentioned Act, is, on or before the 14th day of April, 1916, to send by post prepaid, to the Public Trustee, the Custodian for England and Wales under, and for the purposes of the above mentioned Act, at the Public Trustee Office, Kingsway, London, W.C., such notice, in writing, as is hereinafter mentioned, together with a statutory declaration, duly stamped, verifying the same, or in default thereof will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Such notice and statutory declaration must each be headed: "In the Matter of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914, and in the Matter of Ferdinand Lempp, an enemy within the Act, 1915, L., No. 2087." The notice must contain:—

(a) The full names, or name, address and description of the claimant.

tion of the claimant.

(b) A statement that the claimant is not an enemy within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914.

(c) Full particulars of the nature and amount of the claim, including a statement of any account between the enemy and the claimant.

(d) Full particulars of any security held by the claimant for the claim, or any part thereof.

Every claimant holding any security is to produce the same before Mr. Justice Younger, at his Chambers, the Royal Courts of Justice, London, Room No. 297, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of May, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

Except for the purpose of producing their security claimants are not required to attend on the adjudication unless requested by notice so to do.—Dated the 10th day of March, 1916.

L. J. FULTON, for the Public Trustee, Custodian for England and Wales.

In the Matter of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914, and in the Matter of A the Matter of the Trading with the Documy Amendment Act, 1914, and in the Matter of EDOUARD PHILIPPE HAAG, AUGUSTE HAAG, his Wife, and CARL LUDWIG EDOUARD HAAG, Enemies within the Act.

BY an Order of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice made in the above Matters, on

Court of Justice made in the above Matters, on the 19th October, 1915, it was directed that the following inquiry be made, viz.:—

(1) An inquiry what debts of the enemies Edouard Philippe Haag and Carl Ludwig Edouard Haag (who until the outbreak of the war carried on business as "Haag Freres" at Le Havre) to persons within the United Kingdom not being enemies within the meaning of the above mentioned Act remain unpaid.

Any person within the United Kingdom claiming to be a creditor of the said Edouard Philippe Haag and Carl Ludwig Edouard Haag, and not being an enemy within the meaning of the above mentioned Act, is, on or before the 12th day of April, 1916, to send by post prepaid to the Public Trustee, the Custodian for England and Wales under and for the purposes of the above mentioned Act, at the Public Trustee Office, Kingsway, London, W.C., such notice in writing as is hereinafter mentioned, together with a stautory declaration, duly stamped, verifying the same, or in default thereof will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order. Such notice and statutory declaration must each be headed: "In the Matter of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914, and in the Matter of Edouard Philippe Haag, Augusta Haag, his Wife, and Carl Ludwig Edouard Haag, enemies within the Act, 1915, H. 2267."

The notice must contain:—

The notice must contain :--

(a) The full names or name, address and description of the claimant.

(b) A statement that the claimant is not an enemy within the meaning of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1914.

(c) Full particulars of the nature and amount of the

(c) Full particulars of the nature and amount of the claim, including a statement of any account between the enemy and the claimant.

(d) Full particulars of any security held by the claimant for the claim, or any part thereof.

Every claimant holding any security is to produce the same before Mr. Justice Younger, at his Chambers, the Royal Courts of Justice, London, Room No. 315, on Wednesday, the 19th day of April, 1916, at 12.30 o'clock in the afternoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.

Except for the purpose of producing their securities claimants are not required to attend on the adjudica-

claimants are not required to attend on the adjudica-tion unless requested by notice so to do.—Dated the 9th day of March, 1916.

L. J. FULTON, for the Public Trustee, Custo-dian for England and Wales.

In the Matter of the Trading with the Enemy Amendment Act, 1916, and in the Matter of ARTISTIC NOVELTIES Limited.

B Y an Order of the Board of Trade, dated 28th February, 1916, under section 1 (1) (b) of the above-mentioned Act, requiring the business of the above named Company to be wound up, Mr. John