The London Gazette.

Budulked by Auchority.

From Souday March 18, to Thursday March 21, 1694

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending of William Standish of Standish-Hall in the County of Lancaster Esq;

n Advinture, were the Book in waich the forth of the Office of the help in the first of the forth of the Owners, its

beiong, were tien in and Places of diste good Fortune, the fail

ce) will met at their urlday, and Smurday,

32615,40063,41745, 65569,65578,69517, 89775,93745,95520,

lis Majelly's Transfor. Notice, That as just kets are over, he mil

he 16sh of April, and when the Pay-Ticker;

ce in Lombard tires.

lished, A Sermon

Queen Mary of Ever Veltruinfter, on the july in Bishop of Canarbay. wn in St. Pauls Charch

he King at Ken-Lambe, D. D. Den of Published by His Ma-Kettilby at the Billops

atory towards a

edications, Presented Communion, also take 4th Edition. Prints or at the Hand and See

Houshold Comhoice Phylical Receipt moft Difeales, allo Di ers, Phylical Alea, &c., or Cookery in Drelling clerving, Candying &c. also English Wines of

d Carving, with many H. Rhodes at the Sur

Loyal Holpital at wn by Robert Inglia be finished by Lag-ic that would have the ofals at large at Mass e House at the Royale, or at his House on d other Memon 🖈 ns, are tipen file, soft thereof, are defired to the Commissioners aptreat and receive fro-

change, above onday, a curious Col-ind Latin, as Horain rinted by old Elzevier ck Books. The Sale es may be had tithe

ant, John Lleyd slist and English; He is a fore Eyer, long black & Grey Coat, a close

blue and red firped

ord at the Six Clair-

Guildhall, co

uction a curious Col.

, beginning at 4 after

talogues are given #

it the Percock in the

, to receive the of the Numbers fel.

il next

WILLIAM R.

WILLIAM R.

WILLIAM R.

WILLIAM R.

WILLIAM R.

Wiliam Standish of Standishtion, That Wiliam Standish of StandishHall in the County of Lancaiter, Efg; hath
Hall in the County of Lancaiter, Efg; hath
Conspired, with divers other Disaffected
Persons, to Dissurb and Distroy the Government, and for that purpose bought up Arms,
and Abetted and Adhered to His Muselsies Enemies; For
which cause several Warrants have Issued for the Apprehending of the said William Standish, but he hath with
drawn himsels from his usual Place of Abode, and is sted
from Justice: his Majesty therefore hath thought sit, by
and with the Advice of His Privy Council, and upon an
Humble Address from the Hoose of Commons for that purpose, to Issue this His Royal Proclamation; And His Masist doth hereby Command and Require all His Lowing
Subjests to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said William Standish wherever he may be found, and to Carry him
before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who
is hereby Required to Commit him to the next Gaol, there
wremain until kebe thence delivered by due Course of Law.
And His Majesty doth require the said Justice, or other
Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to His Privy
Council, or one of the Principal Secretaries of State. And
His Majesty doth bereby Publish and Declare, That all Person who shall Conceal the said William Standish, or be
Adding or Assisting in Concealing him, or surthering his
Estapt, shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence,
with the utmost Severity according to Law. And His Majust obs hereby Promise, That whosover shall Discover and
Apprehend the said William Standish, and Bring him befire some Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, shall Have
and Receive the Reward of Five hundred Pounds for so
ing. And We do hereby Authorize and Require Our preson Commissioners of Our Treasury, and Our Righ Treasurer
and Commissioners of Our Treasury for the time being, to
make Payment of the said Sum accordingly.

Given at Our Court at Ken

Rame, March 5. The Cardinal d'Esta, now Duke of Madena, has sent back his Cardinals Cap to the Pope, which makes the 13th Vacancy in the Colledge of Cardinals. The Venetian Ambassador continues his Instances at this Court in order to hasten the departure of the Popes Callers the Legiste. Calleys to the Levant.

Legborne, March 7. This week arrived here a Bark in 4 days from Toulon, by which we have advice, that two Magazines with Naval Stores were lately burnt there. We do not hear that the French have yet begun to fit out their Fleer in that Port.

Milan, March 9. Cur Governor the Marquis de Leganez, is returned hirher from Turin. Every thing is ready for forming the Siege of Cazal, but the Cold Weather and the

forming the Siege of Cazal, but the Gold Weather and the abundance of Snow that covers the Ground, have deferred for some days the execution of that design.

Yenice, March 11. In the beginning of the next week a great Convey will fail from hence with Provisions and Scres for the Venerian Fleet in the Levant, and with this egrorunity will be sent thither 1000 Land Soldiers, and 150 thousand Zequins in Money. The Letters from the Morea tell us, that our Troops had taken such care to leave the Pass at the Islamus of Corinch, that the Turks have not of late been able to make any locustic as into that hive not of late been able to make any Incursi na into that Country, as they intended, having drawn tegerher a Body of Proops for that put polo.

WILLIAM R.

Given at Our Court at Kensington the Fourteenth Day of March 1694. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

Warfaw, March 5. Since the breaking up of the Dyet the King of Poland has called logether the Senarors to confider what is fit to be done in the present Juncture of Affairs for the Security of the Kingdom; Some proposed that another Dyet should be immediately called, but the time of the year notallowing hereof, others were of Opinion that the King should raise the Arrierban; The latter was referred on, and accordingly Circular Letters are to be disparched to all the Provinces, summoning the Nobility and Gentry to appear in Asias, but the place and time of their Rendezvous are not yet feetled. On the 4-h past a great Body of Tarrars; communied by Sultan Gerez, Son of their Han; conducted a Convoy of Provinces to Caminice; after which they advanced towards Lemberg, committing great Spill with burning and plundering as they marched. The Crown General, who was on the Frontiers, upon notice of it; assembled the Troops that were quartered thereabours, but by reason of the shoriness of the time could not get together more than the shoriness of the time could not get together more than 3200 Men, a very small number in comparison of the Engmies, who were reported to be 70000. On the 11th the Tarrars appeared in light of Lemberg; and thereupon the Crown General posted the Forces before mentioned, so as that they might be best able to cover the Suburbs, which 'twas believed the Enemy deligned to attack; as they did the next morning with great sury; The Poles were in a posture to receive them, and charged the Enemy with such vigour, that they beat them off several times; The Tartars finding they could make no impression upon our Troops; vigour, that they bear them off leveral times; The Tartars sinding they could makelno impression upon our Troops; while their main Body engaged them in one place, sent a Party of Sooo, commanded by two Murza's, to attack the Subirbs (which were only fortissed with Palistades; a Breast-work and a small dry Ditch) on the other side; where they succeeded, and entred the same; by which means our Troops were cut off from all assistance from the Town; but this served only to animate our Men the more, to preserve for great a number of People as would otherwise have been exposed to the cruelty of the Enemy, and dividing themselves into two Bodies, they sell upon the Tartars, and beat them again out of the Suburbs, which they had already set on fire. The Fight lasted several hours, and at last the Tartars being discouraged by their several Repulses, reured a mile and a half from the Town, the 12th they marched back 3 miles sarther, and on the 14th repassed the River Niester, having lost in this Action about 3000 Men, and among them 3 of their principal Officers whom they call Murza's, and on our side there were but 100 killed and 160 wounded. The Crown General sent out a strong Detachement to observe them: What damage they have done in their retreat we do not yet hear, but the People having had time to leave their Houses, they have not taken many Prisoners, and by this happy deseat of the Enemy their chief detign was disappointed, which was to have made a great Ravage in the Country on this side Lemberg.

Vienna, March 12. Prince Lewis of Baden has been present at several Councils of War since his arrival here, and will shortly return to the Rhine. The Officers of the Imperial Forces are commanded to repair to their Quarters; and they talk here very much of opening the Camaagne in Hungary with the Siege of Temeswaer. The Advices

and they talk here very much of opening the Campagne in Hungary with the Siege of Temefwaer. The Advices from the Frontiers fay, that the Grand Viller is to Command again the Ottoman Army in Hungary the next Campagne in Hungary in Hungary.

Paris, March 21. . The Mareschal de Tourwille went from hence this morning for Provence to encourage the People, who are under great allarms along that Coast, fearing an Insult from the Enemies Fleet: Ours at Toulon is not yet fitting out: They are making some new Fortifications at Marfeilles, but go on but flowly for want of Money. The loss of the two Men of War, the Content and the Trident, which were lately taken by the English in the Channel of Malta, disquiers this Court the more, for that they apprehend the like misfortune

on the 8th Infirm, a aften: frem i.tr. Join Gred not to piy and ing it to Mr. William you firely have 2011

ili ili i