Spandau, Guillaume (see Spandau Port & Com-Spandau, Port & Company, Balmes 161, Barcelona.

SWEDEN.

Hammarström Bröderna, Ö. Hamngatan 5, Gothenburg.

VENEZUELA.

Gossewisch, Theodor, Valencia. Manuel, Franco, La Merida and Maracaibo.

REMOVALS FROM LIST.

ARGENTINA, PARAGUAY & URUGUAY. Acosta & Company, Buenos Aires, Argentina. Delcampo, Carlos, Montevideo, Uruguay.

BRAZIL.

Carvalho, Paes & Company, Fundicas Indigena, Rua Camerino 150, Rio Janeiro. Holzborn, Ernesto, Rua das Princezas, Bahia. Lopes, Pedro, & Company, Sao Paulo. "Polis o Dea," Florianopolis. Sequeira, Luis, Rio de Janeiro. Vianna, Silva, Rua General Camara 60, Para.

GREECE.

Barouh, Solomon & Levi, Volo. Damas, Constantine, Calamata.

HONDURAS.

Guillen & Dole, Trujillo.

NORWAY.

Grüner, M. F., Ovre Slotsgt. 15, Christiania.

VARIATIONS IN LIST.

Corrections in the names and additions to addresses of the persons or firms whose names have been already published on the respective dates shown in the margin are made as under:-

ARGENTINA:

15 Feb., 1918.—Sieburger, Juan Christian, y Hijos, Calle Talcahuano 82, Buenos Aires.

HONDURAS.

15 Feb., 1918.—Castellon, Alberto Bu, Juticalpa.

15 Feb., 1918.—Funes, Juan B., San Juancito and La Cieba.

15 Feb., 1918.—Mendoza, Liberato, Comayaguëla.

NETHERLANDS.

29 Feb., 1916.—Mohrmann, J., & Company, Handelsvereeniging Voor-heen. Keizersgr. 228, Amsterdam.

SPAIN.

20 July, 1917.—Bruch y Soltau (La Peleteria Española), Consejo

Ciento 286, Barcelona. 29 Feb., 1916.—Hinderer, Carlos, Calle del Barquillo 28B, and Genova 10, Madrid.

29 Feb., 1916.—Linhoff, Carlos (sucesore de Gross & Linhoff), Malaga. Also

Gross & Linhoff (see Linhoff, Carlos).

10 Nov., 1916.—Siderurgia у Maquinaria Extranjera, Calle Martinez Cubells 10, Valencia; and Henao 8, Bilbao.

VENEZUELA.

5 Apr., 1918.—Rivas, Fensohn & Company, Caracas and Curação (see Dutch West Indies).

Note (1).—All persons or firms resident, carrying on business or being in the United Kingdom are prohibited from having, with any person or firm mentioned in this List, or in any List issued under the Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamation, any dealings other than such as are expressly authorised by paragraph 5 of the Proclamation. A List (The Consolidated List, No. 51A) consolidating all previous Lists, up to and including that of the 5th April, 1918, together with List No. 52 of 19th April, 1918, List No. 53 of 3rd May, 1918, and the List herewith annexed, contain all the names which up to this date are included in the Statutory List. Additions to and variations in these Lists

will be published at intervals approximately of two weeks.

The Lists are published in the London Gazette and reproduced in the Board of Trade Journal, and separate copies of all Lists may be obtained at a small cost from the Superin-Publications, \mathbf{of} ${f His}$ Majesty's Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway,

Note (2).—Where a person or firm mentioned in the List has more than one address in the country, or group of countries under which the name of the person or firm appears, all dealings in that country, or in any country in the group, with such person or firm are prohibited, even in cases where one only of the addresses or one only of the countries is specifically mentioned.

Note (3).—Trading is prohibited under the Trading with the Enemy Proclamations of 25th June, and 10th November, 1915, with any person or firm of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in China, Siam, Persia, Morocco, Liberia or Portuguese East Africa. Persons or firms in the United Kingdom are therefore prohibited from trading with any person or firm of enemy nationality in any of those countries, even though such person or firm is not mentioned by name in the Statutory List.

Note (4).—In order to minimise as far as possible any inconvenience which may be caused to British traders by the dislocation of export trade owing to the inclusion in the Statutory List of a former connection, the Foreign Trade Department is collecting and classifying the names of non-enemy firms who may be able to act as substitutes for firms mentioned in the Statutory List. A considerable amount of information is already available at the Foreign Trade Department, and it is in many cases possible to suggest the names of satisfactory substitutes for individual firms on the Lists, without the necessity of referring the matter abroad. The Department is, how-