

# The London Gazette.

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Madrid, June 9.

**A**N Expreſs is arrived here with Letters from Barcelona, giving an account, That a Body of 2000 Spaniſh Foot, 500 Horſe, and 7000 Miquelets, on the 30th of the laſt month, attackt 2 or 3000 French, who were marching under the Command of Monsieur de St. Silveſtre, to Convoy 200 Mules laden with Proviſions to Caſtel Folie, and after a diſpute of 6 hours, had forced the Enemy to retire in much diſorder, having killed many of their Men, and taken all the Mules, except 25, who got into the Town; which the Spaniards continue to block up. We have Advice, That 500 men of the Garriſon of Ceuta had on the 8th of May made a Skilly upon the Moors with very good Succeſs, having killed 300 of the Enemy, and demolish'd ſeveral of their Works.

**Rome, June 11.** The Popes Gallies fail'd the 5th inſtant from Civita Vecchia for the Levant, and the day following came up with an Algerine Man of War of 24 Guns and 150 Men, whom they took after a Fight of ſeveral hours; We had about 20 men killed in this Action, and divers wounded; and of the Turks 40 were killed and wounded, and the reſt made Slaves; and 20 Chriſtians releas'd; The Gallies ſent their Prize to Civita Vecchia, and proceeded on their Voyage; The Gallies of Malta were to joyne them at Meſſina.

**Ligorne, June 13.** The Fleet Commanded by Admiral Ruſſel was by our laſt Advice on the Coaſt of Provence, and had appear'd in ſight of Thoulon and Marſeilles, which gave a great Alarm to thoſe places. The 9th inſtant were ſeen near Final 22 Sail of Ships, which were ſent by Admiral Ruſſel to Transport the Spaniſh Soldiers deſign'd from thence to Catalonia. And an Engliſh Ship was arriv'd at Final with a Packet, which being deliver'd to the Governour, ſhe immediately fail'd again to the Weſtward. The 8th inſtant fail'd from hence the Herne, Captain Barret; the Leopard, Captain Winter; and Providence, Captain Gates; bound home, together with 5 Dutch Ships for Holland. Yeſterday arriv'd here a Bark in 8 days from Tunis, who confirms our former Advice of Mibemet Bey's return thither, and of his having regain'd all the Places that were lately taken by the Algerines, except the Caſtle of Tunis, which was obſtinately defended by a Garriſon of 300 men.

**Milan, June 15.** The Prince of Heſſe Darmſtadt parted from hence ſome days ago to Command the 4000 Men that are going to ſerve in Catalonia; And we have this day Advice of the arrival of the Transport Ships at Final, under Convoy of ſeveral Men of War, who are to carry them to Barcelona. The Spaniſh Troops march to the Camp before Caſal.

**From the Camp at Joyoſo before Caſal, June 16.** The Forces Commanded by the Lord Galway, have almoſt finiſh'd their Lines, which are 3 Engliſh Miles in length; Thoſe made by the Germans are likewiſe far advanced, and will be joynd to ours in 2 or 3 days. The Spaniards at the ſame time are carrying on the like Works on the other ſide of the Po; There are encamp'd about this place 22000 Foot, and the Siege of it ſeems by the preparations that are made, to be now reſolv'd on; 'Tis ſaid there are to be two Attacks, one againſt the Town by the Spaniards, and the other againſt the Citadel by the Germans, and the Troops of Savoy; and that the Trenches will be open'd in few days. We have had a great deal of Rain here, but the Weather is now become pretty fair again. The Inhabitants of Caſal begin to ſuffer very much; They want every thing but Bread. This morning about 1200 Perſons came out of the Town, but were all forced back again except 4 or 5 Perſons of Quality who had Paſſports from the Duke of Savoy. Our Batteries have ruin'd moſt of the Enemies Mills; And they have ſid above 800 ſhot from the Town, but without doing us any harm, nor having diſmunted any of our Cannon, or killed any one man.

**Turin, June 17.** The laſt Letters we have received from the Camp before Caſal, give an account, That our

Troops had almoſt finiſh'd their Lines and Redoubts on one ſide the Po, and were at work to do the like on the other; And that they ſtill talk'd of turning the Blockade into a formal Siege, and of opening their Trenches the 20th or 21th of this month; Three Brandenburg Regiments of Foot, and one of Dragoons are going thither, and Prince Charles of Brandenburg, who Commands them, went hence the 13th inſtant. The reſt of the German and Spaniſh Forces, as well as thoſe in the Service of the Duke of Savoy, are likewiſe on their march; ſome towards Caſal, and others to the Camp which is forming at Vigon.

**Venice, June 17.** The laſt Letters from Dalmania inform us, That 12000 Turks, who 'twas thought deſign'd to attack Cicluſ, were all march'd towards Hungary. Some days ago was Launched here a new Ship of 80 Guns, which will ſail with the next Convoy to the Levant, if it can be got ready ſo ſoon. We have no freſh Advices from the Moreas.

**Vicenna, June 18.** The Elektor of Saxony is expected here this Week, and after a ſhort ſtay at this Court, will go on, together with General Capara, to the Imperial Army in Hungary, which, according to our laſt Letters, was encamp'd near Baya; where the reſt of the Imperial Regiments, that are not yet arriv'd, will have join'd them by the end of this month, and then the whole Army will march towards Peter Waradin. We hear from Tranſylvania, That General Veterani is march'd with the Troops under his Command towards Caranſbes. The Letters from Turkey confirm the News of the Grand Viſier's Diſgrace, and that his Succeſſor has but little Experience in Military Affairs; This change will in all probability retard their Preparations for the Campaigne.

**Frankfort, June 26.** Prince Lewis of Baden continues encamp'd near Steppach; And the Mareſchal de Loge near Bruchſall and Bretten. Three Heſſen Regiments of Foot paſſ'd through this City yeſterday to join the former; the reſt of the Forces of Heſſe being already arriv'd in the Bergſtraet; The Troops of Munſter and Lunenburg are likewiſe marching this way. There have been ſeveral Rencounters between the Imperial and French Parties within theſe few days, and ſome killed and taken on either ſide.

**Cologne, June 28.** The Troops of Munſter paſſ'd the River Laen the 20th inſtant, in their march towards the Upper Rhine.

**Paris, June 27.** They write from Marſeilles of the 20th inſtant, that the Enemies Fleet which had been ſeveral days on that Coaſt, flood off to Sea on the 15th, and that ſome ſmall Veſſels ſent out to get Intelligence of their Motions, were come back, and reported, they were fail'd towards Catalonia; and 'tis thought here their deſign may be to attack Roses or Palamos. The French Army in Catalonia, was, as the laſt Letters inform us, encamp'd about a League and half from Gironne, to give an opportunity for ſupplying that place with Proviſions, and other Neceſſaries which they wanted; and the Spaniſh Troops lay near Blanes. The Duke of Vendome has writ to Court, that our Troops in theſe parts are ſo weakened by the loſſes they have ſuſtain'd in their late Rencounters with the Enemy, as well as by ſickneſs and deſertion, that without a conſiderable Reinforcement they will be in great danger of loſing this Summer all they gain'd the laſt; but there is little likelihood that the Succours he demands can be ſent him at this time. The Letters from Pignerol of the 20 ſay, That the Allies had rais'd ſeveral Batteries againſt Caſal, and that the Trenches would be open'd that Night. The Duke of Savoy had order'd a Detachment of the Forces that were at Vigon to march towards Caſal, in order to be employ'd in the Siege of that place; and 'twas ſaid, his Royal Highneſs's Troops, which were at Coni and Demont, were order'd towards Nice; There are Letters of the ſame date from Turin, which make no mention about opening the Trenches at Caſal, but ſay, The Allies had taken a Redoubt which the French had long diſputed, with the loſs of divers men on both ſides. The laſt account we have from Germany, is, That the two Armies continu'd at Steppach and Bruchſall; and 'twas believ'd ours would ſuddenly reſiſt the Rhine. The Expreſſes arrive very frequently from Flanders, and the laſt brought Advice, that the Enemy were march'd from before Kenouque. Letters from