Whitehall, July 19. 1695.
This Afternoon came in the Mail from Holland of Tuesday last, and brings the following Advices.

## Publissed by Authority.

From His Majesty's Camp before Namur, July 25. N. S. 1595.

Tour last Writing it was thought, that Monsieur Montal would have besieged Dixmuyde, having taken the necessary Posts for it; but by the great Care of the Prince of Vaudemont, the French have been disappointed in their Designs, both upon Dixmuyde and Neuport, in the last of which Places they expected little or mo Garison, so that Monsieur Montal made the greatest haste he could thither; but sinding the Duke of Wirtemberg and Sir Henry Bellassie in the Neighbourhood with a considerable Body of Troops, he marched back, sending his great Cannon to Dunkirk, and he is thought to have rejoyned the Mareschal de Villerey, who is in constant Motion, and was yesterday about Harlebeck near Courtray.

The Prince of Vaudement continues to observe him in his Camp at Onfracker, where 'tis believed the Duke of Wirtemberg and Sir Henry Bellassse may have joyned him again by this time. The Earl of Athlone was yesterday Encamped by the Village of Aubay, from whence he

intended to march this day to his former Camp at Pont a Selle.

Yesterday the Horses were sent from hence for Mechlin, to bring hither the Flanders Ar.

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We have 11 Batteries playing upon the Enemy, (besides 4 at the Brandenburg Attack) five of Mortars, and 6 of great Guns, most of which are employed in battering 2 Bastions on each side St. Nicholas Port, where a considerable Breach is already made. This Work is separated by a wet Ditch from the ancient Wall, within which the Enemy have likewise made a Retrenchment.

Cafal is surrendred upon Conditions; one whereof is, That the Foreifications of the Town

and Cittadel shall be demolished.

Hague, July 26. The Letters from Flanders say, that the Count de Montal is retired from before Dixmayde, which the timely care of reinforcing the Garison, and the opening the Sluces, has secured from any attempt. The Mareschal de Villerey had at the same time a design upon Nieuport, but the Prince de Vaudement having sent Sir Henry Bellassife with 12 Regiments that way, prevented it, and the Mareschal de Villerey returned towards Rouselaer. They write from Madrid of the 7th of July, That a Regiment of 1000 Men were arrived at Baralona the 24th of June, New-Stile; and that the 25th, the Transport Ships, which had on Board the Troops from Final, appeared off Barcelona. Admiral Russel continued on the Coast of Provence. The New-Spain Fleet would depart from Cadiz about the end of July.

Paris, July 23. The Letters from St. Malo of the 17th inform us, that the Enemy began to Bombard the Town the 15th, and continued to do so all that day; We do not yet know all the particulars of the damage we have suffered; The Inhabitants were in a great Consternation, and most of them retired to the Country, and they reckon that half the Town is destroyed. They write from Marseilles of the 12th, that the last News they had of Admiral Russell was, that the contrary Winds had carried him to the Guis of Palma in Sardinia. The News is confirmed, that the Garison of Cazal has capitulated, and that the Town and Cittadel are to be demolished. We are in great pain for Namur, and they say, there is a misunderstanding between the Mareschal de Boussers and Count de Guiscard the Governor.

Francfort, July 20. The two Armies continue in the same Camps you had an account of in our last; The French have sent their Baggage over the Rhine, and are laying two Bridges over that River near Ketch; but their Army will hardly be able to pass it, without giving us

an opportunity to fall upon their Rear.

Vienna, July 13. The last Advices from Hungary say, That the Imperial Army was marching towards Peter-Waradin, and we conclude they are by this time near that Place. They write from Transslvania, that General Veterani is marched with the Forces under his Command towards Caransebes. The Letters from the Turkish Frontiers tell us, the Grand Signior was on his march towards Sophia, and would be at Belgrade about the beginning of August

Turin, July 12. Our Troops before Cazal having pushed on their Attacks with great vigor, the Garison hung out a white Flag the Ninth Instant, and desired to Capitulate; Hostages were given accordingly, and the Articles of Surrender were agreed on. Those of most importance contain, That the Fortisications of the Town and Cittadel shall be razed; And that so soon as that can be done, the Garison shall march out with their Arms and Baggage, 12 Pieces of Cannon, two Mortars, and several Wagons, and be conducted to Pignerol; The rest of the Cannon, with the Provisions of War, is to be lest behind, whereof the Duke of Savey is to have two Thirds, and the Imperialists and Spaniards the other Third. The Siege of this important Place lasted but 13 Days, and during it we lost not above 80 men, besides wounded. Tis believed, the Allies will undertake some new En exprize before the end of the Campagne. Our Cavalry is Encamped at Bariasque and Demont, and the Spanish Horse at La Veillane.