

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T./Brig.-Gen.) George Hanbury Noble Jackson, C.M.G., D.S.O., Bord. R., comdg. 87th Infy. Bde.

For great gallantry and resource in the operations near Gheluvelt on the 28th September, 1918, and the following days. Whenever circumstances were in the least difficult he was always to be found with the leading troops fearlessly exposing himself and inspiring all ranks by his example.

(D.S.O. gazetted 27th September, 1901.)

Capt. (A./Lt.-Col.) John Philip Kellett, D.S.O., M.C., 1/2nd Bn., Lond. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and able leading of his battalion on 27th September, 1918, at the crossing of the Canal du Nord during the attack near Oisy-le-Verger. The villages and enclosed ground were occupied by a large number of machine-gun posts, which threatened to hold up a rather thin attack. By quick and skilful manœuvring he reduced the centres of resistance one after the other, capturing a number of prisoners well in excess of his own losses.

(D.S.O. gazetted 3rd June, 1918.)

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Charles Reade Munroe Morris, D.S.O., M.B., 99th Fd. Amb., R.A.M.C.

For exceptional gallantry and devotion to duty on 20th to 24th September south-west of Villers Guislain, in working continually for five days under heavy shell fire, supervising and co-ordinating the work of the Medical Officers while at work at night in the advanced dressing station. It was twice blown in by shell burst. He carried out important surgical work, and by his pluck and endurance set a fine example to all around him.

(D.S.O. gazetted 4th June, 1917.)

Capt. and Bt. Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Richard Nugent O'Connor, D.S.O., M.C., Sco. Rif., attd. 2nd Bn., H.A.C. (ITALY)

He was entrusted with the command of the troops detailed to capture the Island of Papadopoli on 24th October, 1918. By his personal careful reconnaissance and plans for attack the whole island was captured, together with some six hundred prisoners, with small loss to his battalion. The operations were carried out at night in two phases under most difficult conditions; in the second phase he, with a few of his battalion headquarters, came across an enemy point manned by some sixty men and two officers, and immediately charged them and caused the whole garrison to surrender. By his most gallant and able leadership in these operations, the crossing of troops for the main attack was carried out without loss.

(D.S.O. gazetted 16th August, 1917.)

Capt. (A./Lt.-Col.) Fred Harris Peter, D.S.O., M.C., R. Fus., attd. 5th Bn., Yorks. L.I., T.F.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability in command of his battalion at Havrincourt, 12th-14th September, 1918. It was chiefly owing to his arrangements that, in spite of heavy fire, the battalion reached its objective with few casualties. After a heavy counter-attack he successfully cleared the village and took over a five hundred yards frontage facing a different way. After a

second counter-attack, when units were mixed, he reorganised the line under heavy bombardment and held it.

(D.S.O. gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

T./Maj. the Hon. Harold Ritchie, D.S.O., 11th Bn., Sco. Rif., attd. 1st Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack south of Villers Guislain on September 21st, 1918. When he heard that his men were held up by uncut wire and a machine-gun barrage, nearly all the officers being casualties, he went forward and led the attack. In doing so he was wounded, and after he had had the wound dressed again went forward and directed his men in repelling a counter-attack, until he had to be sent to the dressing station. His grit and endurance were a fine example.

(D.S.O. gazetted 1st January, 1918.)

Capt. (T./Lt.-Col.) Charles Leslie Rome, D.S.O., 11th Hrs., attd. 3rd D. Gds.

For conspicuous gallantry and fine leadership of his regiment when ordered to capture Honnechy and the high ground east of it on October 18th. His quick appreciation and dash enabled the regiment to seize its objective in spite of extreme shelling and enfilade machine-gun fire. Shortly afterwards he was wounded and rendered unconscious when organising a further advance. On regaining consciousness he insisted on remaining to give the brigadier a clear report of the situation, and only went to the dressing station when ordered to do so. The capture of Honnechy, which was entirely due to his initiative, had a most important bearing on subsequent operations.

(D.S.O. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)

T./Lt.-Col. Sydney Douglas Rumbold, D.S.O., M.C., 9th Bn., York & Lan. R.

(ITALY)

For conspicuous gallantry and leadership in the Piave battle from 29th to 31st October, 1918. When his battalion was in support of other troops who were three times held up at the crossing of the Monticano, near Vazola, Lt.-Col. Rumbold, on his own initiative, determined to attack, and led his men over the bridge and gained the objective, taking many prisoners and machine guns. On 30th October, by rapid marching, he came to the support of our cavalry, who were held upon the River Mescia. On 31st October he again had heavy fighting in the taking of Sacii, and in bridging the River Lwenz. Throughout the operations he showed great coolness and ability to command.

(D.S.O. gazetted 27th October, 1917.)

Capt. (A./Lt.-Col.) John Edward Utterson-Kelso, D.S.O., M.C., 2nd Bn., R. Sco. Fus.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during the 9½ miles advance east of Ypres from 28th September to 5th October, 1918. His battalion was one of the leading assault battalions in a five miles advance on to the southern end of Passhendaele Ridge. Although he was knocked down by a shell and severely shaken, he continued in command, refusing to leave. The battalion captured several guns and 200 prisoners. The next day, at a critical period when the front line was held up, he pushed forward