

T./2nd Lt. John Foulkes, Manch. R., attd. 2nd Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in the attack on the Fonsomme Line on October 1/2nd, 1918. He led a strong patrol to capture "Swiss Cottage," and in the hand-to-hand fighting there he personally rushed a machine-gun team, killing the crew and capturing the gun. He inspired his men by his bearing and confidence, and ultimately led them in the capture of the objective and its complement of one officer, 17 other ranks and several machine guns. His fine courage and initiative inspired all ranks and largely contributed to the success of this operation.

T./Lt. Sidney Fox, 36th Bn. M.G.C.

For most conspicuous gallantry and initiative near Courtrai on October 16th, 1918. He was the first to reach the canal, and to find that one bridge was only partially destroyed. During this reconnaissance he was slightly hit three times by machine-gun fire. Whilst near the river bank he located two enemy machine guns, and he and his serjeant shot the whole of the two teams, excepting three men who crawled away. He then went back and brought up two guns to cover the bridging operations over the river and silenced two enemy machine guns which came into action 300 yards away. He did splendid work.

Lt. (A./Capt.) Robert Francis, D.S.O., 1st Bn. Norf. R.

Throughout the operations from September 26th to 30th, 1918, south-west of Cambrai, he displayed the greatest gallantry. In the operations east of the Gouzeacourt-Villers Pluich railway on September 29th, when the advance was stopped, he consolidated his company's position and collected men of other companies who had become detached, placing them in position and thus saving a very awkward situation. On September 30th, 1918, during the advance to the Hindenburg Line, his skilful leadership and gallantry materially assisted the success of the operation.

T./Lt. Leslie Franklin, 9th, attd. 1st Bn., York. L.I.

For gallantry and ability in commanding his company during the attack on October 3rd, 1918, on Prospect Hill, near Le Catelet. His skill and initiative were most marked. Again, on the night October 7/8th, when his company took part in the attack on Villers Farm, near Villers Outreaux, he displayed the same gallantry and coolness and captured his objective under very heavy rifle and machine-gun fire.

437 Coy. S./M. Charles Fraser, D.C.M., M.M., 2nd Bn. A. and S. Highrs.

During the operations near Neuville on October 10th and 11th, 1918, he displayed conspicuous coolness and courage. During the attack on the morning of the 11th, all the platoon commanders in his company became casualties. He rallied the men of the company and led them on to their objective under heavy point-blank fire from field guns. He subsequently collected stragglers, reorganised them, and brought them into line with the rest of the company. While consolidation

was being carried out he went round the line and set a fine example in assisting the section commanders in their work.

5828 Coy. Serjt.-Major Henry Alfred Fraser, D.C.M., 1st Bn. Sea. Highrs. (Egypt).

For great gallantry and devotion to duty on September 20th, 1918, whilst assaulting the enemy position at Biet Lidd, under heavy machine-gun and rifle fire. He moved up and down the line regardless of danger, and set a fine example of coolness and gallantry. In the course of the action he did valuable reconnaissance work and though seriously wounded continued at duty with his company. His fine example was an inspiration to all.

T./2nd Lt. Ronald Alfred Frith, Notts and Derby R., attd. 1/6th Bn., T.F.

For great gallantry and determined leadership in the attack on the St. Quentin Canal, near Bellenglise, on September 29th, 1918. He used his Lewis gun to subdue the hostile machine-gun fire from south of the canal and under fire by field guns and anti-tank guns at short range led his men right through. When ordered to swing round to charge the battery on the flank, he led his platoon splendidly and the gun team fled, two being taken prisoners.

2nd Lt. Arthur Fullen, 1st Bn. North'n R., attd. 2nd T.M. By.

For conspicuous gallantry and good leadership in the advance on Berthaucourt on September 18th, 1918. When the assaulting company was held up and suffering heavy casualties from machine-gun fire he, at great risk, got a Stokes gun into action. He fired the gun himself and his fire enabled the company to get on to their first objective. He followed the advance of the leading company, and after the final objective was reached broke up an enemy bombing attack by firing other guns.

Lt. Kenneth Arthur Fulton, 483rd E. Anglian Fd. Coy., R.E., T.F.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. On September 29th, 1918, this officer was sent to make a reconnaissance of bridges over the Escaut River and St. Quentin Canal, near Noyelles. In spite of very trying circumstances due to hostile fire of every description he obtained very valuable information. He showed entire disregard of his personal safety and worked under almost continuous shell fire.

Rev. George Galbraith, R. Army Chapl. Dept., attd. 2nd Bn. High. L.I.

For gallantry and devotion to duty during the capture of the high ground north of Rumilly on October 1st, 1918. He was untiring in assisting the medical officer in the care of the wounded both at the regimental aid post, and also in the open under heavy shell fire. His cheerfulness and disregard of personal danger were admirable.

Lt. George Geoffrey Game, R.F.A. (Spec. Res.), attd. C./174th Bde.

On September 7th and 15th, 1918, at Buissy, the battery position was heavily shelled with Yellow Cross. On each occasion he went round the position through the shelling and made sure that all men had their masks on. On 26th and 27th it was necessary to