

Lt. Leslie James Cunliffe Goodall, 1/7th Bn. Manch. R., T.F., attd. 127th L.T.M. Bty.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty near Solesmes on October 20th, 1918. He was in charge of a Stokes mortar detachment, which he led into action against enemy machine guns. When all but one of the detachment had become casualties, and after he himself had been shot through the thigh, he took up the mortar and fired it with marked effect into an enemy machine-gun nest which was causing heavy casualties among our infantry, till he had expended all his ammunition.

2nd Lt. Victor Martin Reeves Goodman, C. Gds. (Spec. Res.), attd. 1st Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry near Haussy on October 16th, 1918, when after a heavy counter-attack the enemy drove back our troops. He went up and assumed command of a company which had lost all its officers, reorganised the troops on the spot belonging to five units, and took up a defensive position. Heavy hostile artillery fire was met with the whole time. He set throughout a fine example of courage and devotion to duty.

2nd Lt. Gilbert Lionel Gosling, 3rd Bn., attd. 2nd Bn., R. Berks; R.

During the attack on October 7th, 1918, against the Fresnes-Rouvroy line, he took command of two platoons and pushed on down Wind Trench, driving out two strong points on the way with rifle grenades and bombs, and right into the Fresnes-Rouvroy Line. Pressing onwards he captured two heavy machine guns and one light machine gun, with about thirty prisoners. Having received reinforcements, he gained touch with the unit on the left and cleared over 1,500 yards of enemy trench, after which he reorganised the line. Throughout these operations he displayed the greatest courage and resource.

Lt. Reginald Henry Gotelee, 2/4th Bn. Hamps. R., T.F.

For great gallantry and determined leadership on September 30th, 1918, near Marcoing. He led his company forward through heavy enemy shelling and machine-gun fire into the village. When the company was held up at the River Escaut he was the first to cross on a plank bridge, and located the enemy. For ten minutes he remained under snipers' fire, and, having located the opposition, he rushed his men across and drove the enemy over the canal and established posts along the canal bank.

Capt. Gerald Ewart Gott, 2nd Bn. Bedf. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and good leadership in command of a supporting company in an attack on Ronsoy, September 18th, 1918. He early became engaged with the enemy and overcame all opposition, capturing three machine guns and twenty prisoners and killing many. On reaching his objective he reorganised his company under heavy shell fire and thoroughly cleared this area of all hidden enemy.

T./Capt. William Balfour Gourlay, R.A.M.C. (N. Russia).

Throughout the period October 7th/15th, 1918, he showed exceptional devotion to duty

in the care of the sick and wounded in the village of Borok, under frequent shell fire and several infantry attacks. His hospital at Borok had twice to be moved owing to fires caused by shelling; and though worn out by want of sleep and hard work he attended to the evacuation of the wounded when the troops moved back from the village, marching with them for a long distance and helping to ease them over bad roads under difficult circumstances. He set a fine example throughout of unselfish endurance in the performance of his duties.

T./Lt. (A./Capt.) Charles Gordon Graham, 14th Bn. Worc. R.

On the night of September 26th, 1918, the eve of the attack on the Canal du Nord, he, under heavy fire, completed with his company a track leading towards the causeway over the canal. All the work was done under high pressure and great difficulties owing to the darkness of the night, the enemy's fire, and the large quantities of wire which had to be removed, and it was mainly due to his untiring energy and cool encouragement of his men that the track was complete a few minutes before zero hour. Again, in La Folle Wood, near Cantaing (September 29th, 1918), working all through an intensely dark night, he was successful in carrying through a repair of the road running through the wood. He rendered very valuable service.

T./Capt. Norman Frankish Graham, M.B. R.A.M.C., attd. 6th Bn. Lond. R.

Near Maricourt, during the operations of August 26th, 27th, 28th and 31st, 1918, this officer showed the greatest courage and devotion to duty. On three occasions, when the battalion to which he was attached moved forward, he immediately followed behind the battalion and established his regimental aid post close up to the line, tending and superintending the collection of wounded under very heavy shell fire. He so organised the stretcher bearer parties, largely using prisoners for this task, that the wounded were evacuated with a minimum of delay and discomfort. He was twice slightly wounded but carried on.

2nd Lt. Rodie Graham, 4th Bn., attd. 10th Bn., Lanc. Fus.

On October 12th, 1918, at Neuville, he led his company with great courage and ability throughout the day, notably in clearing out the enemy from the houses on the south side of the river Selle. He shot two snipers with his revolver, and succeeded in rescuing a wounded N.C.O. from the street by dragging him into a house under close range machine-gun fire. By clearing these houses he saved many casualties to other troops, as snipers and machine guns were supposed to have been cleared from the south side of the village.

Lt. (A./Capt.) Edgar Henry Gratwicke, A. Cyc. Corps, T.F., attd. 9th Corps Cyc. Bn.

On October 5th, 1918, just south of Montbrehain, he showed conspicuous gallantry and initiative in an attack on Montbrehain. Seeing that his company, which was withdrawing after taking its objectives, was in danger of being cut off, he went forward with a few men and got an enemy machine gun into action. When all the men with him had become