

Engineers had become disorganised through their officer being killed. He reorganised them, and throughout the day supervised their work. While working through Bellcourt he rounded up ten prisoners.

Capt. Kenneth Malcolm Grant McIntyre, 28th Bn., Aust. Infy.

He showed great dash and fearlessness during the attack on the Beurevoir Line, on 3rd October, 1918. A strong point containing three machine guns and crews offered a stubborn resistance, and without hesitation he rushed it, and with his revolver killed two enemy officers and forced the remaining garrison to surrender.

Lt. Eric George Henderson McKenzie, 44th Bn., Aust. Infy.

On 29th September, 1918, during operations south of Bony, he was in command of a platoon, and after his senior officers had early become casualties he took command of the company and successfully led it into the Hindenburg Line. On many occasions he took a leading part in repulsing enemy bombing attacks, and led bombing parties resulting in the capture of about 800 yards of the Hindenburg Line. He showed great gallantry and dash.

Lt. Ralph Julian Minty, M.M., 45th Bn., Aust. Infy., attd. 12th L.T.M. Bty.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during operations west of Bellenglise, on the 18th September, 1918. He went forward and established two Stokes mortars, one on either flank of the attacking battalion, silencing enemy machine guns. He supervised the mule train which was keeping up ammunition supplies to the front, and it was due to his guiding that ammunition was available for the infantry when digging in.

Lt. Basil Raymond Moore, 45th Bn., Aust. Infy.

For marked gallantry during the attack west of Bellenglise, north of St. Quentin, on the 18th September, 1918. He led his platoon in an assault in face of heavy machine-gun fire from an old building surrounded by a hedge. Whilst Lewis gunners engaged the enemy he led the remainder of his platoon round the flank, and, after killing several of the enemy, took 55 prisoners and several machine guns.

Capt. John Thomas Moran, 43rd Bn., Aust. Infy.

On 29th September, 1918, during operations south of Bony, when his company was held up by intense enemy machine-gun fire, he exposed himself most gallantly in locating enemy machine guns. Under his direction several parties were able to rush enemy posts and wipe out the crew. It was entirely due to his fine action and splendid leadership that the advance was able to continue at this point.

Lt. Reginald Sydney Morris, 55th Bn., Aust. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack on the Hindenburg

Line north of Bellicourt, on 30th September, 1918. As battalion intelligence officer he was selected to direct the battalion to the assembly position. His skilful leadership and total disregard for personal danger under fire enabled him to accomplish this in time for the attack.

Lt. Kenneth Charles Mortlock, 1st Bn., Aust. Infy.

In the operations near Hargicourt, between 18th-23rd September, 1918, he showed ability and fine devotion to duty. In the first attack he accompanied the forward troops, and by his energy in reconnaissance sent back valuable information. In the second attack he personally captured 12 of the enemy. Throughout he set an excellent example to those with him.

Capt. Cecil Charles Morton, 5th Bde., Aust. Fld. Arty.

On the morning of 29th September, 1918, at Hargicourt, during the attack on the Hindenburg Line, he was on duty with his section. Under heavy enemy counter-barrage he moved from gun to gun, encouraging the gunners in their task. He assisted in the removal of wounded to shelter, and started the reinforcing gun detachments on the barrage, so that no time was lost nor rounds missed. He showed great coolness and devotion to duty.

Lt. Albert Edward Moseley, 14th A.L.H.R. (EGYPT)

For conspicuous gallantry and initiative at Salahive (Damascus) on the 30th September, 1918. He charged with a few men amongst the column of retreating enemy, and initiated the movement which led to thousands of prisoners being captured, in addition to blocking the line of retreat from Damascus. He has shown great courage and initiative on all occasions during the operations.

Lt. Robert Roy Murray, M.M., 1st Bde, Aust. Fld. Arty.

In the vicinity of Bellicourt and Naurov, on 29th September, 1918, he acted as mounted patrol. He showed great gallantry and initiative throughout the day, obtaining valuable disposition and progress reports, especially keeping in touch with the division on the right and sending in information of their having crossed the canal. He later rode across the front to another division, and made a valuable report on the situation on the Le Catelet-Naurov trench system.

Lt. Brian Musgrove O'Connor, M.M., 35th Bn., Aust. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty east of Lempire on 29th September, 1918. He pushed forward under machine-gun fire with four scouts to reconnoitre, moved along the front of another Brigade, and located their line. Though two of his scouts were killed, he sent back the two remaining scouts with most valuable information, and carried out a reconnaissance which was of great value to his battalion.