	s.	d.
applicable to her under Clause A		
of this Section.		
Section II. Fur sorters employed in Merchants' and Brokers' Ware-		
houses: Workers employed as Fur		
Sorters, as Assistants to Fur		
Sorters, or as Counters, Stripers		
or Sizers:		
Of 18 years of age and over	40	0
Of 18 years of age and over Of 17 years and under 18 years of age	~ ~	_
years of age	35	0
Of 16 years and under 17	20	^
years of age Section III. All female workers	30	0
other than those specified in Sections		
I and II. of this Part of this		
Schedule:	•	
Workers of 14 and under 15		
years of age	13	0
Workers of 15 and under 16		_
years of age	16	6
Workers of 16 and under 17	00	^
years of age Workers of 17 and under 18	20	0
years of age	25	0
Workers of 18 years of age and	20	Ü
over who have had less than six		
months' employment in the trade		
after the age of 18 :	30	0
after the age of 18 Workers of 18 years of age and		
over who have had not less than		
six months' employment in the	95	^
trade after the age of 18 Section IV. The rates set out in	35	U
this Part of this Schedule are weekly		
rates based on a week of 48 hours,		
and shall be subject to a propor-		
tionate deduction according as the		
number of hours spent by the worker		
on the employers' premises in any		

PART III.

week is less than 48.

Proposed Overtime Rates for Male and Female Workers of all Ages.

Section I.—The minimum rates for Overtime in respect of Male and Female Workers to apply in respect of hours worked by a worker employed on Time work in excess of the declared normal number of hours set out below shall be as follows, that is to say:—

1. For all Overtime on any day except Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays the Overtime rate shall be equivalent to Time and a Half, that is to say, one and a half times the minimum rate otherwise applicable.

2. For all time worked on Sundays and on Customary Public and Statutory Holidays the Overtime rate shall be equivalent to Double Time, that is to say, twice the minimum rate otherwise applicable.

3. For all hours worked in any week in excess of 48 the Overtime rate shall be Time and a Half, except in so far as a higher Overtime rate is payable under the provisions of paragraph 2 above.

sions of paragraph 2 above.

Section II. In accordance with Section 3
(1) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the

Trade Board declare the Normal Number of
Hours of Work to be as follows:—

In any week 48
On Saturday 5
On any other week day ... 83
Provided that all hours worked on Sundays
and on Customary Public and Statutory Holi-

days shall be regarded as Overtime to which the Overtime rates shall apply.

Section III. The Overtime rates shall not apply to Piece workers.

Section IV. The hours of Overtime which female workers and young persons are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts.

PART IV.

For the purpose of this Notice a learner is defined to be a worker who:—

- (1) (a) In the case of Male persons, is employed during the whole or a substantial part of his time in hearning Cutting or Nailing in the Furriers' branch of the trade, by an employer who provides the learner with reasonable facilities for such learning;
- (b) In the case of Female persons, a employed during the whole or a substantial part of her time in learning Machining or Lining and Finishing in the Furriers' branch of the trade by an employer who provides the learner with reasonable facilities for such learning; and
- (2) Has received a certificate or has been registered in accordance with rules from time to time laid down by the Trade Board, or has made an application for such certificate or registration which has been duly acknowledged and is still under consideration. Provided that the certification or registration of a learner may be cancelled if the other conditions of learnership are not complied with.

PART V.

The above respective minimum rates of wages shall apply subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts to all workers in Great Britain who are employed during the whole or any part of their time in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Fur) Order, 1919, that is to say:—The dressing, dyeing and making-up of Furs or of Skins for furriers' purposes; including the dressing or dyeing or general preparation of furs or skins; the manufacture of furs or skins into garments, rugs, or other articles; the remaking, repairing or cleaning of articles made from furs or skins where carried on by fur dressers or fur manufacturers; the lining with fur of coats, cloaks, mantles, capes, gloves or similar articles where carried out by fur manufacturers; bundling, packing, warehousing and other operations carried on by fur skin merchants, fur dressers, fur dyers or fur manufacturers, but excluding the making-up of fur boots, torys, purses, shoesor slippers, the making of fur hats when carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making or trimming of men's, women's or children's headgear from other materials; warehousing, packing and other similar operations carried on in shops wholfy, mainly or substantially engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made on the premises.

PART VI.

Section I. The above minimum rates shall be paid clear of all deductions other than deductions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments, or deductions authorised by any Act to be made from wages in respect of contributions to any Superannuation or other Provident Fund.