

piece-rate applicable as set out above or, where no general minimum piece-rate has been fixed by the Trade Board, is equivalent to a piece-rate which would yield in the circumstances of the case to an ordinary worker not less than 9½d. per hour, with an addition in both cases of 9½d. per hour.

(d) For all hours worked in any week in excess of 48 the Overtime Rates shall be as set out in sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a) above for male and female workers respectively, except in so far as higher overtime rates are payable under the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) above.

The Trade Board give similar notice, the Minister of Labour having given his consent to such notice being given, that they propose to vary the general minimum time rates and overtime rates at present fixed and set out in the schedule to their notice dated 31st December, 1919, and effective under the Order of the Minister of Labour dated 29th December, 1919, in respect of the following class of male workers:—

For male workers ordinarily employed on piece work for which general minimum piece rates have been fixed in the Pan, Hairs, and Hand Finishing sections of the trade when temporarily employed on a time-work basis on work for which no general minimum piece rates are fixed, so that in lieu of the general minimum time rates at present fixed the general minimum time rate shall be

1s. 8d. per hour;

and in lieu of the overtime rates at present fixed *overtime rates* calculated on the minimum rates set out above, in the manner set out in the schedule of the above-mentioned notice issued by the Trade Board, and dated 31st December, 1919, shall apply, in substitution for the above minimum rate, in respect of all hours worked in excess of the number of hours declared by the Trade Board, in the schedule above referred to, to be the normal number of hours of work in the trade.

The minimum rates which the Trade Board have given Notice of Proposal to Fix and to Vary shall *not* apply to

(i) Carmen, Engineers, Powermen, Enginemen or Stokers.

(ii) Male Indentured Apprentices or Unbound Learners employed under an indenture or written agreement respectively entered into prior to 1st January, 1920, and providing for the proper instruction of the apprentice or learner in one or more of the following operations or branches of work, that is to say:—

“Pan” (Hair and Bass), “Hairs,” “Finishing” (i.e., the work of all woodworkers employed in finishing or part-finishing brushes or brooms by hand or machine), “Boring” (Hand and Machine Boring), “Drawing,” “Bone Brush Cutting,” “Bone Brush Fashioning,” “Bone Brush Drilling,” “Bone Brush Profiling,” the manufacture of Artists’, Medical, Painting, Whitewash and Tar Brushes and Brushes not otherwise specified; and

(a) The drafting, dressing (including cutting), or mixing of animal hair, bass, whisk or other fibre where the operative

performs the aforesaid operations singly or in combination by hand or partly by hand and partly by machine.

(b) The working of ivory or celluloid,

(c) The turning of bone,

where all or any of the operations specified in (a), (b) or (c) are carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of brushes (other than feather brushes) or brooms;

(iii) Male Indentured Apprentices employed under indentures in a form prescribed by the Trade Board and who are working under conditions laid down by the Trade Board.

The Trade Board will consider any objections to the above proposals which may be lodged with them within two months from the 13th January, 1920. Such objections should be in writing, and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to the Secretary of the Brush and Broom Trade Board (Great Britain), 5, Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2. It is desirable that the objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Further information in respect of the proposals of the Trade Board may be obtained on application to the Secretary of the Brush and Broom Trade Board (Great Britain) at the address given below.

F. Popplewell,
Secretary.

Dated this twelfth day of January, 1920.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board.
Office of Trade Boards,
5, Chancery Lane,
London, W.C. 2.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

SPECIAL ORDER MADE IN PURSUANCE OF SECTION 1 OF THE TRADE BOARDS ACT, 1918, WITH RESPECT TO THE LINEN AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEF AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND LINEN PIECE GOODS TRADE.

Whereas the Minister of Labour is empowered under and by-virtue of sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, to make a Special Order applying the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918, to any specified trade to which they do not at the time apply if he is of opinion that no adequate machinery exists for the effective regulation of wages throughout the trade and that accordingly, having regard to the rates of wages prevailing in the trade or in any part of the trade, it is expedient that the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918, should apply to that trade;

And whereas it is provided by sub-section (5) of section 1 of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, that any Act confirming a Provisional Order made in pursuance of section 1 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, may be repealed or varied by a subsequent Special Order;

And whereas it is provided by sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, that every Special Order may be varied or revoked by subsequent Special Order;

And whereas the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918, do not apply to the trade specified in the Appendix to this Order, except as regards such processes or operations as may be