

(b) For all hours worked in excess of four-and-a-half on Saturday, the Overtime Rate shall be equivalent to Time-and-a-half (that is to say, One-and-a-half times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable), notwithstanding that the total number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 47.

(c) For all hours worked in excess of 47 in any week, the Overtime Rate shall be equivalent to Time-and-a-quarter for the first two hours and Time-and-a-half thereafter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the provisions of Sub-sections (a) and (b) of this Section.

NOTE.—The hours which female workers and young persons are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901.

PART IV.

The above proposed Minimum Rates of Wages shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts and of this Notice, to all workers who are employed during the whole or any part of their time in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Stamped or Pressed Metal Wares) Order, 1919, that is to say:—

The manufacture from metals (other than precious metals) by the processes of cold stamping or cold pressing (including cutting or piercing) of cabinet fittings, window fittings, curtain accessories, stationers' sundries, drapers' sundries, fittings for gas or electric light, fittings for suit-cases or handbags or purses, buckles, eyelets, ferrules, labels, collar studs, tie-clips, thimbles, photograph frames, stamped chains, bells, fancy nails (excluding the shanks), parts of safety razors (excluding the blades), parts of braces or suspenders, corset steels or busks, whistles, tin-openers, medals or any similar articles or metal parts of such articles;

including:

(a) The operations of annealing, hardening, barrelling, polishing, bronzing, nickelling, lacquering, japanning, non-vitreous enamelling, tinning or assembling, where these operations are carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of such stamped or pressed metal articles;

(b) The operations of carding, boxing, packeting, labelling, weighing, packing, warehousing or despatching, where these operations are incidental to or appertaining to the manufacture of such stamped or pressed metal articles;

but excluding:

(a) The operations specified in the Trade Boards (Hollow-ware) Order, 1913;

(b) The making of buttons or any operations incidental thereto;

(c) The making of coffin furniture or any operations incidental thereto;

(d) The making of pins, hairpins, hooks and eyes, hair-curlers, snap fasteners or safety pins or any operations incidental thereto;

(e) The making of steel pens and the making of stationers' metal sundries or other similar metal articles when carried on as a subsidiary branch of work in association with or in conjunction with the making of steel pens, so as to provide a common or interchangeable form of employment for the workers;

(f) The minting of coinage of the realm;

(g) The process of hand-embossing.

PART V.

SECTION I.—The above proposed Minimum Rates of Wages shall be paid clear of all deductions other than deductions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments, or deductions authorised by any Act to be made from wages in respect of contributions to any superannuation or other provident fund.

SECTION II.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages are without prejudice to workers who are earning higher rates of Wages, or to agreements made or that may be made between Employers and Workers for the payment of Wages in excess of these Minimum Rates of Wages.

The Trade Board will consider any objections to the above Proposals which may be lodged with them within two months from the 5th June, 1920. Such Objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to The Secretary, Stamped or Pressed Metal Wares Trade Board (Great Britain), 5, Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this fourth day of June, 1920.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

F. Popplewell;

Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,

5, Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

RETAIL BESPOKE TAILORING.

TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES (AS VARIED AND FIXED) FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF MALE WORKERS IN THE RETAIL BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE IN GREAT BRITAIN.

EFFECTIVE AS FROM 7TH JUNE, 1920.*

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour, and dated 31st October, 1918, the Trade Board established under the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918, for that branch of the Trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919, which is covered by the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour and dated 12th December, 1919, with respect to the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade in Great Britain, having given due notice on 12th February, 1920, of Proposal, as therein shown, to vary and fix minimum rates of wages, hereby give notice that they have varied the General Minimum Time-Rates and Piece-work Basis Time-Rates for Male Workers at present effective and set out in the Notice dated 27th November, 1919, issued by the Tailoring Trade Board (Great Britain) in their application to Male Workers in any branch of the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade in Great Britain specified in Part II. of the Schedule hereof, and have fixed General Minimum Time-Rates and Piece-work Basis Time-Rates for Male Workers in those branches of the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade in Great Britain specified in Part II. of the Schedule hereof, to which the Minimum Rates of Wages set out in the above-mentioned Notice dated 27th November, 1919, do not apply, the Mini-