

such five days the number of hours worked exceeds $9\frac{1}{2}$.

(b) Where a worker (e.g., a worker of the Jewish Religion) is customarily employed on Sunday instead of Saturday, the Minimum Rates for Overtime as set out above shall apply to such worker in like manner as if in the provisions of this part of this Notice as to Overtime the word "Saturday" were substituted for "Sunday" and the word "Sunday" for "Saturday."

Note.—The hours which female workers, young persons and children are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts.

PART III.

The above proposed Minimum Rates shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts; to all Male and Female Workers (including Homeworkers) in respect of all time during which they are employed in Great Britain in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Toy) Order, 1920; that is to say, the manufacture of articles intended for the amusement of children, including dolls, metal, wooden or other hard toys, soft toys, books made from textile materials, requisites for table games, bricks, blocks, puzzles, balls, Christmas crackers, Easter eggs, masks or drums,

including also—

(a) The assembling of parts of any of the above-mentioned articles.

(b) The operations of storing, boxing, packeting, labelling, or despatching, and all other warehousing or packing operations incidental to the manufacture of any of the above-mentioned articles.

but excluding

(a) The manufacture of toys when carried on as a subsidiary branch of work in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of other articles, so as to form a common or interchangeable form of employment for the workers.

(b) The manufacture of sports requisites.

(c) The manufacture of toy perambulators, toy wheel barrows, toy scooters, nursery yachts, toy cycles, toy cars, toy horses, dolls' houses, or other similar toys when carried on as a subsidiary branch of work in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of perambulators, invalid carriages or folding push cars, so as to form a common or interchangeable form of employment for the workers.

(d) The manufacture from ceramic materials of dolls or dolls' parts, dolls' china, marbles or similar articles when carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of other pottery.

(e) The making of articles from sugar confectionery.

(f) The making of hollow-ware, including boxes and canisters, from sheet iron, sheet steel or tinplate, or any operations incidental thereto.

PART IV.

SECTION I.—The above proposed Minimum Rates of Wages shall be payable clear of all deductions other than deductions under the National Health Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments or deductions authorized by any Act to be made

from wages in respect of contributions to any Superannuation or other Provident Fund.

SECTION II.—The above Proposed Minimum Rates of Wages are without prejudice to workers who are earning higher rates of wages, or to agreements made or that may be made between employers and workers for the payment of wages in excess of these Minimum Rates of Wages.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above Proposed Minimum Rates of Wages which may be lodged with them within two months from 8th November, 1920. Such objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to the Secretary of the Toy Trade Board (Great Britain), 5, Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this sixth day of November, 1920.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

F. Popplewell,
Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
5, Chancery Lane, London, W.C. 2.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT, 1920.

*THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE (REPAYMENT AND RETURN OF CONTRIBUTIONS) REGULATIONS, 1920.

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of Sections 25 and 35 of the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1920, and all other powers in that behalf, hereby makes the following Regulations:—

REPAYMENT UNDER SECTION 25.

(1) For the purpose of repayments to insured contributors or their personal representatives in accordance with Section 25 of the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1920, compound interest at the rate of two and a half per cent. per annum shall be calculated in respect of the period between the end of the insurance year in which the first contribution, being a contribution of which account is to be taken in accordance with that section, was paid and the end of the insurance year coincident with or immediately preceding the date of payment of the last contribution in respect of which repayment is made.

(2) The amount paid in respect of interest shall be such sum as would have accrued if a proportionate part of the difference between the amount paid by the insured contributor in respect of such contributions (exclusive of any contributions refunded under any of the provisions of the Act) and the amount received by way of unemployment benefit had become due at the end of the insurance year in which the first contribution was paid and at the end of each insurance year within the period aforesaid.

(3) Fractions of one penny shall not be taken into account in calculating the amount of the "proportionate part" or in the resultant amount of refund found to be due, and for the purpose of calculating interest each insurance year shall be treated as if it were in fact a complete calendar year.