

The London Gazette.

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Venice, August 18. N. S.

THE Senate have made choice of Signior *Pietro Pisani*, to go Ambassador from this Republick to the Court of France. We have received this week no News from the Levant.

Turin, Aug. 21. Count *Mansfeldt*, the Emperor's Minister, since his arrival there, has had several Conferences with the Duke of *Savoy* and his Ministers; but we do not hear that there is any alteration in the State of Affairs on this side, unless it be, That the Truce which expired yesterday is prolonged to the first of the next month. The French Forces in the mean time continue Encamped at *Macello, Vigon, and Panzaler*, but make great Provision of Ammunition and Bombs, and *Marschal Corinaut* has sent Orders to the Troops, that are in the Valleys of *Perouse* and *Pragelas*, to join the Army. The Allies, who were Encamp'd several days at *Chivas*, marched this morning towards *Salugio*, and 'tis said, that from thence they will continue their march, to the Frontiers of *Milan*, and form a Camp there. The Suters of *Piedmont* are ordered to leave the Camp.

From the Imperial Army before Temeswar, August 17. Upon the advice we received on the 4th instant, that the *Turks* had passed the *Danube*, it was resolv'd to defer the Siege of this Place, and to march towards the Enemy, to endeavour to engage them in a Battel: On the 5th we decamp'd accordingly; the heavy Artillery and Baggage being sent with a Guard of several Regiments commanded by Count *Palfi*; to a little Island near *Arat*, on the other side of the *Marsch*, to remain there till further Order. The 6th the Army came to a Place called *Silash*; where we continued the 7th and 8th, expecting further and more certain advices concerning the Enemies Motions; and being informed that the Grand Signior continued with the Ottoman Army near the *Danube*, leaving it doubtful which way he would take his March, a Council of War was again held, and a Resolution taken to send two Regiments of Horse to reinforce the Troops that were posted near *Titul* under the Command of Count *Guido of Staremberg*, and to march back with the Army to *Temeswar*. On the 9th we returned before this Place; The Elector of *Saxony* and the other Generals went to view the Situation of it, and an Ingenier and a Trooper, that were near them, were killed by a Cannon Shot from the Town. The 10th our Troops took their several Posts; and Orders were sent to Count *Palfi* to return with the Artillery. A Deserter came out of the Town, and gave an account, That the Garrison was very numerous, but most of them Peasants and undisciplin'd Men. The 11th the Count *de Hyersheim*, General of the Cavalry, going to view some of the Enemies Works, received a Wound in the

Breast with a Musket Shot, but we hope 'tis not dangerous. The 12th we opened our Trenches about 600 Paces from the Castle, 3000 Men being on the Guard, and carried them on a good way without any Loss. The 13th we finished a Redoubt, and some other Works begun the night before, and made a Battery of three Guns; we had 7 Men killed and 12 wounded. The 14th we began to batter the Palank before the Castle, carried on our Trenches, and made a new Battery for 11 Guns, and some other Works; The *Turks* fired upon us without intermission, but we lost only 5 or 6 Men. The 15th we began to fire from our second Battery and from two Moitais, and shot several Carcassies, which occasioned a fire in the Town, that lasted all night, and burnt several Houses; we had 6 Men killed and 12 wounded. The 16th we raised a third Battery, and advanced our Trenches within 70 Paces of the Ditch of the Palank, and had 8 killed and 12 wounded: This day we continue to fire from our several Batteries with good success. Four French Soldiers run over to the Enemy, and two Deserters are come into our Camp, who say, they left the Turkish Army the 14th at a Place called *Banazona*, that they were reckoned to be about 70000, and that they would march the next day towards *Titul*. They add, that Count *Tecseley* was in the Turkish Camp.

Vienna, Aug. 22 We receive advice this day by an Express, that the Elector of *Saxony* being informed that the Turkish Army marched towards *Titul*, and was already come within 3 or 4 miles of that Place, he resolv'd with the rest of the Imperial Generals to leave the Siege of *Temeswar* (which was undertaken in order to draw the Enemy that way) and to try again if they could bring them to a Battel; and the Army marched accordingly the 19th from *Temeswar* towards *Berzoroche*, having sent away the heavy Baggage to *Arat*, under the Care of General *Palfi*. By an Express from General *Staremberg* we have an account, That a Body of 5000 *Turks* had endeavour'd to pass the *Thyffe*, but were repulld with the loss of 1500 of their Men. That during this Action, the Turkish Fleet had attacked our Gallies and Barks, which lay before the Entrance into that River, and had destroyed 4 of them, but the rest kept their Station, and the Troops under Count *Staremberg* were in such a Posture, that they doubted not but they should entertain the Enemy and defend *Titul*, till the arrival of the Imperial Army.

Frankfort, Aug. 30. The Confederate Army decamp'd the 25th instant early in the morning from *Rauchsburg*, and march'd to *Ladenburg*, where they pass'd the *Nicker*, and afterwards continued their march towards *Gersheim*; General *Stungen* remains with a Body of 10000 Men near *Wilsack*, with whom are to join the Militia of *Stammeln* and *Sachsen*, for the Security of the Country on that side, while the Army marches towards *Munich* to meet the Landgrave of *Hesse*. The Troops of *Munich*, *Prague*

and the Elector *Palatin*, who were posted in separate Bodies to cover the *Bergstrass*, have all joined Prince *Lewis*, and a great many Boats are brought together, with other Materials to make Bridges over the *Rhine*. The French are alarmed at these Motions of the Allies, and have posted themselves between *Philipsburgh* and *Newstadt*.

Cologne, Aug. 31. The Forces under the Command of the Landgrave of *Hesse* passed the 26th instant over the Bridge at *Colentz*, and are since marched on the other side of the *Rhine* towards *Mentz*, to join Prince *Lewis* of *Baden*, who was coming down that way with the Confederate Army; and some of the foremost Troops were already arrived at *Mentz*, and had begun to pass the *Rhine* there. The French Detachment under the Marquis de *Harcourt* have likewise passed the *Moselle*, and march to reinforce the *Marschal de Choiseul*.

Hamburgh, Aug. 31. Most of the Ministers that are to assist at the Treaty of *Pimmenberg*, for adjusting the Differences between the King of *Denmark* and Duke of *Holstein* are arrived there, and the rest are daily expected. The Letters from *Poland* say, It had been resolved in several of the Provincial Dyets, to insist at the General Dyet which was to meet the 29th instant, that the whole Nobility may be called together on Horse-back, to chuse a new King as was done in 1669.

Paris, Aug. 31. The French King is very ill, occasioned by a great Swelling in his Neck, which has been Lanced several times, and puts him in such pain, having the Gout violently at the same time, that he cannot sleep. He has appointed the Dukes of *Choiseul* and *de Foix*, to go to *Turin*, and remain there till the Marriage of the Duke of *Burgundy* with the Duke of *Savoy's* Daughter; The Dutches of *Crequy* is to fetch the young Princess hither; and the Marquis d' *Angeau* is to go Ambassador to the Duke of *Savoy*. The last Letters from *Piedmont*, which are of the 22th instant, give us no hopes that the Neutrality for *Italy* will be accepted; but tell us, that *Marschal Catinat* had sent for all the Troops he could to strengthen his Army, and for a Train of Artillery, with a great quantity of Bombs and Ammunition from *Pignerol*, intending, as he gave out, to march towards the *Milanese*. They write from *Catalonia*, That the Duke de *Vendosme* had removed his Camp from *Argles* to *Bagnoles*; and that 25 French Gallies arrived the 18th of the last month at the Port of *Collioure*. The Count de *Chasteaurenant* sailed from *Brest* some days ago with the Squadron under his Command, being bound, as its believed, to the *Mediterranean*, but is put back again by bad Weather and contrary Winds.

Brussels, Sept. 2. The Army Commanded by the Elector of *Bavaria* continues near *Grammont*; His Electoral Highness sent a Detachment some days ago to join the Prince de *Vaudemont* upon the advice he received, that the *Marschal de Villeroy* was going to march towards *Bruges*; but the said Detachment is since returned to our Camp, their being no occasion for their marching on. The *Marschal de Bossiers* remains in his former Post, but it is said he will in few days Canton the Troops under his command between *Mons* and *Maubuge*.

Gene, Sept. 2. The Prince de *Vaudemont* having on Friday last received notice, that the Enemies Troops, under the Command of the *Marschal de Villeroi*, were in motion, he gave Orders for the Forces of the Allies, Encamped near this City, to march, in order to observe them; but understanding afterwards that the French had only sent out their Horse to forage, tho' the Orders were given out the night before for the whole Army to march, His Highness ordered his Forces to return to their Camp at *St. Jean* on the Canal. The same day a Party of 50 Horse and 30 Dragoons, who were sent out, met with 300 French Horse, but having

possessed themselves of a narrow way, they defended themselves, and obliged the Enemy to retire, of whom a Captain and several others were killed.

Loe, Sept. 3. The King staid at *Dieren* till this morning, when the Earl of *Portland* arrived from *England* by the way of *Osford*; and the King having hunted a Stag in his way, came hither in the evening, where the Duke of *Zell* is expected in few days. The King has sent the Baron de *Hompesch* to *Gleuten*, to return the Compliment which the Elector of *Brandenburg* made His Majesty by the Baron de *St. bourg*, upon his arrival in these Parts.

Hague, Sept. 4. N.S. Our Fleet from *Moscow*, consisting of about 40 sail, arrived safe in the *Texell* on Wednesday last; they sailed from *Archangel* the 23th of the last month. Count *Harach* went hence this afternoon to *Helvoetsluis*, in order to Embark for *England*. The Letters from *Germany* say, That Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* was marching towards *Mentz*, where he would join the Troops under the Landgrave of *Hesse*; and then the whole Army would pass the *Rhine*.

Yarmouth, Aug. 28. This day came into our Road His Majesty's Ship the *Bonadventure*, Capt. *James Davison* Commander, with the *Lightrning* Fire-Ship, 12 sail of Fishing Vessels, and 4 Prizes from *Ireland*, which they took on that Coast; two of them belonging to *Boycome*, called the *St. Joseph*, of 15 Guns, and *Nesire Dame*, of 14 Guns; the other two of 10, and 3 Guns. The *Solebay* is likewise come in, having taken a small Privateer, and sent her to *Harwich*.

Portsmouth, Aug. 27. The Fleet of Dutch outward Merchant-ships, with a Squadron of Men of War, returned yesterday to *Spithead*, by reason of the contrary Winds.

Deal, Aug. 28. His Majesty's Ship the *Trident* is come into the Downs with divers Merchant-ships, and 6 Bomb-Vessels from *Portsmouth*.

These are to give Notice, That Clipp'd Money will be taken into the Exchequer, upon the Terms and Methods hereafter following; that is to say, Every Sum of Clipp'd Money that shall be brought in on or before the 29th day of September next, shall be sold and weighed, and the Deficiency noted down; and the Proprietors shall be allowed 5 s. 8 d. per Ounce, according to its weight; one half thereof to be paid him back in New Mill'd Money soon as it can be Coined, and return'd from the Mint, and the other half to be secured by a Tally on the General Credit of the Exchequer.

Advertisements.

A Linnen-Draper, at the Black Bull against the Royal Exchange, leaving off his Trade, he hath all sorts of East-India Goods, Hollands, and other Linnen, which will be sold at very cheap Rates, for old or new Silver, &c.

Lost on the 7th instant out of the Grounds of Sir Will. York, of *Leasingham* near *St. Neots*, in the County of *Lincoln*, a Dauntish grey Guiding, about 8 years old, and about 14 hands high, has all his pieces, a little wide ear'd, his mane thorn above a hind-sill below the ears, has a splint upon each leg before, his tail not above a hand's long, with some black hairs in it. Whoever gives notice of him, so that he may be had again, to 4r Pee at the Coffee House in *Lincoln*, or to Mr. Meets at the Bull in *St. Neots*, shall have a Guinea Reward and Charges.

Soken or Prayed on the 14th instant out of a piece of Land in the Parish of *Barkin*, in *Essex*, two 11 s. G. Hogs, the one above 14 hands high, 10 years old, and fair furred; the other bare 14 hands high, 6 years old, and a little low backed, they are both strong made, bubbled, and have both their Hoofs trimmed with F. G. they were bred by J. P. and P. a little. Whoever gives notice of them, so that they may be had again, to Mr. Thomas Manning at the Nighthead Tavern against *London Wall*, in *Leaden-Hall-Street*, *London*, or to Thomas Goldson, at the Angel in *St. Neots* in the Parish of *Barkin* in *Essex*, shall have a Guinea Reward and all Charges, or proportionable for either.