public interest shall be stated in such notice as aforesaid.

31. The person responsible for the management of an industry or business on any mises within the scope of Part III. of these Directions, whether as owner, occupier, or manager of the premises, or in any other capacity, shall furnish to the local authority, if and when required to do so, a true and complete return showing what quantities of gas and electricity respectively were supplied or used for power in such premises during any period or periods as to which information may

32. The local authority or its duly authorised officer may direct that any supply of gas or electricity, whether for light, heat, power, or any other purpose, in any premises, whether industrial business, domestic, or of any other description, be diminished or cut off where there is reason to believe that the supply is being abused or used in excess so as to prejudice the interests of the public. , Any such direction shall be in writing, and a copy shall be served upon the owner or occupier of the premises to which the direction relates.

PART VIII.

General.

33. Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of these Directions, or who neglects or fails to comply with any requirement or obligation imposed on him by or in virtue of these Directions, shall be guilty of a summary offence against the Emergency Regulations, 1921. The expression "person" in these Directions includes any body of persons, whether corporate or unincorporate, and the expression "shop" has the same meaning as in the Shops Act, 1912.

34. A local authority may institute or carry on proceedings for the prosecution of any offence committed within its district against the provisions of these Directions, and any power exerciseable by a local authority under these Directions shall also be exerciseable by the Secretary, who may direct the suspension of the Directions or any of them in respect of any district, part of a district, or premises where such suspension appears to him necessary in the public interest.

35. In the event of any question arising as to the classification of any premises for the purposes of Parts II. and III. of these Directions respectively, or as to stocks for the purposes of Part IV. hereof, the matter may be referred to the Secretary whose decision shall be final.

36. These Directions may be cited as the Coal (Emergency) Directions, 1921, and shall come into force on the 2nd day of April, 1921. Dated this first day of April, 1921.

> W. C. Bridgeman, Secretary for Mines.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918. JUTE TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

OVERTIME RIATES FIXED FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF MALE AND FEMALE WORKERS. EFFECTIVE AS FROM 4TH APRIL, 1921.*

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by

the Minister of Labour, and dated 31st October, 1918, the Trade Board established under the Trade Boards Act, 1918, for the Jute Trade in Great Britain as specified in the Trade Boards (Jute) Order, 1919, having given due notice on 29th October, 1920, of Proposal to Fix Overtime Rates for certain classes of Male and Female Workers, hereby give notice that they have Fixed Overtime Rates for certain classes of Male and Female Workers, and that the Overtime Rates fixed are as shown in the Schedule set out below.

And the Trade Board further give notice that they have received notification from the Minister of Labour that he has made an Order dated 24th March, 1921, under Section 4 (2) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, confirming the Overtime Rates Fixed by the Trade Board, and specifying 4th April, 1921,* as the date from which such Overtime Rates shall become

* Note.—Should this date not correspond with the beginning of the period for which wages are paid by an employer who pays wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, the rates shall become effective as from the beginning of the next full-pay period, but in any case not later than 10th April, 1921.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

Overtime Rates for Certain Classes of Male and Female Workers.

Section I.—In accordance with Section 3 (1) (c) of the Irale Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have declared the normal number of hours of work in the trade to be as follows:

In any week On any day (other than Saturday) 41 On Saturday

Provided that all hours worked on Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays shall be regarded as Overtime to which the Overtime Rates shall apply.

SECTION II.—The minimum rates for Overtime in respect of hours worked in excess of the declared normal number of hours of work in the trade by those classes of Male or Female Workers employed on Time Work in the Municipal Burgh of Brechin, the Parish of Brechin, the Municipal Burgh of Forfar, the Parish of Forfar, the Burgh of Kirriemuir, the Parish of Kirriemuir, the Burgh of Blair-gowrie, the Burgh of Carnoustie of the Parish of Logie Pert, who in accordance with the established practice of the establishment attend (i) for nine hours per day on five days of the week and for three hours on Saturday, or (ii) only on five days a week shall be as follows:

(1) (a) For workers in the areas named above who, in accordance with the established practice of the establishment attend for nine hours per day on five days of the week and for three hours on Saturday, the Overtime Rate payable in respect of all hours worked in excess of nine hours on any day, except Saturdays, Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays, shall be Oneand-a-Half times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Timeand-a-Half.

Note.—During the first quarter of an hour worked in excess of 8\frac{3}{4} hours on any day other than Saturdays, Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays, the Mini-