Stationery Office at the following addresses:-Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2; 28, Abingdon Street, London, S.W. 1; 37, Peter Street, Manchester; 1, St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff; 23, Forth Street, Edinburgh; or from E. Ponsonby, Limited, 116, Grafton Street, Dublin, or at the Secretariat of the Triburgh. of the Tribunal.

> Board of Trade, Great George Street, London, S.W. 1.

MIXED ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL BETWEEN THE BRITISH EMPIRE AND AUSTRIA.

The following announcement is made by the Board of Trade:-

In pursuance of Article 256 of the Treaty of St. Germain-en-Laye, the Mixed Arbitral Tribunal between the British Empire and Austria has been constituted, and is about to commence work in London. The President is Mr. B. C. J. Loder, LL.D., Judge of the Supreme Court of the Netherlands, the British Member is Mr. Heber Hart, K.C., LL.D., and the Austrian Member Dr. jur Paul Hammerschlage merschlag.

An important part of the work of the Tribunal will be to decide upon claims in respect of debts under Section III of Part X of the Treaty where a difference arises between British and Austrian Nationals or between the British and Austrian Clearing Offices. It has also jurisdiction under Section IV (" Property, Rights and Interests"), Section V ("Contracts, Prescriptions, Judgments"), Section VI ("Mixed Arbitral Tribunal"), and Section VII ("Industrial Property") of Part X of the above Tracts.

the above Treaty.

By the Treaty the High Contracting Parties have agreed that their courts and authorities shall render to the Tribunal direct all the assistance in their power, particularly as regards transmitting notices and collecting evidence; and they have also agreed to regard the decisions of the Tribunal as final and conclusive and to render them binding upon their

national's.

Statutory effect has been given to the provisions of the Treaty in this country by an Order in Council of the 13th August, 1920 (Statutory Rules and Orders, 1920, No. 1613).

The British Government has provided headquarters for the Tribunal at Winchester House, 21, St. James's Square, S.W. 1. Mr. Claud Mullins, Barrister-at-Law, is the British Secre-

COAL MINES ACT, 1911.

Explosives in Coal Mines.

The Secretary for Mines gives notice, that on the 24th instant he made an Order under Section 61 of the Coal Mines Act, 1911, entitled "The Explosives in Coal Mines Order of the 24th August, 1921." The effect of the Order is to extend to the 31st December, 1923, the period during which the non-detonating explosives named and defined in the Second Schedule to the Explosives in Coal Mines Order of the 1st September, 1913, are included in the term "permitted explosives."

Copies of the Order can be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from H.M. Statumery Office at the following addresses:—
Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2;
28, Abingdon Street, London, S.W. 1; 37,
Peter Street, Manchester; 1, St. Andrew's
Crescent, Cardiff; 23, Forth Street, Edinburgh; or from Messus. E. Ponsonby, Ltd.,
116. Crafton Street, Dublin 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.

Mines Department, 46, Victoria Street London, S.W. 1. 25th August, 1921.

MINES.

COAL MINES ACT.

THE EXPLOSIVES IN COAL MINES ORDER OF THE 24TH AUGUST, 1921.

In pursuance of the power conferred on them by Section 61 of the Coal Mines Act, 1911 (a), and under the provisions of the Mining Industry Act, 1920 (b), the Board of Trade hereby make the following Order:—

1. Clause 11 of the Explosives in Coal Mines Order of the 1st September, 1913 (c), as amended by subsequent Orders made under the said section, shall be further amended as follows:-

The period during which the non-detonating explosives named in the Second Schedule to that Order are included in the term "permitted explosives" shall be extended to the 31st December, 1923.

2. This Order may be cited as "The Explosives in Coal Mines Order of the 24th August, 1921."

W. C. Bridgeman, Secretary for Mines.

Mines Department, Victoria Street, S.W. 1. 24th August, 1921.

(a) 1-2 G. 5, c. 50.
(b) 10-11 G. 5, c. 50.
(c) S.R. & O., 1913, Nα. 953.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

GENERAL WASTE MATERIALS RECLA-MATION TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

PROPOSAL TO FIX MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES for Female and Certain Classes of Male WORKERS.

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour and dated 31st October, 1918, the Trade Board established in Great Britain under the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918, for the Branch of the Trade specified in the Trade Boards (Waste Materials Reclamation) Order, 1920, which is covered by the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour and dated 27th August, 1920, with respect to the General Waste Branch of the Waste Materials Reclamation Trade, hereby give notice, as required by Section 3 (5) of the Trade Boards Act. 1918, that they Propose to Fix General Minimum Time-Rates, Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates, Guaranteed Time-Rates for Piece-Workers, and Overtime Rates for Female