

The London Gazette.

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From Monday January 11. to Thursday January 14. 1696.

By the King,
A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

W Hereas by an Act made this present Session of Parliament, It is Enacted, That all and Singular Our Receivers, Collectors, and other Officers concerned in the Receipt or Collection of any of Our Aids, Taxes, or other Revenues, or of any Loans to be made to Us, shall, and they and every of them, are thereby Impowered and Required to Take and Receive in Payment from any of Our Subjects, all such Hammered Silver Coin as shall be by them Tendered to such Receiver, Collector or other Officer, upon any Loans to be made to Us, or in Discharge of any Arrears which shall grow due to Us upon any Aids, Taxes, or other Revenue, at any time between the Fourteenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred ninety six, and the First Day of February then next ensuing, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence for every Ounce of such Hammered Silver Coin so Tendered or Lent, and the Tender, Payment, or Loan of every Ounce of such Hammered Silver Coin, is by the said Act Declared to be as good a Discharge to the Person, Tendering, Paying or Lending the same, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for the Sum of Five Shillings and Eight Pence, as though the Sum of Five Shillings and Eight Pence had been Tendered, Paid or Lent in the Lawful Current Coin of this Kingdom. And whereas We have received Information, That several of Our Receivers, Collectors and other Officers concerned in the Receipts and Collection of Our Aids, Taxes, and other Revenue, have, contrary to the Direction of the said Act, Refused to Receive from Our Loving Subjects in Payment of the Taxes and other Revenues Due to Us, such Hammered Silver Coin at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence for every Ounce thereof, as by the said Act is Appointed, which is a manifest Violation of the said Act, and a great Oppression of Our Loving Subjects. Therefore We being Desirous that the Directions of the said Act should be punctually Observed, and put in Execution by all Our said Receivers, Collectors and other Officers therein concerned, and that Our Loving Subjects should receive the full Advantage intended them by the said Act, and the better to Enable them to Pay Our said Taxes and Revenues, Have thought fit to Declare and Command, and by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, Declare and Command all and every the Receivers, Collectors and other Officers concerned in the Receipt or Collection of any of Our Aids, Taxes or Revenues, or in the Receipt of Loans to be made to Us, to Take and Receive in Payment from any of Our Loving Subjects, according to the Directions of the said Act, all such Hammered Silver Coin as shall be by them Tendered to such Receiver, Collector or other Officer, upon any Loans to be made to Us, or in Discharge of any Arrears Due, or which shall grow Due to Us upon any Aids, Taxes or other Revenue, at any time between the said Fourteenth Day of November, One thousand six hundred ninety six, and the First Day of February next ensuing, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence for every Ounce of such Hammered Silver Coin so Tendered or Lent. And We do hereby Strictly Charge and Command all the Receivers, Collectors, and other Officers of Our Aids,

Taxes, or Revenues, or of any Loans to be made to Us, That they do accept in Payment such Hammered Silver Coin, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence for every Ounce thereof, according to the Directions of the said recited Act of Parliament, and that they do yield entire Obedience to the said Act in every other Matter and Thing therein contained, relating to the Receipt of such Hammered Silver Coin, or otherwise, as they tender Our high Displeasure, and upon Pain of such Punishment as may by Law be inflicted upon all such as shall Refuse or Neglect to Observe and Perform what by the said Act they are Required and Enjoyed to do.

Given at Our Court at Kensington the Tenth Day of January, 1696. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

Leghorne, Dec. 31. On the 24th came into this Port 7 Spanish Gallies from Barcelona, whither they transported Soldiers, and are now on their return for Naples, intending to depart hence with the first good Weather, which for some time has been very bad. The Great Prince and Princess are come to Pisa with their whole Court, and intend to pass the Carnival here. Two Dutch Ships, the Concord and Seven-Provinces, are arrived here in 21 days from Yarmouth.

Turin, Dec. 29. The Duke of Savoy is gone to Nizza, to view that place, which the French have quitted. They go on here with disbanding 15 Men in each Troop of Horse, and 'tis expected a Reform will be likewise made in the Foot.

Venice, Jan. 4. The Senate have made choice of Signior Mocenigo, to go Ambassador from this Republick to the Court of France; They have given the Government of the Marea to Signior Paolo Nani, in the place of Signior Sagredo, who has had it 3 years. The last Letters from Constantinople give an account, that an Ambassador was arrived there from Persia, and would in few days go on to Adrianople, where 'twas believed the Sulran would pass the whole Winter. They are preparing here a great Convoy of Provisions to be sent to the Levant, for the use of our Sea and Land Forces. The Captain General is with the Fleet at Napoli di Romania, where the great Ships and Gallies are laid up during the Winter.

Warsaw, Dec. 26. The Queen is preparing to leave this place, and to retire to Czenstowow, whither she will begin her Journey the 15th of the next month, to avoid giving any Jealousie as if she resided here with a design to influence the Resolutions of the Senate, as has been reported by her Enemies; and 'tis said that she has dispatched an Express to France, to desire the two Princes, Alexander and Constantin, her Sons, to return home. The French Ambassador continues his application to promote the Interests of the Prince of Conti, and has received for this purpose several great Sums of Money, which have been remitted to him by the way of Dantzicke; Among those that oppose him, no body is more zealous than the Envoy of Moscow, who declares every where, that in case they choose one of the French Nation (who are in League with the Common Enemy of Christendom) to be their King, this Country will thereby entail upon themselves a perpetual War with the Czar his Master. At the Laine Dyets held lately in the Provinces of Great Poland, which makes above a fourth part of the whole Kingdom, they have agreed on the following Resolutions; 1. That no Native of this Kingdom shall be chosen King, without excluding nevertheless the Royal Family; 2. That it be intimated to the Confederated Forces in Poland, that in case they do not comply with the Orders of the Commissioners of the Republick, who are to meet at Lemberg, and are intrusted to give them all reasonable Satisfaction, before the end of January next, they are declared Rebels, and the Nobility of Upper Poland are required to assemble together on Horseback, in order to disperse and treat them as such; 3. That for such of the said Confederate Troops as shall continue together in Arms after the time before-mentioned, their Fathers, Sons, and Brothers, shall be answerable, and their Estates confiscated; 4. That the French

ambassador shall be obliged to depart forthwith from *Warrington*, seeing his Proceedings and Practices are not only contrary to the Laws of this Kingdom, but very prejudicial to the Liberty and Dignity of the Republick; and that a Letter should be writ to acquaint the Primate with these Resolutions.

Venna, Jan. 5. The Officers of the Imperial Forces, that are come back from *Italy*, are ordered to make their Recruits with all possible diligence; and it continues to be said that these Troops are to serve on the *Upper Rhine* the next Summer. The States of *Austria* are to assemble here the 7th of this month. Prince *Louis* of *Baden* is expected the next week. The last Letters from *Hungary* bring nothing material.

Frankfort, Jan. 13. Most of the Deputies of the Six Circles, who have had a meeting here, are now going home. The talk of the Enemies making some attempt during the Frost lessens every day since the Allies have posted Troops in all proper places near the *Rhine*, and call up several Works, to hinder any such design.

Paris, Jan. 14. This week was published here an Edict, creating divers new Offices in the Prædial Courts of the Duchy of *Burgundy*, which are to be sold to raise Money for the War. The Farmers complain very much of the ill Condition of the French Kings Revenues, which at present do not bring in above one half of what they used to do. Monsieur *du Harlay* and the Count *de Crecy* are putting themselves in a readiness to depart so soon as the place of Treaty is agreed on. The French King has given the Government of the Fortress of *Montroyal*, whercof the late Count of *Montreal* was Governor, to the Marquis *de Montreuil*; and the Government of *Conde* to the Marquis *de Creman*. The Letters from *Brest* tell us, the Squadron commanded by the *Sieur du Point* sailed thence the 7th Instant in the morning; but do not say whither they are bound.

Brussels, Jan. 16. The Orders are continued for our Troops to be in a readiness to march upon the first notice, though at present there seems to be no likelihood of the Enemies attempting any thing. The *Marschal de Bonfflers* is still at *Lille*. Two days ago a Party of 45 French Dragoons came into the Wood of *Soignies*, and seized upon several Wagons, that were coming thither with Wood, but one of our Parties meeting them soon after, killed several of the French, made 7 or 8 Prisoners, and retook the Booty they had got.

Hague, Jan. 18. N. S. The Places in Nomination for the Treaty of Peace, being *Maastricht*, *Nismeguen*, and *Breda*, 'twas expected one of these would have been made choice of; but yesterday it was communicated to the Congress here, that Monsieur *Calliere* has, by his Matters Order, proposed, that the Plenipotentiaries of the Allies should reside at the *Hague*, and those of *France* at *Delft*, and that the Conference should be held at *Ryfwicks*, (where the Kings Houle is very fit for this great Meeting) in the midway between both; upon which the Ministers of the Allies have sent to receive the Directions of the Princes their Masters. There are Letters from *France* by the Post come in this day, which say the *Sieur du Point's* Squadron was still at *Brest* on the 7th Instant.

Coke, Jan. 3. His Majesty's Ship the *Anglesey*, Capt. *William Caldwell* Commander, is come in here, and has brought with her a French Privateer belonging to *St. Malo*, called the *Swallow*, carrying 12 Guns and 75 Men.

Dublin, Jan. 7. Major General *Stewart* went hence the 5th Instant to view the Forces and Garrisons in *Cannonagh* and *Murster*. His Majesty's Ship the *Hastings*, Capt. *Draper* Commander, arrived the 31th past in *Loughswilly* near *Londonderry*, from the *West-Indies*; She sailed from *St. Christophers* the 20th of *October* last with 12 Sail of Merchant Ships, but on the 22th of *November* was separated from them in a violent Storm.

Falmouth, Jan. 9. Yesterday arrived here the *Cole*, and *William*, and *Mary* Gallies, laden with Wine and Fruit from *Alicant*; Whence they parted the 3d of *December*; Some days before 5 Spanish Gallies met and fought with two small Algerines, one of which they sunk, and carried the other into *Cartagena*, with 180 Slaves.

Plymouth, Jan. 10. On the 6th Instant sailed hence the outward-bound *Canary* Fleet, under Convoy of several Men of War; And this day the *Childs-Play*, with divers Merchant Ships and Coasters for the *Downes*.

Portsmouth, Jan. 12. Yesterday Sir *Cloudesty Skowell*, with the Fleet under his Command, came to an Anchor at *Spithead*. His Majesty's Ships the *Meaway* and *Fresight* are just now come to *Spithead* from cruising, and have brought in a French Privateer of 20 Guns.

Deale, Jan. 12. Capt. *Riddell*, Commander of the *Hind Pink*, took on Friday last a small French Privateer of 4 Guns and 30 Men, and has brought her into the *Downes*.

Westminster, Jan. 11. The King came this day to the Houle of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes seated on the Throne, attended with the usual Solemnity, the Houle of Commons were sent for up by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and at ending His Majesty accordingly, His Majesty gave the Royal Assent to

An Act to Attaint Sir John Fenwick, Baronet, of High-Treason.

An Act to Attaint such of the Persons concerned in the late Horrid Conspiracy, to Assassinate His Majesty's Royal Person, who are fled from Justice, unless they renounce themselves to Justice, and for continuing several other of the said Conspirators in Custody.

And to Two Private Acts.

Whitehall, January 13. 1696.

Whereas a Letter has been sent to the Right Honourable the Lord Keeper, from an unknown Hand, dated the 9th Instant, wherein the Person that writ it offers to make a Discovery of several Robberies on the Highway, and House-breakings, in which he was himself concerned, provided he may have His Majesty's Gracious Pardon. These are therefore to give notice to the said Person, that if he come in, and make such discovery of the said Robberies, or House-breakings, so as that the Persons or any of them who committed the same may be apprehended, he shall have His Majesty's Gracious Pardon for His Offences in being concerned in the said Robberies or House-breakings.

Will. Trumbull.

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give notice, That a General Court of the Members of the said Company will be held at the Bank on Saturday the 16th of January Instant, at 10 of the Clock in the Forenoon, upon very extraordinary Business.

Advertisements.

A Sermon Preach'd at the Anniversary Meeting of the Sons of Clergy-men, in the Church of St. Mary le-Bow, on Thursday, Decemb. 3. 1696. By Z. Itham, D. D. Rector of St. Botolph Bishopsgate, London. Printed for Walter Keulby at the Bishop's Head in St. Paul's Church-Yard.

A Commentary upon the Second Book of Moses, called Exodus. By the Reverend Father in God, Symon, Lord Bishop of Ely. Printed for R. Chiswell at the Rose and Crown in St. Paul's Church-Yard.

Stolen about the 4th of December last, from His Grace the Duke of Ormond's Houle, two Silver Plates weighing about 18 Ounces apiece, Engraved with his Graces Coat of Arms and Garter, with a Ducal Coronet. If any such be offered to be Pawned, Sold, or Valued, you are desired to Report them and the Party, and give speedy notice to Mr. Nath. Green, Goldsmith, at the Back-Lyon in Leicesterfields, and you shall have 10 l. Reward, or if already bought or pawned, bringing forth the Person that sold or pawned them, they shall have their Money again, with 10 l.

Report from behind a Coach betwixt Sandwich and the Crown-Inn in Canterbury, on Sunday last in the Evening, a Hair Portmanteau Trunk, in which was a green Damask Mantua and Petticoat, trimm'd with Silver and Gold Fringe and Lace; a dark coloured and white Mantua and Petticoat, trimm'd with Silver Fringe; a black Silk Petticoat with black Fringe; a Pair of Stays; a Stitched Wacoat, an Embroidered Scarf, some Gold and Silver, and several other Things: Whoever gives notice of the said Trunk and Goods to Mr. Hobday, Woollen Draper in Canterbury, or to Mr. Colley at the General Post-Office, London, shall have Three Guineas's Reward, and Charges.

AT East-Barnet in Hertfordshire is to be Lett a very good Houle, with Barns, Stables, Coach house, Orchards and Gardens with 18 Acres of Meadow. Enquire of Mr. Phillips at Clifford-Inn.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Smallbone, late of the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields, Woodmonger, do hereby give notice, that they intend to meet at the Three-Tuns Tavern near Grey's-Inn in Holborn, on Thursday the 21th Instant, at 2 after Noon, where the Creditors of the said Smallbone are desired to meet, or some other forthem, to prove their respective Debts, in order to a Distribution, otherwise they will be excluded the benefit of the Statute.

THE Commissioners in the Commission of Bankrupt against Anthony Gregory of London, Vintner, do hereby give this further notice. That all Persons, who owe any Money to, or have any of the Estate of the said Bankrupt in their hands, do forbear payment or delivery thereof, or any part thereof, unto any other Person or Persons, but Robert Keworth and Roger Thompson, of London, Merchants, who are Assignees of the said Bankrupts Estate.

Stolen the 9th Instant, at night, out of the Stable of Henry Long of Penn in Buckinghamshire, a brown Neg, having all his paces above 13 hands high, a Mealy Nose, cur Tail, and some small Saddle spots. Whoever secures the said Neg, and gives notice in Henry Long as aforesaid, or to Mr. Samuel Moore at the George-Inn without Aldersgate, London, shall have 20 s. Reward.