

therefrom shall rest in and be exercised by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland:

Provided however that this clause shall not apply to any office or position attached to the person of a Judge including Circuit Registrars, Tipstaves and Criers and provided also that this clause shall not apply to a Judge transferred to the Supreme Court of Southern Ireland under the provisions of the Act in respect of any patronage which continues vested in him unless he so consents.

7. Section 11 of the Supreme Court of Judicature (No. 2) Act, 1897, shall be adapted to read as follows:—"The powers, functions, matters and things mentioned in Section 4 of the Supreme Court of Judicature (Ireland) Act, 1887, may be exercised and done by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland subject to the conditions referred to in the said Section."

8. References in Sections 4, 5 and 6 of the Supreme Court of Judicature (Ireland) (No. 2) Act, 1897, to "one of the Judges of the Queen's Bench Division to be assigned by the Lord Lieutenant" shall respectively be construed as references to one of the Judges of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland to be assigned by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland and Clause 6 (3) (e) of this Order shall have effect in reference to the appointment and dismissal of any of the officers attached to any of the Courts mentioned in these Sections.

9. The Lord Chief Justice of Ireland shall assign to one of the Judges of the High Court of Justice in Southern Ireland the duties heretofore performed by the Land Judge of the Chancery Division, and the Judge so assigned shall have all the power, jurisdiction and authority of the Land Judge.

10. Sections 35, 36 and 37 of the Civil Bill Courts Procedure Amendment Act (Ireland), 1864, shall have effect as if for the several references therein to the superior Courts of Common Law were substituted references to His Majesty's Court of Appeal for Southern Ireland.

11.—(1) All securities and money (including any interest or dividends not theretofore received) which on the thirtieth day of September, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, were vested in the Accountant-General of the Supreme Court of Judicature in Ireland as such, and all books and property appertaining to the office of the said Accountant-General shall be, and shall from the first day of October, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, be deemed to have been transferred to, and vested in, the Accountant-General of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Southern Ireland without the necessity of any transfer, assignment, or other instrument.

(2) In this article the expression "securities" includes Government securities and any security of any British possession, foreign state, or any body corporate or company or standing in books kept by any body corporate, company, or person, and all stock funds and effects.

12.—(1) Notwithstanding anything in any other provision of this Order, the powers conferred on the Lord Chancellor by Section 84 of the Supreme Court of Judicature (Ireland) Act, 1877, to fix and alter fees and percentages with the advice and consent of the presidents of the divisions of the High Court or any one of them and with the concurrence of the Treasury shall, so far as respects fees and per-

centages to be taken in connection with any matter the execution whereof is under or in pursuance of the Act transferred from the Lord Chancellor to the Lord Lieutenant, be exercised by the Lord Lieutenant with the concurrence of the Treasury of the United Kingdom, but without the necessity of obtaining the advice or consent of any of the Judges of any Supreme Court.

(2) Subject to the exercise by the Lord Lieutenant of the powers aforesaid, the fees and percentages authorized to be taken in connection with any of the matters aforesaid by any Order made under the said Section and in force immediately before the said transfer shall continue to be taken.

13. Upon the death or resignation of the existing Lord Chief Justice of Ireland the powers and duties vested in him shall devolve upon and be exercised and performed by his successor in the Office of Lord Chief Justice of Southern Ireland, and references in this Order to the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland shall be construed accordingly.

Almeric FitzRoy.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 21st day of November, 1921.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 69 of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, His Majesty is empowered by Order in Council to make such regulations as seem necessary or proper for setting in motion the Parliaments and Governments of Southern and Northern Ireland, and also for any other matter for which it seems to His Majesty necessary or proper to make provision for the purpose of bringing the Act into full operation or for giving full effect to any provisions of the Act:

And whereas the provisions of Section 1 of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, have been complied with:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the General Adaptation of Enactments (Northern Ireland) Order, 1921.

(2) In this Order unless the context otherwise requires:

The expression "the Act" means the Government of Ireland Act, 1920.

The expression "day of transfer" means in relation to any Irish service, the day appointed for the transfer of that service as respects Northern Ireland from the Government of the United Kingdom.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies for the purpose of the interpretation of this Order in like manner as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2.—(1) The enactments relating to or affecting Irish services shall in their application to Northern Ireland, have effect in relation to anything done on or after the day of transfer or to be done on or after that day with the modification and adaptations set out in this Order, save where inconsistent with the Act or the provisions of any subsequent Order in Council under the Act and subject as respects